

# Motion in the Universe

## Question paper 3

|                   |                         |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>Level</b>      | IGCSE                   |
| <b>Subject</b>    | Physics                 |
| <b>Exam Board</b> | Edexcel IGCSE           |
| <b>Module</b>     | Single Award (Paper 2P) |
| <b>Topic</b>      | Astrophysics            |
| <b>Sub-Topic</b>  | Motion in the Universe  |
| <b>Booklet</b>    | Question paper 3        |

**Time Allowed:** 9 minutes

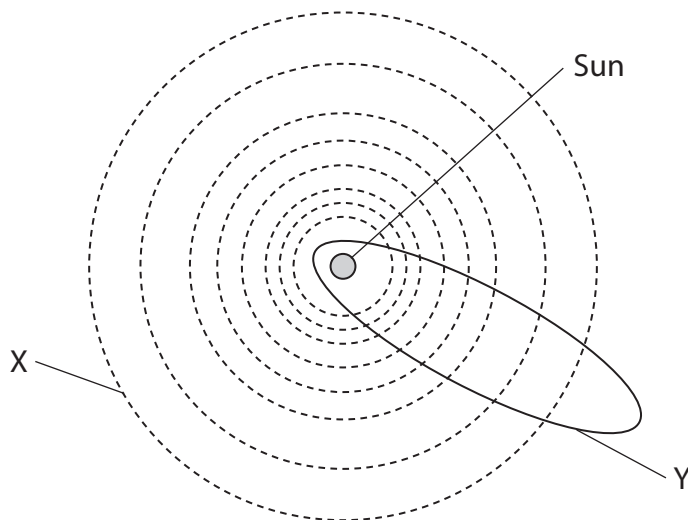
**Score:** /7

**Percentage:** /100

**Grade Boundaries:**

|      |      |     |     |     |     |      |
|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| A*   | A    | B   | C   | D   | E   | U    |
| >85% | '75% | 70% | 60% | 55% | 50% | <50% |

1 The diagram shows the orbits of some objects in the Solar System.



(a) (i) Path X is the orbit of a

(1)

- A comet
- B galaxy
- C planet
- D star

(ii) Path Y is the orbit of a

(1)

- A comet
- B galaxy
- C planet
- D star

(b) The objects are held in orbit by

(1)

- A electrostatic force
- B frictional force
- C gravitational force
- D magnetic force

(Total for Question 1 = 3 marks)

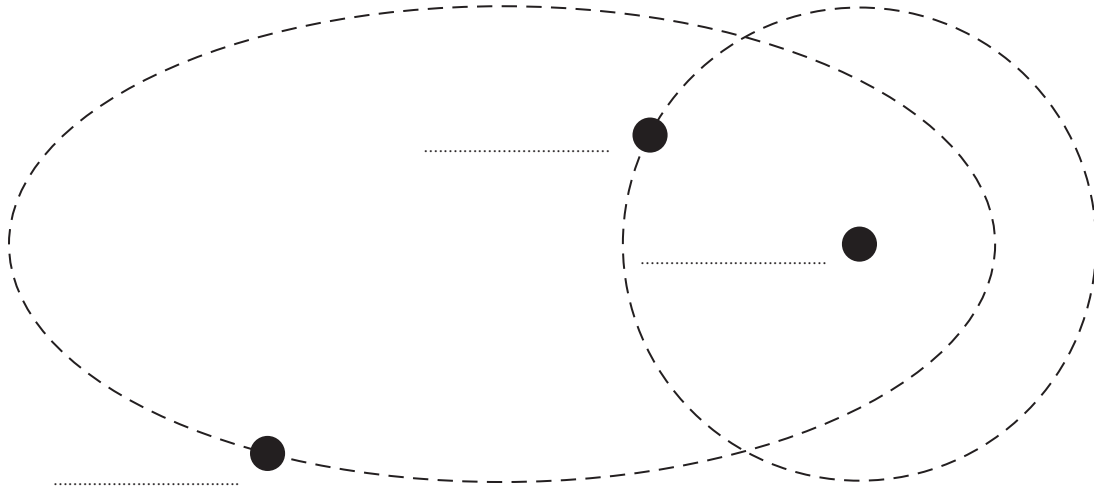
2 Planets and comets in our Solar System orbit the Sun.

(a) Which force causes planets and comets to orbit the Sun?

(1)

(b) The diagram shows the orbits of a planet and a comet around the Sun.

[not to scale]



(i) On the diagram, label the planet, the comet and the Sun.

(1)

(ii) Explain why it is possible for a planet and a comet in our Solar System to collide.

(2)

.....

.....

.....

.....

**(Total for Question 2 = 4 marks)**