# Thermal Properties and Temperature

#### Mark Scheme 6

Level	IGCSE
Subject	Physics
ExamBoard	CIE
Topic	Thermal Physics
Sub-Topic	Thermal Properties and Temperature
Paper Type	(Extended) Theory Paper
Booklet	Mark Scheme 6

Time Allowed: 41 minutes

Score: /34

Percentage: /100

1	(a	(i)	conduction	B1	
		(ii)	molecules at hot end vibrate more/have high/more energy OR knocked by molecules/free electrons at hot end have more energy	B1	
			energy/vibration transferred to neighbours/shared OR (energetic) electrons move along rod	B1	
	(b) copper is a better conductor OR iron is a poorer conductor (ignore electrical)				
	(c)	iror	conducts heat slowly OR poor conduction by iron sideways from flame	B1	
		abo	ove gauze: flame retains its energy OR gas hot enough to burn	В1	
		cop	oper conducts heat rapidly OR good conduction by copper sideways from flame	B1	
		abo	ove gauze: gas not incandescent above gauze OR gas not hot enough to burn	В1	
				[Total: 8]	
2	(a		nt/energy to raise/change temperature kg/g/unit mass through 1°C/1K/unit temperature	M1 A1	
	(b)		darker colours absorb more OR lighter/shiny colours absorb less	B1	
		(ii)	<ol> <li>1. 182</li> <li>2. (mass of 1m² =) volume × density OR D = M/V OR (1 ×) 0.01 × 7800 78 kg</li> <li>3. Q = mcθ         182 = 78 × 450 × θ (e.c.f. from 1,2)         0.00519 °C/s OR 5.19 × 10⁻³ °C/s (e.c.f. from 1,2)</li> </ol>	B1 C1 A1 B1 C A	
				[Total: 9]	

3	(a) water AND liquids expand more than solids			B1
	(b) steel (steel) expands at same rate / has same expansion (as concrete) different expansion AND cracks / breaks / damages / destroys concrete			
4	(a	EITHER copper copper constantan	OR constantan constantan copper	B1
	(b)	galvanometer OR OR <u>digital</u> voltmeter	millivoltmeter OR milliammeter OR digita	ammeter B1
	(c)	rapid response small area can measure high / small thermal capac remote reading large range data logging / contin takes temperature of N.B. (very) sensitive	ity (idea of) ) any 1 ) uous monitoring possible ) f a surface )	B1

[3]

5		uantity of) heat/energy to raise temp by 1 °C/1degC/1K/unit temp rise kg OR 1 g OR unit mass (Mention of change of state gets M0 A0)	M1 A1
	lor ex	ng time to heat up/cook ) ng time to cool down ) any 1 spensive to heat ) kes a lot of energy to heat up )	B1
	(c)	1.8 degC OR 1.8 °C OR 1.8 K AND 77.1 degC OR 77.1 °C OR 77.1K	B1
	(ii)	(Q =) mcT in any form, seen anywhere 0.2 × 4200 × 1.8 e.c.f. from <b>(c) (i)</b> 1512 J (minimum 2 s.f.) c.a.o.	B1 C1 A1
	(iii)	1512 = 0.05 × c × 77.1 in any form e.c.f. from <b>(c) (i)</b> and/or <b>(c) (ii)</b> 392 J/kg K (N.B. must be to 3 sf; A0 for wrong s.f.) e.c.f.	C1 A1
	(iv)	heat lost during transfer  boiling water not at 100 °C / reason for not boiling at 100 °C e.g. water not pure/ not standard pressure energy lost to cup etc. / surroundings thermometer not accurate / sensitive enough temperature / mass(es) not accurately measured  )	B1
			[10]