

Calorimetry

Mark Scheme

Level	International A Level
Subject	Chemistry
Exam Board	Edexcel
Topic	The Core Principles of Chemistry
Sub Topic	Calorimetry
Booklet	Mark Scheme

Time Allowed: 75 minutes

Score: /62

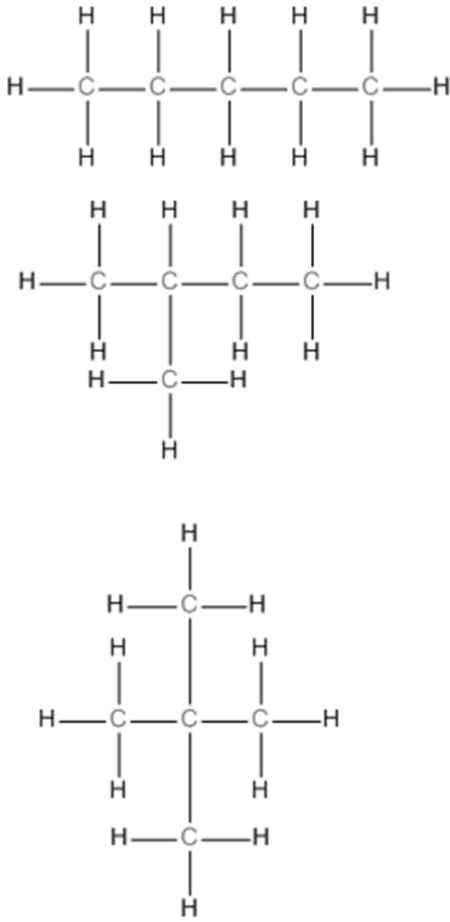
Percentage: /100

Grade Boundaries:

A*	A	B	C	D	E	U
>85%	77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
1	B		1
	Incorrect Answers: A – The change is not to the extrapolated peak C - The change starts at zero and not 20 and goes to only the observed peak D- The change starts at zero and not 20		

Question Number	Correct Answer	Mark
2	A	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3(a)	 <p>All 3 correct (2) Any 2 correct (1)</p> <p>ALLOW CH₃ groups</p> <p>If no other marks are scored, ALLOW 3 correct isomers as structural, skeletal or any other combination of formulae except molecular for (1) mark</p> <p>IGNORE bond angles and bond lengths</p> <p>IGNORE structural or skeletal formulae in addition to displayed formulae / names, even if incorrect</p> <p>If 4 or more isomers drawn, max 1</p>	<p>Missing H once only</p> <p>Only structural or skeletal formulae once only</p>	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3(b)(i)	(Free) radical (1)	Heterolytic /electrophilic /nucleophilic	2
	Substitution (1)		
	IGNORE homolytic fission/ initiation / propagation /termination		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3(b)(ii)	$C_5H_{12} + Cl\cdot \rightarrow C_5H_{11}\cdot + HCl$ (1)	Missing dots once only in (b)(ii) and (b)(iii) Additional incorrect equations once only Formation of $H\cdot$ scores (0) overall	2
	$C_5H_{11}\cdot + Cl_2 \rightarrow C_5H_{11}Cl + Cl\cdot$ (1)		
	ALLOW equations in either order / displayed formulae / structural formulae		
	NO TE on incorrect free radical		
	IGNORE size and position of dot / any type of curly arrows		

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3(b)(iii)	Any one from	Additional incorrect equation	1
	$Cl\cdot + Cl\cdot \rightarrow Cl_2$		
	$Cl\cdot + C_5H_{11}\cdot \rightarrow C_5H_{11}Cl$		
	$C_5H_{11}\cdot + C_5H_{11}\cdot \rightarrow C_{10}H_{22}$		
	IGNORE any type of curly arrows		


Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3(c)(i)	<p>Correct answer with or without working scores the mark</p> <p>$100.0 \times 4.18 \times 14.5 (= 6061 \text{ J})$ $= 6.061/6.06/6.1 \text{ (kJ)}$</p> <p>ALLOW 6061 J</p> <p>IGNORE sign (+/-) / kJ mol⁻¹</p>	6 / 6061 (kJ)	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Mark
3(c)(ii)	<p>Correct answer with or without working scores the mark</p> <p>number of moles = $\frac{0.144}{72} = 0.002 / 2 \times 10^{-3}$</p> <p>ALLOW correct working with no answer written</p>	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3(c)(iii)	<p>Correct answer with or without working scores both marks</p> <p>enthalpy change of combustion = <u>answer to (c)(i)</u> answer to (c)(ii)</p> <p>= -3030.5/-3031 kJ mol⁻¹</p> <p>Or $-3030500/-3.0305 \times 10^6/-3031000/-3.031 \times 10^6$ J mol⁻¹</p> <p>Correct number (1)</p> <p>Correct sign and units consistent with number (1)</p> <p>Mark independently</p> <p>ALLOW $-3030/-3050 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ and equivalent answers in J mol⁻¹ score both marks</p> <p>ALLOW units as kJ/mol or $\frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}}$ or J/mol or $\frac{\text{J}}{\text{mol}}$</p> <p>IGNORE SF except 1SF ALLOW TE from (c)(i) and (c)(ii)</p>	<p>Incorrect unit e.g. kJ/mol⁻¹ or kJ mol⁻</p>	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3(c)(iv)	<p>First mark Incomplete combustion</p> <p>ALLOW incomplete reaction (1)</p> <p>IGNORE not enough oxygen / not all the fuel has reacted</p> <p>Second mark Evaporation of the alkane / fuel / reactant / compound</p> <p>ALLOW alkane is volatile / heat capacity of/heat absorbed by container/apparatus was not included (1)</p> <p>IGNORE Heat loss to the surroundings / Not measured at standard conditions / Mention of heat capacity/density of water / Evaporation of water / Error in thermometer/balance / Alkane is impure</p> <p>If average bond enthalpies is mentioned, max (1)</p>		2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3(c)(v)	<p>The experimental errors are greater than the differences in the Data Book values</p> <p>OR</p> <p>The experimental value is much lower than all the Data Book values/ the Data Book values are all much more exothermic than the experimental value</p> <p>ALLOW The three Data Book values are (too) close together</p> <p>IGNORE Answer to (c)(iii)/ experimental value is very different to the Data Book values</p>	Average bond enthalpies	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3(d)	$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{12}(\text{l}) + 8\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 5\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$  $5\text{C}(\text{s, graphite}) + 6\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + 8\text{O}_2(\text{g})$ <p>Cycle 2 marks $5\text{C}(\text{s, graphite}) + 6\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + 8\text{O}_2(\text{g})$ OR $5\text{C}(\text{s}) + 6\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + 8\text{O}_2(\text{g})$</p> <p>Correct species, multiples and all state symbols needed (1)</p> <p>Both arrows upwards</p> <p>ALLOW two arrows from elements to products of combustion /downward arrows provided they are labelled with correct value or symbol (1)</p> <p>IGNORE additional curved arrows as part of working</p> <p>Calculation 2 marks Mark independently of arrows on cycle</p> <p>Correct answer with or without working scores both marks</p> $\Delta H_c = (5x - 393.5) + (6x - 285.8) - (-173.2) \quad (1)$ $= -3509.1 / -3509 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)} \quad (1)$ <p>IGNORE kJ as unit</p> <p>ALLOW TE from incorrect multiple of C and H₂</p>	<p>Other incorrect unit</p>	4

(Total for Question 3 = 18 marks)

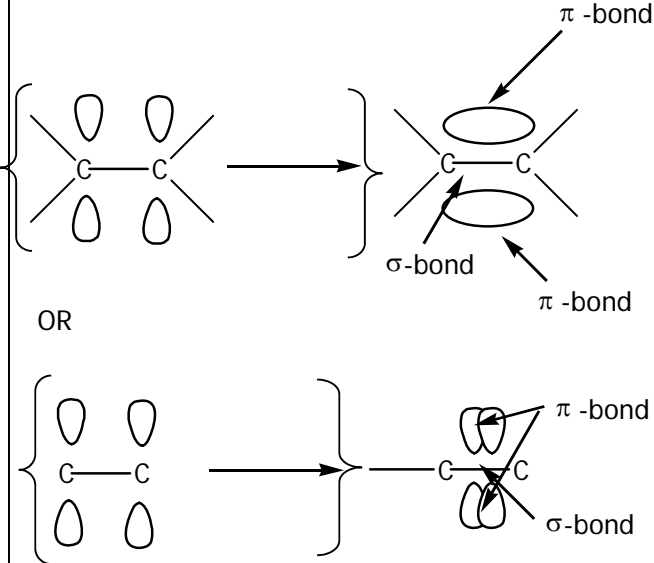
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(a)	<p>1st mark – idea of moles / amounts specified</p> <p>(Enthalpy change when) the number of moles of reactants</p> <p>ALLOW (Enthalpy change when) the number of moles of products or substances / just molar quantities / just amounts / just moles</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>2nd mark – idea of an equation</p> <p>(react as specified in the balanced) equation</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>IGNORE references to (standard) conditions / just 'enthalpy change that occurs during a reaction'</p>	'One mole of reactants' / 'One mole of products' for 1st mark	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(b)(i)	<p>(Heat energy absorbed = $100 \times 4.2 \times 5.5 =$) 2310 (J)</p> <p>ALLOW 2.3(10) kJ IGNORE sign and sf except one sf</p>		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(b)(ii)	<p>(Moles $\text{NH}_4\text{CNS} = \frac{15.22}{76.1} =$) 0.2(00) (mol)</p> <p>IGNORE sf</p> <p>ALLOW $M_r = 76$ for NH_4CNS to give 0.200(3) (mol)</p>		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(b)(iii)	$\Delta H_{\text{reaction}} = \frac{+2.3(10)}{0.2(00)} \times 2 = +23.1 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ $= +23 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{) to 2 sf}$ <p>First mark – correct computation of $\Delta H_{\text{reaction}}$:</p> <p>2 x [answer to (b)(i) in kJ \div answer to (b)(ii) in mol] (1)</p> <p>Second mark – stand alone, for correct rounding:</p> <p>A final answer to two sf (1)</p> <p>Third mark – stand alone, for giving a + sign for endothermic reaction:</p> <p>+ sign in front of final answer (1)</p> <p>NOTE: +12 (kJ mol⁻¹) scores (2) (i.e. the 2nd and 3rd marks)</p>	Incorrect units given by the candidate (no 3 rd scoring point)	3

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(c)(i)	<p>(Average amount of) energy/enthalpy required to break one mole of (covalent) bonds</p> <p>ALLOW Energy change/enthalpy change to break one mole of (covalent) bonds (1)</p> <p>(in the) gas / gaseous (state) (1)</p>	<p>Energy/enthalpy released OR 'Bonds formed/made' OR 1 mol of compound for 1st mark</p>	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(c)(ii)	<p>For a pi/π-bond: Sideways overlap of p-orbitals / overlap of p-orbitals above and below stated or drawn on a diagram (1)</p> <p>For a sigma/σ-bond: Head-on overlap of any orbitals, stated or drawn on a diagram (1)</p> <p>MAX (1) if it is not specified/clear which type of overlap relates to which type of bond</p> <p>IGNORE Incorrect diagram</p> <p>NOTE JUST 1st diagram below scores (1) whereas JUST 2nd diagram below scores (2)</p>  <p>OR</p> <p>NOTE: For the σ-bond, allow any form of 'end-on' overlap of orbitals</p> <p>MAX (1) if only an UNLABELLED but otherwise correct diagram is given (ie also no words)</p>		2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(c)(iii)	<p>π-bond is weak(er) OR σ-bond is strong(er) OR The sideways overlap is less effective than the head-on overlap</p> <p>ALLOW The two bonds in the (C=C) double bond are not the same strength IGNORE References to C=C bond more reactive than C-C bond / 'restricted rotation'</p>	<p>π-bond is stronger than the σ-bond OR C=C bond weaker than C-C bond</p>	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(c)(iv)	<p>[FIRST, check the answer on the answer line IF answer = -1936 (kJ mol⁻¹) award (3) marks; +1936 (kJ mol⁻¹) scores (2)]</p> <p>Bonds broken (6 x (C-H) = 6 x 413 + 1 x (C-C) = 1 x 347 + 1 x (C=C) = 1 x 612 + 4½ x (O=O) = 4½ x 498 =) (+)5678 (1)</p> <p>Bonds made (6 x (C=O) = 6 x -805 + 6 x (O-H) = 6 x -464 =) (-)7614 (1)</p> <p>$\Delta H_{\text{reaction}} = \text{bonds broken} + \text{bonds made}$ = (+)5678 + (-)7614 = -1936 (kJ mol⁻¹) (1)</p> <p>NOTE 3rd mark CQ on answers calculated for bonds broken and bonds made</p>		3

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(c)*(v)	<p>Under standard conditions/298 K water is a liquid</p> <p>OR</p> <p>(Calculations involving) bond energies refer to (water in) gaseous state (1)</p> <p>Energy released/given out on changing from gas to liquid</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Energy absorbed/taken in on changing from liquid to gas (1)</p> <p>ALLOW max (1) if state that 'bond energies are average values (from a range of compounds)'</p> <p>IGNORE</p> <p>References to 'heat losses' / 'incomplete combustion'</p>		2

(Total for Question 4 = 17 marks)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
5(a)(i)	Alkane(s) IGNORE Any references to 'branched' / 'aliphatic' / 'hydrocarbons'		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
5(a)(ii)	2,3- di methyloctane IGNORE Incorrect or missing punctuation		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
5(a)(iii)	<p>mark: (Isomers) A and C (1)</p> <p>NOTE If no isomers or isomers other than A & C have been chosen, then award one mark max providing both 2nd and 3rd marking points are evident.</p> <p>2nd mark: (They/A and C) have the same molecular formula / C₁₀H₂₂ / same number of C and H (atoms) (1)</p> <p>3rd mark: (They/A and C) have different structural formulae/displayed formulae / skeletal formulae / different structures/different arrangement of atoms IGNORE Any references to 'in space' / 'spatial' Any references to names Any references to general formulae (1)</p>	'Different chemical formulae'	3

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
5(a)(iv)	$C_{12}H_{24}$ 1st mark: C_{12} (1) 2nd mark: H_{24} (1)		2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
5(b)(i)	OR B ALLOW lower case letters IGNORE any names or formulae		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
5(b)(ii)	OR D ALLOW lower case letters IGNORE any names or formulae		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
5(c)	Any one of: (It improves engine performance by) Promoting efficient combustion OR Allowing smoother burning OR Increasing octane number OR Reduces knocking / prevents knocking OR Pre-ignition being less likely OR Being (more) efficient (fuels) OR Better burning / fuels easier to burn OR Combusting more easily OR Improving combustion / complete combustion OR Burns more cleanly OR More miles per gallon IGNORE any references to energy density / boiling temperature / volatility		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
5(d)	<p>[FIRST, check the answer on the answer line IF answer = 48000 (kJ kg⁻¹) award (3) marks]</p> <p>1st two marks</p> <p>$\frac{1000}{170}$ (1) x 8086 (1)</p> <p>OR</p> <p>$\frac{8086}{170}$ (1) x 1000 (1)</p> <p>NOTE: second mark in both cases dependent on first mark unless one minor transcription error in first mark e.g. use of 110 rather than 170</p> <p>3rd mark = 47564.70588 = 48000 (1)</p> <p>Answer must be to 2 sf Ignore signs and / or incorrect units at any stage</p> <p>48 scores (2) 47.56 scores (1) 1374.6 scores (0) even if rounded to 2SF</p>		3

(Total for Question 5 = 13 marks)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(a)	200 / 2×10^2 (ppm)		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(b)(i)	$\text{CH}_3\text{OH}(\text{l}) + 3/2\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$ Formulae (1) Balancing and state symbols (1) Allow multiples 2 nd mark dependent on 1st	$\text{CH}_3\text{OH}(\text{aq}) / (\text{g}) / 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(b)(ii)	Carbon / C / soot AND carbon monoxide / CO Both needed	Graphite	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(c)(i)	$(150 \times 4.18 \times 15.8) = 9906.6 / 9907 / 9910$ (J) / 9.9066 kJ Ignore sf except 1 sf / Ignore signs here	kJ mol^{-1}	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(c)(ii)	$(0.64/32) = 0.02(00)$ (mol)		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(c)(iii)	$(9.9066/0.0200) = 495.33$ $\Delta H = -495$ (kJ mol^{-1}) Value (1) Sign and 3sf (1) Allow TE from (c)(i) and / or (c)(ii) (answer to (c)(i) in kJ/ answer to (c)(ii)) No 2 nd mark if units given are incorrect e.g. kJ mol or kJ/mol^{-1}		2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(c)(iv)	<p>Mark the two points independently</p> <p>1st mark: Evaporation of alcohol (from burner) / alcohol is volatile / CH_3OH is volatile</p> <p>ALLOW H_2O forms as steam, not water</p> <p>IGNORE Water evaporates (from apparatus) (1)</p> <p>2nd mark:</p> <p>(Actual) mass/moles (methanol) burned is less and (so) enthalpy change will be less negative/less exothermic / less / smaller</p> <p>OR Estimate of mass/moles (methanol) burned is too high and (so) enthalpy change will be less negative/less exothermic / less / smaller</p> <p>OR Temperature rise will be less than it should be and (so) enthalpy change will be less negative/less exothermic / less / smaller (1)</p> <p>IGNORE Any mention of specific heat capacity</p>	<p>Weighing errors / Other equipment errors (eg distance between calorimeter and spirit burner)</p> <p>Any answers that suggest lab value more exothermic / greater value of enthalpy change</p>	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(d)	<p>Mark each point independently</p> <p>1st mark:</p> <p>ANY ONE OF:</p> <p>Bond enthalpies vary with environment</p> <p>Mean bond enthalpies do not equal actual bond enthalpies (for these reactants) / mean bond enthalpies are not exact values</p> <p>Bond enthalpies used are average values (from a range of compounds)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1)</p> <p>2nd mark:</p> <p>ANY ONE OF:</p> <p>Bond enthalpies refer to gases</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Bond enthalpies refer to gaseous bonds</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Methanol is a liquid</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Water is a liquid (under standard conditions)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1)</p> <p>IGNORE References to 'non-standard conditions' / 'incomplete combustion' / 'not in same state'</p>		2

Total for Question 6 = 12 marks