Transport in Animals

Mark Scheme 4

Level	IGCSE
Subject	Biology
Exam Board	CIE
Topic	Transport in Animals
Paper Type	(Extended) Theory Paper
Booklet	Mark Scheme 4

Time Allowed: 68 minutes

Score: /56

Percentage: /100

Question	E Answers	Marks	Guidance
1 (a) (i)	<u>diffusion</u> ;		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	used in (aerobic) respiration;	[2]	
(ii)	any two from		NB 2 substances required for one mark.
	water		R sugar unqualified
	glucose / simple sugars / named		A protein
	amino acids		
	salts / ions / named ion / minerals		
	vitamins		
	AVP e.g. vitamins	[1]	
(iii)	any two from		NB 2 substances required for one mark.
` ,	carbon dioxide		R sugar / waste unqualified
	water		A metabolic waste / glucose
	protein / amino acids / hormone / named hormone / enzyme		
	urea		
	lactic acid		
	AVP e.g. vitamins	[1]	
(b)	D pores / holes / gaps in capillary wall / AW;		NB
` ,	E allows filtration /movement of small molecules (between blood and		Descriptor(D) must be linked to an
	tissue fluid);		Explanation(E) for 2 marks
	, ,		D alone can gain a point
	D thin wall / wall is one cell thick / thin lining;		E alone cannot score
	E short diffusion distance / AW;		1 + 1 and 1 + 1
	D small / thin / narrow / AW ;		R capillary one cell thick
	E blood moves slowly (for exchange) / more cells <i>or</i> blood close to		
	wall;		
	D large numbers of capillaries /capillary bed;		
	E provide large surface area;	[2 + 2]	
(c) (i)	lymph (vessel);		not lymphatic system or node
- , , ,		[1]	IGNORE lacteal
(ii)	squeezed by muscles / AW ;		R valves unqualified
` ,	valves, ensure one-way flow / prevent backflow;		·
	passive not pumped;	[max 1]	
		Total: 10]	

Question	E	Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
² (a)	muscles / surrounding tissues, contract / squeeze, vessels; valves, prevent backflow / ensure one way flow; ref. to breathing (lowering pressure in chest);			
(b)	1 2 3 4 5	fat / fatty acids (and glycerol), absorbed (in ileum); ref. to making fat water soluble; fat enters lacteals; lacteals, empty into lymph vessels / are part of lymphatic system; AVP; e.g. transport of fat in lymph may reduce risk of plaque arteries	[max 2]	other possible AVP <i>idea that</i> not overloading blood with fat / by-passes the liver / goes to adipose tissue first
(c) (i)	mito	osis;	[1]	
(ii)	antil	antibody;		
(iii)	ref. to antibodies in context of, immobilising / 'marking' / agglutinating, bacteria; phagocytosis (by cell R); (bacteria) ingested / engulfed; into a, vacuole / vesicle; digested / broken down; by, enzymes / acid;		[max 3]	A any alternative wording for effect on bacteria A cell R is a phagocyte I 'killed' / destroyed (in question) unless qualified

Question	Е	Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2 (d)	1 2 3 4 5	positive correlation; more antibiotics used, more bacteria are resistant; variation between countries at each dosage; data quote 1; data quote 2; e. countries with antibiotic use of <1%, less than 10% bacteria are resistant countries with antibiotic use of 3(+)%, more than 40% bacteria are resistant variation – e.g. some countries at 2.5%, with 4.5% and 32.5%	[max 3]	data quotes must have figure (or range) for use of antibiotics and % resistance
(e)		accept ora		
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	bacteria are resistant to some antibiotic; ref. to selection; result of overuse; some are specific; some antibiotics used for rare disease(s); some only used as last resort; have (many / unpleasant) side-effects / harmful / cause allergy; too expensive; cannot be used on children; AVP; ref. to other uses, e.g. on animals	[max 3]	R people become, immune / resistant
		Γ	Гotal: 15]	

Question	E	Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3 (a)	 A – hair; B – (temperature) receptor; A (sensory) nerve ending C – sweat gland; D – fat (cell); 		[4]	R follicle A neuron R nerve A fat layer / fat tissue / adipose / lipid R 'fat droplet'
(b)	1 2 3 4 5 6	marking points are linked 1 + 2, etc. hair / A raises hair + traps air; A ORA air is (good) insulator; temperature receptor / B detects change in temperature; impulses to the, CNS / brain / spinal cord; sweat gland / C secretes / produces, sweat + evaporates from surface of skin; ORA heat lost from the body / blood cooled / AW; ORA		 NB if structures in (a) labelled incorrectly allow ecf if structure is not on the mark scheme, but correct and appropriate function is given, allow one mark (ecf) (BUT if unqualified letters are used must link to what is given in (a)) e.g. D is an artery/blood vessel in (a) - ★ D vasodilates if too hot in (b) - ★ R 'signals/messages' in MP 4
	7	fat / D insulator ;	[max 4]	

Question	1	Е	Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3 (c)			mark (i) and (ii) together to max 5		
((i)	1 2 3 4	(vaso)constriction; shunt / AW, opens; less blood flows through the <u>capillaries</u> ; blood diverted away from, skin / surface;		R vasoconstriction of veins/capillaries Do not accept 'capillaries move away' / AW or ref to muscles in capillaries
(ii)	5	idea that blood distributes heat;		
		6 7 8	less heat loss by radiation; by convection; accept by conduction (to the air);	[max 5]	
(d)		2 3 4	change in, body / skin, temperature; acts as a stimulus; to keep temperature, constant / at 37 °C / within limits / near set point / at the norm / AW; corrective / opposite / AW, action by the body; e.g. qualified ref to sweating / vasodilation vasoconstriction / AW;	[max 3]	I ref. to external temperature changes A correct ref. to homeostasis the example needs to show how it brings about the corrective action
			[Total: 16]	

(a	(i)	gut / alimentary canal / oesophagus / small intestine / ileum / duodenum / large (A big) intestine / colon / rectum / intestine / AW; stomach	[1]
	(ii)	hepatic portal vein; A hephatic R HPV	[1]
(b)	(i)	<pre>answers may be in space below question A - nucleus; B - cell / plasma, membrane; A plasmalemma C - cytoplasm;</pre>	[3]
	(ii)	award two marks if correct answer (between 1983 – 2017) is given, ignore units award one mark if incorrect measurement is divided by 0.06 allow +/- 1 mm in reading the line 120 (mm) / 0.06 (mm) 12 (cm) / 0.006 (cm) 2000 :: A 1983 – 2017	[2]
		(ii) (b) (i)	 (ii) hepatic portal vein; A hephatic R HPV (b) (i) answers may be in space below question A – nucleus; B – cell / plasma, membrane; A plasmalemma C – cytoplasm; (ii) award two marks if correct answer (between 1983 – 2017) is given, ignore units award one mark if incorrect measurement is divided by 0.06 allow +/- 1 mm in reading the line

award in either section (c) 4 ref to enzymes (within liver cells); 1 2 ref to negative feedback / homeostasis; A 'concentration returns to normal' / 'reduces glucose level' / AW penalise once if insulin / glucagon are described as acting like enzymes -MP5/7 ignore incorrect source of hormone(s) penalise once if starch is given instead of glycogen and if glycogen is misspelt blood glucose concentration is higher than normal insulin; glucose, enters / diffuses into / goes into / absorbed (by liver / cells); (liver cells) store glucose as glycogen / convert glucose to glycogen; A increase respiration / increase metabolism of glucose / storage of fat / AW blood glucose concentration is lower than normal 6 glucagon; 7 (liver cells) convert / break down, glycogen to form glucose; glucose, goes out of cells / enters the blood; [5 max] (d) makes (named) protein / protein synthesis / forms peptide bonds / are 1 assimilated: 2 (excess are) broken down / deaminated; removal of, amino group / -NH₂ / nitrogen-containing part; **R** nitrogen 3 unqualified 4 (to form) ammonia; converted to urea; A amino acids are, broken down / converted, to urea rest of molecule (A carbohydrate), is respired / used to provide energy / stored: transamination / described; 7 [3 max]

[Total: 15]