Human Influences on Ecosystems

Mark Scheme 1

| Level | IGCSE |
|------------|--------------------------------|
| Subject | Biology |
| Exam Board | CIE |
| Topic | Human Influences on Ecosystems |
| Paper Type | (Extended) Theory Paper |
| Booklet | Mark Scheme 1 |

Time Allowed: 58 minutes

Score: /48

Percentage: /100

| 1 (a (i) | vertical axis – numbers/population; horizontal axis – time/years; curve showing exponential increase/log phase; | [3] | I lag phase/curve starting at origin |
|----------|--|---------|--|
| (ii) | <pre>idea that 'birth'/reproduction/breeding, rate is greater than death rate; no limiting factors; no/little, competition; plenty, of food/nutrients/space/mates/oxygen/resources; no/few, predators; no/few, parasites/pathogens/disease; AVP; e.g. no/little, pollution/waste products/toxins</pre> | [max 4] | I definitions of exponential growth |
| (b) | between 1950 and 2012 mass of fish caught increased and levels off; 17 to 90 million tonnes/increase = 73 million tonnes; fluctuations/increases and decreases/described; e.g. around 1970/any time after 1990; maximum catch, 94 million tonnes/in 1996; steep increase between, 1950–1970/1973–1989; | [max 3] | units must be used at least once A 16 to 18/increase of 72 to 74 mp4 cannot be awarded without mp3 |

| Question | | Mark | Guidance |
|--------------|--|---------|--|
| 1 (c) | answers can refer to seas, lakes and/or rivers | | |
| | international, agreements/treaties; | | A set maximum mass/number/amount/ |
| | quotas/permits/licenses; | | quantity A 'ban unauthorised fishing' |
| | fines/sanctions, for, overfishing/illegal/unauthorised, fishing; fishery protection vessels/wardens/patrols/AW; | | A consequences other than fines |
| | restrictions on times when fishing can occur; | | A not in breeding season |
| | exclusion zones/nursery zones/'no take' zones/reserves; | | A descriptions or examples |
| | total ban for some species ; | | A named examples |
| | regulations on method of fishing; e.g. mesh size of nets/ban nets/use of lines instead/size of fishing vessel/'fishing effort' | | I ban on all wild fish |
| | education/raise awareness/any example; | | |
| | monitoring fish stocks; | | |
| | captive breeding (of wild fish); re-stocking (of wild stocks); | | |
| | encourage farmed fish ; e.g. provide subsidies | | |
| | AVP; e.g. tax on wild fish/increase the cost of wild fish | [max 6] | |

| Question | | Mark | Guidance |
|--------------|--|-------------|-------------------|
| 1 (d) | definition of sustainable resource | | |
| | renewable/self-renewing/regenerates/described; e.g. produced as rapidly as it is removed | | I reused/recycled |
| | resource, does not/will not, run out/become exhausted; | | |
| | replanting/reseeding/regrowing; | | |
| | AVP ; e.g. pollarding/coppicing/leaving mature trees | [max 3] | |
| | | [Total: 19] | |

| Question | | Mark | Guidance |
|--------------|---|---------|---|
| 2 (a) | timber/paper, manufacture/AW; firewood; | | A wood unqualified A fuel |
| | clearance for agriculture; urbanisation/roads/housing/factories/industry/leisure developments; extraction of minerals/for other natural resources; | [max 3] | |
| (b) (i) | 118545 - 90883 = 27662 <u>27662</u> × 100 118545 ; | | |
| | 23.3(3459); 23 (%); | [3] | |
| (ii) | Indonesia has lost the most forest ora ; 9% (8.7%) compared with 23% in Indonesia; | | A14% more in Indonesia ecf from (b)(i) |
| | Indonesian forest has continued to be lost, whereas loss in Malaysia has slowed between 2005 and 2010; comparative use of figures with units; | [max 3] | |
| (iii) | planted forest, has one (dominant) species/is a monoculture; loss of biodiversity; qualification of biodiversity loss; | | e.g. habitats/example/extinction of a species I homes / organisms die |
| | (plantation) susceptible to pest/disease; nutrients removed/soils become infertile; ref to alien/foreign/invasive/non-indigenous species; AVP; e.g. vegetation is removed/lower canopy/all immature | [max 3] | A use of chemicals |

| Question | | Mark | Guidance |
|------------------|--|-------------|---|
| ² (c) | roots die so do not bind the soil; loss of soil/soil erosion; silting of rivers; reduced (soil) fertility; no trees to absorb the water; increased risk of flooding; increased rate of evaporation/land is exposed to drying; desertification/decreased soil water; loss of, habitat/places where organisms live/described; disruption to food chain/described; endangered/extinction, of species or loss of biodiversity; AVP; named example of affected 'land' organism in context/removed trees cause nutrient cycling disruption/lack of decomposition | [max 6] | A landslides A loss of, minerals/ions/nutrients A mudslides A drought/decreased rainfall I home I organisms die |
| | | [Total: 18] | |

| Question | Expected Answers | | | | | Marks | Additional Guidance |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|--|---------|---|
| 3 (a) | | Triticum aestivum | |) | | | 5/6 right = 3 |
| | | Solanum tuberosum | G | ; | | | 3/4 right = 2 1/2 right = 1 |
| | | Glycine max | C | ; | | | 0 right = 0 |
| | | Manihot esculenta | F | | | | |
| | | Ipomoea batatas | В | 3 | | | |
| | | Zea mays | Δ | \ | | | |
| | | Oryza sativa | Е | • | | [0] | |
| | | | l | 1 | 1 | max [3] | |
| (b) | | general features: | | monocotyledon features: | | | Mark answers in context of either general |
| | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | leaf, width/shape; leaf connection to stem/AW number of (named) flower p number of, cotyledons/seed leaves; type of root; pattern of vascular bundles presence/absence of cambium/AW; | AW; sheatl flower seed one confibrous scatte | | eaves; no petiole; arts in multiples of 3; ledon/seed leaf; bots; d vascular bundles; bium/woody tissue; | max [1] | features (first column) or referring to monocotyledonous plants (second column) |

| Question | | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
|----------|--------------------------------------|--|------------|---|
| (c) (i) | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | increase in (soil) water/flooding/waterlogging; decrease in (soil) water/desertification; soil erosion; loss of, habitat/places where organisms live; disruption to food chain; endangered/extinction, of species or loss of biodiversity; AVP; e.g. example of named soil organism in context of a function of a soil ecosystem | max [4] | A landslides/reduced soil volume loss of nutrients/reduced nutrient cycling |
| (ii) | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | collecting/sorting (of paper); shredding/AW; adding water to make, pulp/paste; cleaned/de-inked/AW; bleached; rinsed; pressed/rolled/flattened/dried, into sheets; any named product made from recycled paper; e.g. low quality paper/toilet paper/newspaper | max [3] | |
| | | | [Total:11] | |