## www.igexams.com

## Thermal Properties and Temperature Mark Scheme 6

| Level | IGCSE |
| :--- | :--- |
| Subject | Physics |
| ExamBoard | CIE |
| Topic | Thermal Physics |
| Sub-Topic | Thermal Properties and Temperature |
| Paper Type | (Extended) Theory Paper |
| Booklet | Mark Scheme 6 |


| Time Allowed: | 41 minutes |
| :--- | :--- |
| Score: | $/ 34$ |
| Percentage: | $/ 100$ |

## www.igexams.com

1 (a (i) conduction ..... B1
(ii) molecules at hot end vibrate more/have high/more energyOR knocked by molecules/free electrons at hot end have more energyB1energy/vibration transferred to neighbours/sharedOR (energetic) electrons move along rodB1
(b) copper is a better conductor OR iron is a poorer conductor(ignore electrical)
(c) iron conducts heat slowly OR poor conduction by iron sideways from flame ..... B1
above gauze: flame retains its energy OR gas hot enough to burn ..... B1
copper conducts heat rapidly OR good conduction by copper sideways from flame ..... B1
above gauze: gas not incandescent above gauze OR gas not hot enough to burn ..... B1
2 (a heat/energy to raise/change temperature ..... M1
of $1 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{unit}$ mass through $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1 \mathrm{~K} /$ unit temperature ..... A1
(b) darker colours absorb more OR lighter/shiny colours absorb less ..... B1
(ii) 1. 182 ..... B1
2. (mass of $\left.1 m^{2}=\right)$ volume $\times$ density $O R D=M / V O R(1 \times) 0.01 \times 7800$ ..... C1
78 kgA1
3. $Q=m c \theta$ ..... B1
$182=78 \times 450 \times \theta \quad$ (e.c.f. from 1,2) ..... C$0.00519^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{s}$ OR $5.19 \times 10^{-3}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{s}$ (e.c.f. from 1,2)A

## www.igexams.com

3 (a) water AND liquids expand more than solids B1
(b) steel M1
(steel) expands at same rate / has same expansion (as concrete) A1 different expansion AND cracks / breaks / damages / destroys concrete A1

4 (a EITHER copper copper constantan

OR
constantan
constantan
copper
(b) galvanometer $O R$ millivoltmeter $O R$ milliammeter $O R$ digital ammeter OR digital voltmeter
(c) rapid response small area can measure high / low temperatures small thermal capacity (idea of) remote reading large range data logging / continuous monitoring possible ) takes temperature of a surface
N.B. (very) sensitive not acceptedB1
any 1

## www.igexams.com

5 (a (quantity of) heat/energy to raise temp by $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1 \mathrm{degC} / 1 \mathrm{~K} /$ unit temp rise
(b) long time to heat up/cook ) $\begin{array}{lll}\text { long time to cool down } & \text { ) any } 1 & \text { B1 }\end{array}$ expensive to heat ) takes a lot of energy to heat up
(c) $\quad 1.8 \operatorname{deg} \mathrm{C} O R \quad 1.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad \mathrm{OR} 1.8 \mathrm{~K}$

AND 77.1 degC OR $77.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ OR 77.1K
(ii) $(\mathrm{Q}=) \mathrm{mcT}$ in any form, seen anywhere B1
$0.2 \times 4200 \times 1.8$ e.c.f. from (c) (i) C1
1512 J (minimum 2 s.f.) c.a.o. A1
(iii) $1512=0.05 \times c \times 77.1$ in any form e.c.f. from (c) (i) and/or (c) (ii) C1
$392 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{kg} \mathrm{K}$ (N.B. must be to 3 sf ; A0 for wrong s.f.) e.c.f. A1
(iv) heat lost during transfer
boiling water not at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ / reason for not boiling at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ e.g. water not pure/ not standard pressure energy lost to cup etc. / surroundings ) any 1 B1 thermometer not accurate / sensitive enough temperature / mass(es) not accurately measured

