

INTERNATIONAL GCSE GCSE Physics

Physics Equations Sheet

Insert

9203 GCSE PHYSICS EQUATIONS SHEET

	y volocity
$v = \frac{S}{}$	v velocity s displacement
t	
$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t}$	a acceleration
	Δv change in velocity
	t time taken
	F force
$F = m \times a$	m mass
	a acceleration
	p momentum
$p = m \times v$	m mass
	v velocity
Λn	F force
$F = \frac{\Delta p}{t}$	Δp change in momentum
l l	t time
	W weight
$W = m \times g$	m mass
	g gravitational field strength
	F force
$F = k \times e$	k spring constant
	e extension
	W work done
$W = F \times d$	F force
	d distance moved in the direction of the force
W	P power
$P = \frac{W}{M}$	\overline{W} work done
I I	t time
E	P power
$P = \frac{E}{L}$	E energy transferred
t	t time
	$E_{ m p}$ change in gravitational potential energy
$E_{p} = m \times g \times h$	m = mass
	g gravitational field strength (acceleration of free fall)
	h height
1	$E_{ m k}$ kinetic energy
$E_{k} = \frac{1}{2} \times m \times v^{2}$	m = mass
<u>Z</u>	v velocity
	$E_{ m e}$ elastic potential energy
$E_{\rm e} = \frac{1}{2} \times k \times e^2$	k spring constant
e 2 mm	e extension
	M moment of the force
$M = F \times d$	F force
174 4 110	d perpendicular distance from the line of action of the force to the pivot
<u> </u>	perpendicular distance from the line of action of the force to the pivot

$v = f \vee \lambda$	v speed f frequency		
$v - t \vee \lambda$	1 F		
$v = f \times \lambda$, ,		
	λ wavelength		
sin i	n refractive index		
$n = \frac{\sin i}{\sin r}$	i angle of incidence		
	r angle of refraction		
1	n refractive index		
$n = \phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$	c critical angle		
$magnification = \frac{image \ height}{t}$			
object height			
$E = m \times c \times \Delta \theta$	E energy		
	m mass		
	c specific heat capacity		
	$\Delta heta$ temperature change		
$E = m \times L_{V}$	E energy		
	m mass		
	$L_{ m V}$ specific latent heat of vaporisation		
	E energy		
$E = m \times L_{\rm F}$	m mass		
	$L_{ m F}$ specific latent heat of fusion		
efficiency = $\frac{\text{useful energy out}}{\text{useful energy out}}$ (×100%)			
total energy in			
£.1			
efficiency = $\frac{\text{useful power out}}{\text{useful power out}}$ (×100%)			
total power	er in		
0	I current		
$I = \frac{Q}{t}$	Q charge flow		
	t time		
$V = \frac{E}{Q}$ $V = I \times R$	V potential difference		
	E energy transferred		
	Q charge		
	1		
$P=I\times V$	·		
	P		
	3.		
$E(kW h) = P(kW) \times t(h)$			
	t time		
$P = I \times V$ $E(kW h) = P(kW) \times t(h)$	J.		

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$\frac{V_{\rm p}}{V_{\rm s}} = \frac{n_{\rm p}}{n_{\rm s}}$	$V_{ m p}$ potential difference across the primary coil $V_{ m s}$ potential difference across the secondary coil $n_{ m p}$ number of turns on the primary coil $n_{ m s}$ number of turns on the secondary coil
$V_{\mathrm{p}} \times I_{\mathrm{p}} = V_{\mathrm{s}} \times I_{\mathrm{s}}$	$\begin{array}{ll} V_{\rm p} & \text{potential difference across the primary coil} \\ I_{\rm p} & \text{current in the primary coil} \\ V_{\rm s} & \text{potential difference across the secondary coil} \\ I_{\rm s} & \text{current in the secondary coil} \end{array}$