# Characteristics and Classification of Living Organisms

# **Question Paper 2**

| Level      | IGCSE  |
|------------|--|
| Subject    | Biology  |
| Exam Board | CIE  |
| Topic      | Characteristics and Classification of Living Organisms |
| Sub-Topic  |  |
| Paper Type | Alternative to Practical                               |
| Booklet    | Question Paper 2                                       |

Time Allowed: 56 minutes

Score: /46

Percentage: /100

Fig. 2.1 shows a fresh seed of broad bean, Vicia faba, which has been cut in half.

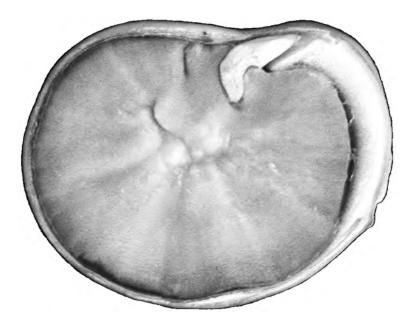


Fig. 2.1

(a) (i) Make a large, labelled drawing of the cut surface of the seed.

| (ii) | Measure the length of the seed in Fig. 2.1 and in your drawing.                 |
|------|---|
|      | Indicate on Fig. 2.1 where the measurement was taken.                           |
|      | length of seed in Fig. 2.1  |
|      | length of seed in your drawing  |
|      | Calculate the magnification of your drawing.                                    |
|      | Show your working.  |
|      |   |
|      |   |
|      |   |
|      | magnification [3]   |
| (b)  | The broad bean is an example of a legume. Legumes are a good source of protein. |
|      | Describe how you would compare the protein content of two different beans.      |
|      |   |
|      |   |
|      |   |
|      |   |
|      |   |
|      |   |
|      |   |
|      | [4]   |
|      | total [13]  |

**2** Fig. 2.1 shows two halves of a fresh strawberry fruit. This is a false fruit as the edible part has developed from a swollen receptacle and the seeds are found in structures called achenes on the surface of the strawberry.

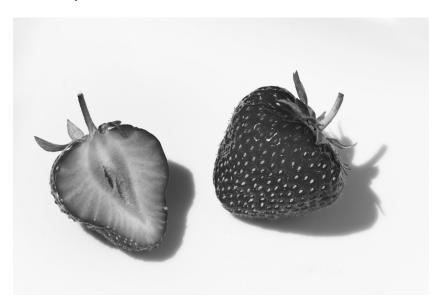


Fig. 2.1

(a) (i) Make a large, labelled drawing of this fruit to show the cut surface. Make a second large, labelled drawing to show the outer surface. The second drawing should show the arrangement of the seeds.

cut surface out surface

|     | (ii) | Suggest how the fruit may be dispersed to spread the seeds to new areas.             |       |
|-----|------|--|-------|
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  |       |
| (b) | (i)  | Describe how you would safely test this fruit to show the presence of reducing sugar |       |
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  |       |
|     | /::\ |  | [4]   |
|     | (ii) | Describe how you would test this fruit to show the presence of protein.              |       |
|     |      |  | ••••• |
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  |       |
|     |      |  | [2]   |

(c) Fig. 2.2 shows two different strawberry fruits, **S** and **T**, from species of strawberry plants that grow in different habitats.

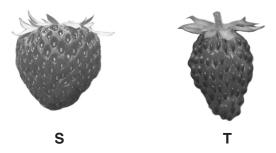


Fig. 2.2

| (i)  | Describe <b>two similarities</b> , visible in Fig. 2.2, between the two fruits.                      |  |  |
|------|--|--|--|
|      |  |  |  |
|      |  |  |  |
|      |  |  |  |
|      |  |  |  |
|      | [2]  |  |  |
| (ii) | Complete Table 2.1 to describe <b>two differences</b> , visible in Fig. 2.2, between the two fruits. |  |  |

Table 2.1

| feature | S | Т |
|---------|---|---|
| seeds   |   |   |
| shape   |   |   |

[2]

[Total: 17]

3 Fig. 2.1 is a photograph of a dandelion fruit.



Fig. 2.1

(a) Make a large drawing of the fruit in the space below.

Add labels to show:

- where the fruit was attached to the plant,
- the position of the seed.

| (b) | (i)  | Measure the length of the fruit in Fig. 2.1 and draw a straight line next to yo drawing to show this length. | ur  |
|-----|------|--|-----|
|     |      | length of fruit in Fig. 2.1  |     |
|     |      | length of fruit in your drawing  | [2] |
|     | (ii) | Calculate the magnification of your drawing.   |     |
|     |      | Show your working.   |     |
|     |      |  |     |
|     |      |  |     |
|     |      |  |     |
|     |      |  |     |
|     |      |  |     |
|     |      |  |     |
|     |      | ·r· (·   | .01 |
|     |      | magnification  | [2] |

(c) Fig. 2.2 shows a fruit which has been kept in a dry environment for one day.

Fig. 2.3 shows a fruit which has been kept in a **damp** environment for one day.





Fig. 2.2

Fig. 2.3

(i) Complete the table below to show one visible difference between the two dandelion fruits.

| feature | dry fruit shown in<br>Fig. 2.2 | damp fruit shown in<br>Fig. 2.3 |
|---------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|         |                                |                                 |
|         |                                |                                 |

| (ii) | Suggest and explain how changing weather conditions would: |
|------|--|
|      | help disperse the fruits away from the parent plant,       |
|      | allow them to germinate in a new habitat.                  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      | [5]  |
|      | [5]  |
|      | [Total: 16]  |