

Work and Power

Mark Scheme 2

Level	IGCSE(9-1)
Subject	Physics
Exam Board	Edexcel IGCSE
Module	Double Award (Paper 1P)
Topic	Energy resources and energy transfers
Sub-Topic	Work and Power
Booklet	Mark Scheme 2

Time Allowed: 81 minutes

Score: /67

Percentage: /100

Grade Boundaries:

A*	A	B	C	D	E	U
>85%	77.5%	70%	60%	55%	50%	<50%

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1 (a) (i)	GPE = mass x g x height	ACCEPT equivalent rearrangement ACCEPT suitable abbreviations e.g. GPE = mgh ACCEPT 'gravity' or 'gravitational field strength' or 'acceleration due to gravity' for g	1
	(ii) 78 x 10 x 5; 3900 (J);		2
	(iii) 3900; J / joule;	Accept 4000 J REJECT 'Nm' for 'J' ALLOW kJ only if it matches the value (i.e. 3.9)	2
(b) (i)	efficiency = useful energy output / total energy input	ALLOW 'power' for 'energy'	1
	(ii) in one second – useful energy out = (30 x 3900) / 60; efficiency = 1950 / 7500; 0.26 / 26%	Allow useful energy out = (30 x 4000) / 60; efficiency = 2000 / 7500; 0.27 / 27% CQ on a(ii)	3
(c)	right general shape reasonably correct proportions / 3kW and 12 kW seen correctly labelled	ACCEPT "input / waste / useful" or "electrical / kinetic or GPE / waste heat or sound"	3

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a) i	0.45;	no unit penalty	1
ii	Power = current \times voltage;	Allow $P = I \times V$ and rearrangements	1
iii	Substitution; Evaluation; e.g. $1.5 = I \times 0.45$ $I = 3.3$ (A) (answer to at least 2 s.f.)	Allow reverse argument yielding <u>1.35</u> (W) for 1mark	2
(b) i	conversion of time to seconds; substitution into correct equation ($E = I \times V \times t$); evaluation; e.g. time = $7 \times 5 \times 60 \times 60$ (= 126 000) $E = 3.3 \times 9 \times 7 \times 5 \times 60 \times 60$ 3 742 000 (J)	Allow solution in stages i.e. from $P=IV$ and $P =E/t$ Allow for full marks 3 402 000 (J) (from use of 3 A given above) 3 780 000 (J) (from $1.5 \times 20 \times 7 \times 5 \times 60 \times 60$) Allow max of 1 if time not in seconds, e.g. 1040 (J) (from $3.3 \times 9 \times 7 \times 5$, time in hours) 62400 (J) (from $3.3 \times 9 \times 7 \times 5 \times 60$, time in minutes)	3
ii	A description to include electrical; to light (and heat);	Reject "electricity" for the first mark Allow chemical to electrical to light for 1 mark only	2
		Total	9

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (a)	A (chemical → electrical → kinetic)		1
(b) (i)	$KE = \frac{1}{2} \times m \times v^2$;		1
(ii)	substitution into correct equation; Calculation; e.g. $\frac{1}{2} \times 600 \times 28^2$; 240000 (J);	correct answer = 2 marks ACCEPT 235200 (J);	2
(c) (i)	gpe = mass x g x height;	ACCEPT GPE = mgh ACCEPT gravitational field strength/acceleration due to gravity for g	1
(ii)	substitution into correct equation; Calculation; e.g. $600 \times 10 \times 1000$ 6 000 000 (J) or 6000 k(J) or 6 M(J)	correct answer = 2 marks ALLOW 5 880 000 (from $g = 9.8$)	2
(iii)	EITHER <u>Calculation of energy supplied (by fuel cells)</u> 24 kW x 180 s OR 4 320 000 (J); <u>Comparison with energy required</u> 4 320 000 < 6 000 000; OR <u>Calculation of power required</u> 6 000 000 J ÷ 180 s OR 33.3 kW; <u>Comparison with fuel cells</u> 33.3 kW > 24 kW;	ALLOW ECF if 6 000 000 not seen ALLOW ECF if 6 000 000 not seen	2

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (c) (iv)	<p>use of $P = I \times V$ for one cell ; e.g. 30×0.6 OR 18(W)</p> <p>calculation; e.g. $24\,000 \div 18 = 1333 (> 1300)$ OR $1300 \times 18 = 23400 (< 24000)$</p> <p>ALTERNATIVE</p> <p>Using $E = IVt$ for one cell; e.g. $30 \times 0.6 \times 180$ OR 3240(J)</p> <p>calculation; e.g. $4\,320\,000 \div 3240 = 1333 (> 1300)$ OR $1300 \times 3240 = 4\,212\,000 (< 4\,320\,000)$</p>	<p>First Marking Point can be credited if '18' or '30 x 0.6' seen in calculation</p>	2

Total 11 Marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a)	any two from: MP1. reverse the magnet (N into coil); MP2. reverse the connections at the ammeter; MP3. move the magnet out of coil;	ignore all references to • speed of movement • numbers of turns on the coil CARE that candidate does not conflate MP2 and 3 to negate their answer allow for MP2 invert the coil	(2)
(b) (i)	Y= magnet; Z = coil (of wire);		(2)
(ii)	(±)1.6 (V);		(1)
(iii)	reading of time for 1 cycle ; evaluation; e.g. 0.04s 25 (Hz)	no mark for eqn as it is given time can be assumed if $f = 1/0.04$ seen allow for 1 mark 50, 12.5 (Hz)	(2)
(iv)	C higher higher ;		(1)
(v)	any one from stronger magnet; more turns on the coil;	ignore bigger magnet condone more coils	(1)

(c) (i)	rearrangement of eqn; substitution; evaluation; e.g. work done (energy output) = power x time (=) 3.1 x 290 900 (W)	Accept 899 (W)	(3)
(ii)	$\text{efficiency} = \frac{\text{useful energy output}}{\text{total energy input}}$	accept standard abbreviations rearrangements with factor of X 100	(1)
(iii)	substitution; rearrangement of eqn; evaluation; e.g. $\text{input energy} = \frac{\text{output energy}}{\text{efficiency}}$ $= \frac{899 \text{ (W)}}{0.72}$ $= 1200 \text{ (J)}$	ECF from ci allow 900 for 899 1245, 1250, 1300 (J)	(3)

Total for Question 4 = 16 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 (a) (i)	gravitational potential energy = mass x g x height	Allow symbols and rearrangements, e.g. $GPE = m \times g \times h$	1
(ii)	Substitution into correct equation; Calculation; e.g. $GPE = 2.75 \times 10 \times 0.61$ $= 17 \text{ (J)}$	16.8, 16.775, 16.78 (J) allow calculation with $g = 9.81$ $= 16.46 \text{ (J)}$	2
(iii)	Any two of- MP1. idea that system is inefficient OR not 100% efficient; MP2. idea that energy is lost / wasted / dissipated ; MP3. explanation /detail of fate of energy; e.g. used when working against {friction / drag / air resistance} as thermal energy to parts of the apparatus or surroundings transferred to surroundings by sound converted into KE as mass fell	condone used / transferred elsewhere Need mention of 'object' Ignore light allow to overcome friction allow heat for thermal energy	2

(iv)	Substitution into correct equation; Calculation; e.g. Energy transferred = $0.46 \times 12.7 \times 1.3$ 7.6 (J)	allow answer without working or equation seen (7.5946)	2
(b)	three of the following ideas- MP1. water has (initial) GPE; MP2. KE of (moving) water; MP3. Work done on turbine / generator; MP4. Work done against magnetic force; MP5. Electrical energy/power/current/voltage (produced);	allow KE in turbine / generator	3

Total 10 marks

Question number		Answer	Notes	Marks
6	(a)	Substitution into correct equation; Calculation; e.g. $1.3 \times 10.3 \times 4.7$; 63 (J);	No credit for merely quoting the equation as $E = IVt$ is given on p2. 62.9 (J)	2
	(b)	(i)	Work done = force x distance moved (in the direction of the force);	1
		(ii)	Substitution into correct equation; Calculation; e.g. Work done = 20×0.85 ; 17 (J);	2
		(iii)	Value given in 8(b)(ii);	1
	(c)	(i)	Efficiency = useful energy output divided by total energy input;	1
		(ii)	17 divided by 63; 0.27;	2

Total 9 marks