Human Influences on the Environment

Mark Scheme 3

Level	IGCSE(9-1)
Subject	Biology
Exam Board	Edexcel IGCSE
Module	Double Award (Paper 1B)
Topic	Ecology and the Environment
Sub-Topic	Human Influences on the Environment
Booklet	Mark Scheme 3

Time Allowed: 51 minutes

Score: /42

Percentage: /100

Grade Boundaries:

9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
>90%	80%	70%	60%	50%	40%	30%	20%	10%

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1 (a)	S scale linear and at least half grid; L lines neat and through points; A1 axes correct way round; A2 axes labelled temperature and midpoint/period/year; U °C; P 1795 and 1995 plotted correct;	annotate using the letters provided extrapolation loses P mark	6
(b)	695-1720;		1
(c) (i)	water <u>vapour</u> / carbon dioxide / nitrous oxide / methane / CFCs / ozone;	allow any oxide of nitrogen	1
(ii)	traps heat / reflects infra red / reflects long wave radiation / contributes to global warming / eq;	ignore contributes to greenhouse effect	1
(iii)	 burning / combustion / eq; fossil fuels / coal / oil / gas; cars / planes / factories / trains / power stations / eq; cattle farming / rice farming; deforestation; fridges / aerosols (CFCs); 	ignore petrol	3

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Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a)	correct tally 1 mark; (15, 2, 1, 2) correct transfer of tally to number 1 mark;		1 1
(b)	S scale linear on y axis and half grid used on both axes; P bars plotted correctly; A1 axis labelled <u>number</u> ; A2 names of organisms; K key for night and day;		5
(c) (i)	more organisms at night (in total); more woodlice; correct reference to one other organism;		3
(ii)	nocturnal; less predators (at night) / not seen (at night) / less chance of being eaten (at night) / eq; cool (at night) / damp (at night) / eq; less dehydration (at night)/ eq;	allow converse for day ignore safer idea alone	2
(d)	results would be different / inaccurate / changed / described difference / eq; escape; eaten; reproduce / eq;	ignore death	2

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Question number	Answer		Marks
2 (e) (number of named organism / number of <u>an</u> organism number of <u>a</u> species / eq;	number of organisms = 0 allow amount as eq to number	1
(i	different types / different species / different organism	3;	1
(i	(place) where an organism lives / (place) where organism lives described;		1
		Total	17

tion ber	Answer	Notes	Marks
	 (individual fish) can control size / age / mass / species / growth / faster production / grow faster / control health / control disease / control protein content / control feeding / control quality of fish; 	ignore cheaper	
	genetically modify;		
	 reduce overfishing / does not reduce wild stocks / sustainable / less risk to food chains / less chance of catching other species / less chance of catching rare fish / prevent extinction; 		
	 high yield / large numbers of fish / guaranteed harvest / regular supply / available all year; 	4. ignore ess time consuming / easier to catch	
	5. safer / less risk for fishermen / eq;		Max 2
		1. (individual fish) can control size / age / mass / species / growth / faster production / grow faster / control health / control disease / control protein content / control feeding / control quality of fish; 2. can selectively breed / genetically modify; 3. reduce overfishing / does not reduce wild stocks / sustainable / less risk to food chains / less chance of catching other species / less chance of catching rare fish / prevent extinction; 4. high yield / large numbers of fish / guaranteed harvest / regular supply / available all year;	1. (individual fish) can control size / age / mass / species / growth / faster production / grow faster / control health / control disease / control protein content / control feeding / control quality of fish; 2. can selectively breed / genetically modify; 3. reduce overfishing / does not reduce wild stocks / sustainable / less risk to food chains / less chance of catching other species / less chance of catching rare fish / prevent extinction; 4. high yield / large numbers of fish / guaranteed harvest / regular supply / available all year; ignore cheaper ignore cheaper ignore cheaper 4. ignore cheaper

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(b) (i)	fewer pathogens / bacteria / algae / less eutrophication / less fertiliser / less sewage / less human waste / less faeces / less chance of disease / less chance of infection / eq;	ignore cleaner / less minerals / less waste / less pollutants / less contamination	1
(ii)	 humans do not want to eat antibiotics; passes along food chain / bioaccumulation; less chance of (bacteria) resistance; 	ignore safer to eat / cost / rivers / environment	Max 2

Question		Anorros	Notes	Mortes
num	ber	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (c)	(i)	37.9 / 38 / 38.0 %;;	allow if in table allow one mark for 1.1 as numerator / 2.9 as denominator in working / 37.93;	2
	(ii)	C traditional and new type of farm;		
		O (waste from) same species / same fish / same number / mass / age / size / same size of fish farm / eq;		
		R repeat experiment;		
		M1 (what is measured): mass of algae / mass of pondweed / oxygen level / CO ₂ level / nitrate level / phosphate level / mineral level / turbidity / biodiversity / number of species / number of fish / number of organisms / eq;	allow amount	
		M2 same time of day / same time of year / each month / same length of sampling time / eq;		
		S1 same mass of food (in farm / tank) / same type of food / same diet / same antibiotics;		
		S2 same distance from farms / same depth in water / same light / temperature;		Max 6