

Transport

Mark Scheme 2

Level	IGCSE(9-1)
Subject	Biology
Exam Board	Edexcel IGCSE
Module	Double Award (Paper 1B)
Topic	Structure and Functions in Living Organisms
Sub-Topic	Transport
Booklet	Mark Scheme 2

Time Allowed: 66 minutes

Score: /55

Percentage: /100

Grade Boundaries:

9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
>90%	80%	70%	60%	50%	40%	30%	20%	10%

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1 (a)(i)	1. allows diffusion / evaporation / transpiration / loss of water; 2. creates transpiration pull / transpiration stream / water pulled up / water drawn up; 3. osmosis; 4. water absorbed by root;		Max 2
(ii)	1. oxygen <u>out</u> + carbon dioxide <u>in</u> ; 2. diffusion; 3. photosynthesis	ignore reference to respiration CO ₂ and O ₂ to enter and leave = 1 O ₂ and CO ₂ to enter and leave = 0 CO ₂ and O ₂ to enter or leave = 0	Max 2

(b)(i)	<p>S scale linear and at least half of both axes;</p> <p>L lines straight, neat and through points;</p> <p>A axes correct way round;</p> <p>P points plotted accurately;</p> <p>U units stomatal pore μm and rate of transpiration $\text{mg} / \text{m}^2 / \text{s}$;</p> <p>K key still air and moving air;</p>	<p>bar chart no L and no P non-linear scale no P if no plot for 0,0 no P but allow L</p> <p>P allow within one square</p>	6
(ii)	<p>1. transpiration increases in both / eq;</p> <p>2. levels off in still air / continues to increase in moving air / more increase in moving air / eq;</p>		2
(iii)	<p>1. takes water away / blows water away / less water outside / eq;</p> <p>2. increases / maintains gradient;</p> <p>3. (increases) diffusion;</p>	<p>maintains diffusion gradient = 2 marks</p>	3

Total 15 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a) (i)	136 / 136.1;;	allow one mark for \div 20 in working	2
(ii)	Thomas;		1
(iii)	1. nervous / excited / anticipation / thinking about exercise / worried / anxious; 2. adrenalin(e); 3. increase in heart rate / eq;	allow reference to autonomic system	Max 2
(iv)	1. intensity / amount / type of exercise / eq; 2. diet; 3. fitness / health / eq; 4. gender; 5. age / mass;	ignore temperature	Max 2

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (b)	1. heart is larger / has more muscle / stronger / grows / eq; 2. due to exercise / training / eq; 3. pumps more blood in each beat / eq; 4. low rate delivers same volume (in given time) / fewer beats deliver same volume / eq; 5. provides (more) oxygen; 6. (aerobic) respiration;	reject reference to anaerobic	Max 4

Total 11 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (a) (i)	ventricle / chamber B wall is thinner / ventricle / chamber B has thinner walls / ventricle / chamber B less muscular / heart diagrams always have RHS on the left / vena cava attached / pulmonary artery attached;	allow converse for LHS of heart ignore references to blood ignore references to chamber size / valve	1
(ii)	<u>left ventricle</u> ;		1
(iii)	pulmonary artery correctly labelled;		1
(iv)	1. left ventricle/chamber A(it) more muscle; 2. generate more pressure / create more force /stronger pumping / eq; 3. pumps blood to body / pumps blood further / eq;	allow converse for right ventricle 1. ignore thicker wall 2. ignore withstand pressure	Max 2

(b) (i)	atrioventricular valve / AV valve / tricuspid valve;	ignore valve alone	1
(ii)	prevent backflow / blood flows in one direction / allows blood to flow from atrium to ventricle / eq;	prevents backflow into ventricles = 0	1
3 (c)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. low blood to mix / eq; 2. oxygenated and deoxygenated blood / deoxygenated into left ventricle/chamber A / oxygenated blood into right ventricle/chamber B; 3. less oxygen (to body / to cells); 4. less respiration / less energy / ATP / more anaerobic respiration / more lactic acid; 5. less growth / smaller size; 	3. ignore reference to oxygen to lungs	Max 3

(d) (i)	1. (place fingers on) artery / wrist / neck / chest / use heart monitor / eq; 2. count pulse/beat/pumps/heart rate for stated time period/ one minute / measure in bpm;	allow appropriate technology	2
(ii)	1. repeat / use many people / group / calculate average / remove anomalies / eq; 2. same duration / intensity / type of exercise; 3. use same gender / age / size / mass / fitness / eq;	ignore rest period ignore same person / same people	Max 2

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a) (i)	<p>S – scale linear and half of both grids; L – lines straight and through points; A1 – axes correct way around – (altitude on x axis); A2 – axes labelled: (mass of) haemoglobin in g per litre and altitude/height in metres / eq; P – correct plotting of all points;</p>	<p>lose S mark if axis for data for Hb not truncated max 3 for bar chart</p>	5
(ii)	<p>1. level / no change (0 to 1000); 2. increase / eq;</p>	<p>the higher the altitude the higher the haemoglobin = 1</p>	2
(iii)	<p>1. more haemoglobin / more red blood cells; 2. (more) oxygen; 3. (more) respiration; 4. (more) energy / (more) ATP; 5. less lactic acid / oxygen debt / less anaerobic respiration;</p>	<p>idea of more must be evident once</p> <p>not run faster</p>	3

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
(b) (i)	1. lower pressure / slower blood flow / less blood flow /eq; 2. thinner wall; 3. easier to see / nearer surface / easier to access /eq;	allow will not spurt out allow converse for artery	2
(ii)	4. wider lumen; too small / eq;	ignore one cell thick	1
(iii)	1. no pathogens / bacteria / virus / microorganism / parasite / named virus / HIV / eq; 2. infection / disease / illness / AIDS;	ignore sickness	2

(Total = 15 marks)