## Atomic Structure <br> Mark Scheme 5

| Level | IGCSE(9-1) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Subject | Chemistry |
| Exam Board | Edexcel IGCSE |
| Module | Single Award (Paper 2C) |
| Topic | Principles of Chemistry |
| Sub-Topic | Atomic Structure |
| Booklet | Mark Scheme 5 |


| Time Allowed: | 41 minutes |
| :--- | :--- |
| Score: | $/ 34$ |
| Percentage: | $/ 100$ |
|  |  |
| Grade Boundaries: |  |


| 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $>90 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $10 \%$ |


| Question number | Answer | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) | Element Arrangement <br> of electrons in <br> atom Arrangement <br> of electrons in <br> ion Charge <br> on ion <br>   2.8 .8 $(1)+/+1$ <br>   2.8 .8 $2-/-2$ <br> M1 - both arrangements correct <br> M2 - charge on potassium ion <br> M3 - charge on sulfide ion | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{K}^{(1)+} / \mathrm{K}^{+1} \\ & \mathrm{~S}^{2-} / \mathrm{S}^{-2} \\ & \\ & \text { positive for potassium } \\ & \text { and negative for sulfide } \\ & \text { for } 1 \text { mark } \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 |
| (b) <br> (i) <br> (ii) | ions move/travel (to the electrodes) <br> M1 (electrostatic) forces (of attraction) between (oppositely charged) ions <br> M2 are (relatively) strong <br> M3 large amount of energy required to overcome the forces / separate the ions from the lattice <br> M2 dep on mention of forces (of attraction) or bonds <br> Mention of covalent bonds or intermolecular forces no M1 | ions are free to move / ions are mobile <br> ionic bonding / ionic bonds <br> break the bonds | electrons free to move | $1$ $3$ |

Total 7 marks

| Question number |  |  |  |  | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | a |  |  | cross in box C | (neutrons and protons) |  | 1 |
|  | b | i |  | 6 |  |  | 1 |
|  |  | ii |  | 14 |  |  | 1 |
|  | C |  |  | cross in box B | (the numbers of electrons and protons are equal) |  | 1 |
|  | d |  | M1 | same number of / (they both ha | tons 6 protons | Ignore references to electrons | 1 |
|  |  |  | M2 | different numb | f neutrons / more neutrons | If number of extra neutrons specified, it must be 2 <br> Reject different numbers of electrons | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Ignore references to atomic number and mass number |  |
|  | e |  |  | cross in box B | (2.4) |  | 1 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |


| Question number | Expected Answer |  |  |  | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 (a) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Proton | Neutron | Electron |  |  | 4 |
|  | relative mass | 1 |  |  | +1 | - 1 / one |  |
|  | relative charge |  | 0 | - |  | Zero <br> minus one /negative |  |
|  | 1 mark for each correct answer |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) | Protons AND electrons $=1$ neutrons $=2$ |  |  |  | one two |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | with different masses Ignore references to electrons |  |  |  | atoms with same atomic number / number of protons / proton number | molecules / compounds for first mark only | 1 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | with different mass numbers / different numbers of neutrons / different neutron numbers | different relative atomic masses for second mark only |  |


| Question number | Expected Answer | Accept | Reject | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(c) | $((79 \times 50.7)+(81 \times 49.3)) / 100$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $(79 \times 0.50 .7)+(81 \times 0.493)$ |  |  | 1 |
|  | $\text { = } 79.99$ <br> Allow 1 mark for a single transcription error (e.g. <br> 43.9 instead of 49.3) <br> Ignore units such as grams | Correct answer on its own scores 2 |  | 1 |
|  |  |  | Total | 10 |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4a A <br> (the crystal dissolves)  <br> b A (it is all blue) | 1 |  |  |  |
| c i | 4 |  | 1 |  |
|  | ii | 21 |  | 1 |


| Question number | Answer |  |  | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 a |  |  |  | M1 (bromine) liquid / (I) <br> M2 (iodine) black allow (dark) grey | 2 |
|  | Halogen | Colour | Physical state |  |  |
|  | bromine |  | liquid |  |  |
|  | iodine | black |  |  |  |
| b | $\begin{array}{ccc} \bullet \bullet & \times x \\ : & \mathrm{Br} & \times \\ \bullet & \mathrm{P} \\ \bullet & & \mathrm{x} \\ & : & \mathrm{Br} \\ & & \bullet \bullet \end{array}$ | Br : |  | M1 three bonding pairs of electrons correct <br> M2 rest of electrons correct <br> Accept any combination of dots and crosses Ignore circles | 2 |
| c | $\mathrm{PBr}_{3}+3$ | $\rightarrow 3 \mathrm{HBr}$ | $\mathrm{PO}_{3}$ | M1 all formulae correct <br> M2 balanced <br> M2 DEP on M1 | $2$ |

