Light

Mark Scheme 1

Level	IGCSE
Subject	Physics
ExamBoard	CIE
Topic	Properties of Waves including Light and Sound
Sub-Topic	Light
Paper Type	(Extended) Theory Paper
Booklet	Mark Scheme 1

Time Allowed: 57 minutes

Score: /47

Percentage: /100

Question	Answer	Mark
1(a)((i)	Sketch of <u>curved</u> optic fibre with light ray undergoing at least one total internal reflection	B1
(a)(ii)	Light travels down (optic) fibres into or out of body	B1
	To examine internal organ/part Light travels both ways into and out of body OR	B1 B1
	To destroy (cancerous) cells by heating OR	(B1) (B1)
	Endoscope/fibre bundle inserted into body To view internal organ body part OR for keyhole surgery	(B1) (B1)
(b)	Light in air: $3 \times 10^8 \text{m/s}$ Microwaves in vacuum: $3 \times 10^8 \text{m/s}$ Sound in steel: 6000m/s	B1 B1 B1
(c)	n = speed in air/speed in glass (or rearranged) OR $1.5 = 3 \times 10^8$ /speed in glass (or rearranged) 2.0×10^8 m/s	C1 A1
		Total: 9

2	(a (i)	Reflection in a more dense material where there is no refracted ray or wtte OR All light in a more dense material is reflected or wtte	В1
	(ii)	e.g. The greatest angle of incidence (in the material) at which refraction occurs OR The angle of incidence (in the material) at which the refracted ray travels along the boundary/angle of refraction is 90° OR The angle of incidence/(in the material) above which total internal reflection occurs	B1
	(b) (i)	(refractive index =) speed of light in air/speed of light in glass OR $3.0 \times 10^8/2.0 \times 10^8$ = 1.5	M1 A1
	(ii)	$\sin c = 1/n \text{ OR } 1/1.5 \text{ seen}$ (c = 42°)	B1
	(iii)	No change of direction at first face Total internal reflection at hypotenuse with i = r by eye Refraction with r greater than i at lower face	B1 B1 B1
			[Total: 8]

3	(a (i	 all three of: virtual, upright / erect / same way up, magnified / large(r) (than object) award 1 mark for one or two correct description(s) which are not contradicted 	max. B2
	(ii)	RS	B1
	(iii)	eye placed to right of lens	B1
	(b) ar	 two correct rays from: ray parallel to axis refracted through F ray passing through centre of lens undeflected ray through added focus to left of lens refracted parallel to axis 	max. B2
	im	age from intersection of rays clearly shown as inverted	B1
	ar	correct rays drawn on Fig. 7.2, from tip of O to intersection of other two rays and refracted correctly at lens ote: the third ray does not have to be one of those listed above	В1
			[Total: 8]

(a (i) $n = v_a \div v_q$ in any form **B**1 (ii) $2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ OR } 2 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ В (b) (i) $n = \sin(i) \div \sin(r)$ OR $\sin(r) = 1.5 \times \sin 41^{\circ}$ OR $\sin^{-1}(r) = 0.98$ C1 $(r =) 80^{\circ}$ Α1 (ii) total (internal) reflection OR no refraction OR all light reflected B1 (c) some indication of multiple reflections in optical fibre, accept from diagram B1 appropriate further information, e.g. endoscope OR looking/illuminating inside body B1 В1 (a (i) A (on principal axis) between the lens and one focal point AND E somewhere on other side of lens (ii) on same side as A and further than the principal focus from lens В1 (iii) virtual underlined В1 upright underlined **B**1 (b) (i) 1. decreases/becomes smaller B1 2. stays the same/unchanged B1 В1 (ii) smaller

[Total: 7]

6 (a	(i)	boxes ticked: enlarged upright	DO
			virtual	В3
	(i	i)	E marked anywhere to right of lens	B1
	(ii	i)	magnifying glass(es) or lens/eyepiece of telescope/microscope/binoculars	
(b)	(b) object in correct position and correct size and F in correct position from label or correct ray intersection with axis two correct rays image between 28 mm and 38 mm from lens and labelled as word or letter		B1 M1 A1	
				[Total: 8]