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# **Electrical Quantities**

## Mark Scheme 4

Level	IGCSE
Subject	Physics
ExamBoard	CIE
Торіс	Electricity and Magnetism
Sub-Topic	Electrical quantities
Paper Type	(Extended) Theory Paper
Booklet	Mark Scheme 4

Time Allowed:	49 minutes
Score:	/41
Percentage:	/100

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1	(a) ।	relea	se of electrons due to heating/high temperature/heater	B1	
	(b)	X- and Y-plates labelled anodes either order, labelled, either plates/cylinders with holes closed tube of sensible shape AND cathode AND anode(s) AND X- & Y- plates, all three features in correct			
		order labels not needed for last mark but if given must be correct		B1	
	(c)	cha OR OR	nge current in filament/cathode/heater IGNORE limit change temperature/heat/power/energy of filament/cathode/heater change cathode-anode p.d./voltage		
		OR	change charge/voltage of grid	B1	
	(d)		( <i>I</i> =)Q/ <i>t</i> in any form 0.0019 A_OR_1.9 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> A_OR_1.9 mA	C1 A1	
		(ii)	( <i>E</i> =) <i>VIt</i> OR <i>V</i> Q in any form, words, symbols, numbers (accept t=5s) 190 J OR candidate's $I \times 100\ 000$ correctly evaluated	C1 A1	[9]
2	(a	ene driv OR p.d.	ergy supplied / work done (per unit charge) to re charge round a (complete) circuit . / voltage across battery / power sour	B1 B1 B1	
	(b)	(i)	<i>P</i> = <i>IV</i> OR ( <i>I</i> =) <i>P</i> / <i>V</i> OR ( <i>I</i> =) 60/240 = 0.25 A OR <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> A	C1 A1	
		(ii)	<i>I</i> = <i>V</i> / <i>R</i> OR other version OR ( <i>R</i> = ) <i>V</i> / <i>I</i> OR ( <i>R</i> = )240/0.25 OR $P=V^2/R$ or other version e.g. ( <i>R</i> =) $V^2/P$ OR ( <i>R</i> =) 240 <sup>2</sup> /60 <i>R</i> = 960 O	C1	
	(c)	cur	rent in series circuit = $240 / 972 = 0.247 \text{ A}$	R1	
	(0)	cur	rent suits both hulbs (so both light up so V is correct)	B1	
		OR p.d. p.d.	. across bulb A = 240 × (960/972) = 237 . across bulb B = 240 × 12/972 = 2.96	B1	
		p.d	. suits both bulbs, (so both light up so Y correc	B1	[8]

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(ii) 7∨	B1
(b) resistance of resistor = $4/2.6 (= 1.54 \Omega)$ resistance of lamp = $4/3.6 (= 1.11 \Omega)$ $1/R = 1/R_1 + 1/R_2  OR  (R =) R_1R_2/(R_1 + R_2)  OR  either eq. with numbers 0.645 or 0.65 \Omega  OR  (Current through resistor = 2.6 A  (Constrained on the current through lamp = 3.6 A  (Constrained on the current = 2.6 + 3.6 = 6.2 A  (Constrained on the current set of the cu$	C C1 A1 C1 C1 C1 C1 A1) [7]

4 <b>(a) (i)</b>	4 Ω	B1	
	(ii) IVt OR I <sup>2</sup> Rt OR V <sup>2</sup> t/R in any form or words or numbers Condone t = 9 if substituted possible ecf from (i) 540 (s) 437.4 J possible ecf if 4 $\Omega$ from (i) used	C1 C1 A1	
(b)	R = $\rho L/A$ OR R $\propto L/A$ OR R $\propto L$ and R $\propto 1/A$ or $1/d^2$ or $1/r^2$	C1	
	$A_2 = \frac{1}{4}A_1 \text{ OR } A_2 = 0.25A_1$ $R_2 = (0.45/0.3) \times R_1 \text{ OR } (3/2) \times R_1$ $\frac{3}{8} \text{ OR } 0.375 \text{ OR } 37.5 \%$ OR	C1 C1 A1	
	R = $\rho L/A$ OR R $\propto L/A$ OR R $\propto L$ and R $\propto 1/A$ or $1/d^2$ or $1/r^2$	C1	
	Resistance of thinner wire with same length as thicker wire = 4 × 4 = 16 $\Omega$	C1	
	Actual resistance of thinner wire = 1.8 /0.3 = 6.0 $\Omega$	C1	
	Ratio: L of thinner wire / L of thicker wire = $6.0 / 16 = 3/8 = 0.375 = 37.5 \%$	A1	[8]

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5	(a	same/like/similar charges repel (ignore poles repel) unlike/opposite/different charges attract (ignore poles attract)		B1 B1	
	(b)	(b) idea of car/person (being) charged (by friction) idea of charge/electrons going to/from/through person			
	(c) (i) electrons / -ve charges <u>move</u> towards the rod / to R (ignore just "attracted") ignore any mention of +ve charges moving any mention of +ve electrons gets B0				
		(ii)	opposite charges attract OR electrons / -ve charges attracted to <u>+ve / rod</u>	B1	
			attraction between opposite charges > repulsion between like charges OR – ve charges (are) close(r) (to the rod)	B1	
		(iii)	electrons / -ve charges flow (up) <u>from</u> earth/wire no e.c.f. from <b>(i)</b> ignore +ve charges moving, NOT +ve electrons ball becomes –vely charged	B1 <u>B1</u>	[9]