

# Light

## Mark Scheme 9

<b>Level</b>	IGCSE
<b>Subject</b>	Physics
<b>Exam Board</b>	CIE
<b>Topic</b>	Properties of Waves. Including Light and Sound
<b>Sub-Topic</b>	Light
<b>Paper Type</b>	Alternative to Practical
<b>Booklet</b>	Mark Scheme 9

**Time Allowed:** 58 minutes

**Score:** /48

**Percentage:** /100

- 1 (a)  $f 14.95 \pm 0.05$  (cm) [1]  
unit to match number [1]
- (b) more than one value shown [1]  
 $d 6.5 \pm 0.1$  [1]
- (c)  $t 0.85 \pm 0.05$  (cm) [1]  
 $d$  and  $t$  both with correct unit [1]
- (d) diagram showing blocks correctly placed [1]  
rule shown correctly touching both blocks [1]
- (e)  $f 10.9 - 13.1$  (cm) (or  $109 - 131$  (mm)) [1]  
no, too far out to be explained by experimental inaccuracy (wtte) [1]

[Total: 10]

- 2 (a) lens between object and screen (not mirror) [1]  
lens at least 2 cm from object and screen [1]  
metre rule on bench or clamped [1]
- (b) any two from:  
use of darkened room/brighter object  
slowly moving lens back and forth to obtain good image  
avoid parallax, action given  
lining up object and lens  
object and lens at same height from bench/object on principal axis  
repeats  
screen/lens perpendicular to bench  
mark centre of lens position on block [2]

[Total: 5]

3 Trace:

- (a) all lines present, thin, neat and in correct area [1]  
 normal at  $90^\circ$  (by eye)  
 and EF at  $30^\circ$  to normal (by eye) [1]  
 line KJ to at least beyond  $P_4$  [1]
- (b) (i)  $a = 12-13$  (mm) no ecf [1]  
 (ii)  $b = 40$  (mm) no ecf [1]  
 $a$  and  $b$  both with appropriate unit [1]
- (c) (i) & (ii)  $c$  recorded and  $d = 44$  (mm) [1]  
 (iii) correct calculation of  $n$ , value 1.43 (ecf) [1]  
 2/3 significant figures with no unit [1]

[Total: 9]

- 4 (a)  $f = 14.9(4)$ , or 15 [1]  
 correct unit for  $f$  [1]
- (b) (i)  $x_s = 5.0(\text{cm})$  and  $y_s = 5.2(\text{cm})$  [1]  
 (ii) factor of  $\times 6$  [1]  
 $y = 31.2(\text{cm})$  (ecf) [1]  
 (iii) 15.29, 15.3, 15 (ecf) [1]  
 (iv) correct method [1]  
 2 or 3 significant figures and correct unit [1]  
 average  $f$  15.1 (correct answer only) [1]
- (c) inverted image [1]

[Total: 10]

Question	Answer	Marks
5	<p>Circuit diagram:</p> <p><b>MP1</b> Sample of wire must be clearly identifiable by a label on the diagram or by letters on the diagram with an explanation in the text</p> <p><b>MP2</b> All circuit symbols correct (even if circuit is incorrect)</p> <p>Method:</p> <p><b>MP3</b> Take readings of <math>V</math> and <math>I</math></p> <p><b>MP4</b> For 5 or more lengths</p> <p><b>MP5</b> Range of lengths must be between 5 cm and 2 m <b>with the largest length at least twice the smallest</b></p> <p>Table drawn with headings: <b>MP6</b> <math>l/m, V/V, I/A, R/\Omega</math></p> <p>Key variables to control: <b>MP7</b> Any one from</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Material/resistivity/conductivity/type of wire</li> <li>• Diameter/radius/thickness/cross sectional area</li> <li>• Temperature of wire</li> </ul>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>
		<b>Total: 7</b>

- 6 (a) Measuring cylinder  
Tape measure  
Newtonmeter (spring balance)  
Electronic balance  
Manometer

1 mark each

[5]

- (b) (i) Viewing scale perpendicularly (owtte)

[1]

- (ii) Any one from:

Moving lens back and forth

Dark area (owtte)

Object and lens at same height from bench

Object lens and screen at right angles to bench

[1]

**[Total: 7]**