# Cycles within the Ecosystems

## Mark Scheme 2

Level	IGCSE(9-1)
Subject	Biology
Exam Board	Edexcel IGCSE
Module	Single Award (Paper 2B)
Topic	Ecology and the Environment
Sub-Topic	Cycles within the Ecosystems
Booklet	Mark Scheme 2

Time Allowed: 76 minutes

Score: /63

Percentage: /100

#### **Grade Boundaries:**

9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
>90%	80%	70%	60%	50%	40%	30%	20%	10%

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1(a) (i)	amino acids / protein / DNA / RNA / nucleic acid;		1
(ii)	nitrogen-fixing;	Allow <i>Rhizobium</i>	1
(b)	1. nitrifying (bacteria) / nitrification;		2
	2. nitrite (to nitrate);		
(c) (i)	1. more movement / more (kinetic) energy / eq;		2
	more collisions / more enzyme substrate complexes / eq;		
(ii)	1. denatured;	1. Ignore inactive /	3
	2. active site;	destroyed	
	3. shape altered / bonds broken / eq;	1. Reject death	
	4. substrate no longer fits / eq;		

Total 9 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a)	cell membrane; cytoplasm; plasmid; nucleoid / chromosome / DNA once;	reject nucleus / nucleolus ignore vacuole / ribosomes / mitochondria	3
(b) (i)	enzymes; optimum; denatured / destroyed / eq;	ignore references to low pH and high pH	2
(ii)	amino acids; protein / DNA;		2
(iii)	active transport / active uptake; low to high conc. / against conc. gradient / eq; respiration / energy / ATP;  root hair (cells); large surface area / eq;		3
(c) (i)	X at 100;	allow any indication at 100	1
(ii)	11.1%;; allow one mark for 8000 or 7200 or 800 in working		2
(iii)	nitrate (already) in soil / nitrogen fixing bacteria / nitrification / organic material in soil / eq;		1
_		Total	14

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (a)	different diet / different species / eq;	Eg. eat different food / eat more food / different amounts of protein / different amounts of nitrogenous food / different amounts of nitrogen compounds in food / one is carnivorous  Eg. type of fish / breed of fish / strains of fish / genes in fish / metabolism of fish	1
(b)	28.9 / 28.92;	Allow one for 0.4 / 0.0723 / 2.5 in working Allow 28.9 / 28.92 in working for 2 marks if 29 on answer line	2

(c)	1. plant / algae growth / algal bloom / eq;	
	2. algae block light;	
	3. less photosynthesis;	
	ecomposers / decomposition /     bacteria / microbes / microorganisms /     fungi;	
	5. respiration; ONCE	
	6. oxygen depletion / anoxic; ONCE	May 5
	7. death of plants / fish / organisms;	Max 5

(d)	<ol> <li>dead / attenuated / harmless / inactive / weakened /modified / pathogen / bacteria / microbe /microorganism / virus / eq;</li> </ol>	Dead form of the disease = 0 Dead strain = 0 Ignore dead virus	
	2. antigens;		
	3. memory cells;		
	4. secondary immune response / <u>faster immune</u> response / antibody produced <u>faster / sooner / quicker / more</u> ;	Ignore antibody production in primary immune response	4

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a)	A evaporation; B transpiration;		
	C precipitation / rain / snow / eq;		3
(b)(i)	<ol> <li>less transpiration / less water loss from plants / eq;</li> <li>less loud formation / condensation;</li> <li>less precipitation / rain / less water falls on the ground / eq;</li> <li>(less) photosynthesis; more carbon dioxide in air /less carbon dioxide absorbed;</li> <li>less consumption of plants / eq;</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Ignore water remains in soil</li> <li>Ig re humidity</li> </ol>	Max 2
	<ul><li>3. less decomposition / decay;</li><li>4. burning of trees produces carbon dioxide;</li></ul>		Max 4

Question number	Answer		Notes	Marks
5 (a)				
	Stage	Number		4
	absorption	8		
	denitrification	6 / 7;		
	nitrogen fixation	1;		
	excretion	3;		
	decomposition	2;		
(b)	active transport / active up     low concentration to high coagainst concentration gradi	oncentration /	ignore diffusion ignore along concentration gradient	3 max
	3 energy / ATP; 4 root <u>hair</u> (cell);			
			Total	7

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6 (a)	A nitrogen fixation / nitrogen fixing;	No mark if list given  A. allow nitrogen fixing bacteria	4
	B decomposition / decomposing / decay; C <u>nitrification</u> / <u>nitrifying</u> ;	<ul><li>B. gnore decomposers / rotting /</li><li>breakdown</li><li>C. allow nitrifying bacteria</li></ul>	
	D <u>denitrification</u> / <u>denitrifying</u> ;	D. allow denitrifying bacteria	
(b)	<ol> <li>bacteria;</li> <li>fungi;</li> </ol>	ignore nitrogen fixing / nitrifying bacteria / denitrifying bacteria / mushroom / toadstool / protoctists / detritivores / worms	2
(c)	<ol> <li>absorption by roots / root hair cell;</li> <li>active transport / active uptake;</li> <li>(make) amino acids / (plant) protein;</li> <li>assimilation / assimilate; ONCE</li> <li>eaten / ingested by animal / herbivore;</li> <li>digestion / digests / digested / eq;</li> <li>protease / named protease;</li> </ol>	<ul><li>1. ignore root nodules</li><li>7. ignore enzyme</li></ul>	4

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6 (d)	1. cheaper / readily available /	allow converse	2
	less transport needed / renewable /	ignore less herm to environment /	
	sustainable / recycles / eq;	ignore less harm to environment / damage to wildlife / more natural / idea	
	<ol> <li>ess <u>eutrophication</u> / leaching / run off / <u>pollution</u> / slow release of ions / less soluble / eq;</li> </ol>	that chemicals harm humans	
	<ol><li>improves soil structure / holds water / stops erosion / eq;</li></ol>		

(Total for Question = 12 marks)