

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2021

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Subsidary / Advanced Level In Biology (WBI13) Paper 01 Practical Skills in Biology I

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
1(a)	An answer that includes four of the following points.		
	one reference to safety (1)	e.g. bud into disinfectant/sterile/fresh bud/toothpick/wear gloves/ goggles/safe use of microscope/slides/careful use of bud/stain to prevent injury	
	and three of the following points		
	use of cotton bud (1)	Accept toothpick/earbud/lollipop stick/glass rod/swab	
	• followed by use of stain/dye (1)		
	place cells (on slide) under coverslip (1)	can piece together	
	use of high power of microscope (1)		
			(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)(i)	 A drawing showing the following features: drawing showing correct shape of cell and nucleus and nucleus in correct position (1) 	Ignore other features drawn	
	any two correct labels (1)	nucleus, cytoplasm, (plasma) membrane, nuclear membrane Ignore other labelled features unless specifically plant cell ones, then this mark negated	(2)
			(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number		Evample of calculations	
1(b)(ii)		Example of calculation:	
	 reading of width using scale (1) 	33/34/35 units	
	• width calculated (1)	So actual width is $33/34/35 \times 3 = 99/102/105 (\mu m)$	
		so no marks for mp2 if other answers to mp1	
		unless 32 or 36, or 3.3, 3.4, 3.5	
		correct answer with no working gains both marks	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
1(c)(i)		Example of calculation	
	calculation of haemoglobin molecule volume	$4/3\pi r^3 = 1.3 \times 3.14 \times 2.5^3 = 65.45 \text{nm}^3$	
		Other acceptable answers	
		65.5/63.81/63.8/65.42/65.4/63.78	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
1(c)(ii)	A calculation showing the following steps:	Example of calculation	
	volume of red blood cell ÷ volume of haemoglobin molecule (1)	80 ÷ (answer from 1ci) e.g.= 80 ÷ 65.45 = {1.222/1.22/1.2}	
	conversion and standard form (1) OR	1.2/1.22 × 10 ⁹	
	 conversion of {red blood cell volume, from μm³ to nm3 / Hb molecule radius, 2.5 nm to 0.0025 μm / Hb volume calculated from nm³ to μm³} (1) 	80 μm3 to 8 x 1010 nm³ / Hb molecule radius, 2.5 nm to 0.0025 μm	
	 division of rbc volume in {nm³ ÷ μm³} by calculated haemoglobin molecule volume in {nm³/ μm³} (1) 	e.g {80 000 000 000 / 8 x 1010} ÷ 65.44 = 1 222 493 887 = 1.2/1.22 x 10 ⁹	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(c)(iii)	A comparative description that includes any two of the following:	e.g. plant cell has nucleus, RBC does not allow one mark if both statements correct but not comparative	
	one difference described for plant cell and RBC (1)	plant cell:	
	another difference described for plant cell and RBC (1)	nucleus/nucleolus/vacuole/large(r) vacuole/chloroplasts/cell wall/regular shape/bigger/colour	
		accept converse	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
2(a)(i)	An answer that includes the following points:		
	 (one duckweed plant and) a solution with all minerals (1) (one duckweed plant and) a solution with no minerals / 	accept complete solution/medium	
	(distilled) water (1)		(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
2(a)(ii)	A description that includes the following points:		
	 temperature by use of {thermostatically controlled {chamber / room} / incubator} (1) 		
	pH by use of buffer (1)		
			(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
2(b)(i)	A graph showing the following features:		
	 A axes correct (x – mineral missing, y – no. of plants), y starting at zero and with no break in the axis (1) 	Number of duckweed plants after 14 days 35	
	L axes correctly labelled (1)	30 25	
	P correct plotting on a linear scale on y (1)	15	
	• S bar chart (1)	5 calcium iron potassium magnesium nitrate phosphate sulfate mineral missing (from the solution)	
		accept minerals in any order on x	(4)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
2(b)(ii)	An explanation that includes the following points:		
	 fewer duckweed plants with no nitrate than with no phosphate / less growth with no nitrate than with no phosphate (1) 	accept nitrate least growth piece together	
	credit correct use of nitrate (1)	e.g amino acids/protein/chlorophyl/ATP/nucleic acids/chlorophyl/enzymes	
	further detail of role of the nitrate containing substance stated in mp2 (1)	e.g. protein enzymes / energy / ATP / cell division / new plant/ photosynthesis/respiration/speed up reactions	(3)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
2(c)(i)	An answer that includes two of the following points:		
	 difficult to distinguish one plant from another/plants overlap (1) 		
	 (plants / leaflets) are of different sizes / may grow by increasing in size (1) 		
	leaf number varies from plant to plant (1)		(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
2(c)(ii)	An answer that includes the following points:		
	measure the {mass/area/root length} (1)	accept weight	
		ecf eg. height	
	 measurements of growth taken (at start) and after {stated/known/intervals of} time 	1 day minimum if stated	
	 description of method to improve accuracy of measurement of growth (1) 	e.g. pat dry before weighing, {2 or higher place / electronic} balance, use of calipers, graph paper, micrometer	
	 calculation of rate as {change divided by time / gradient of graph against time} 		(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)(i)	A – right atrium	Any two correct for one mark	
	B - aorta		
	C - pulmonary artery		
	D – coronary artery		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)(ii)	A drawing showing the following features: cusp and two sets of cords shown (1) one feature correctly labelled (1) another feature correctly labelled (1) 	valve/muscle/cord/strings/tendon/ventricle/papillary muscle muscle muscle heart strings/cords //chordae terrdinae	,
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)(iii)	An answer containing two of the following points:	allow ecf from diagram, e.g. atrium pumps blood into ventricle	
	 ventricle / muscle /wall {pumps blood/empties ventricle} (1) 		
	(atrioventricular) valve prevents {blood flowing from ventricle into atrium/backflow into atrium} (1)		
	 cords prevent valve from {opening wrong or closing wrong way/going inside out/flipping} (1) 		
	papillary muscle pulls on cords (1)		(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number			
3(b)(i)	A calculation showing the following steps		
	 correct measurements of lines M from the diagrams and subtraction (1) 	normal, 0.7/0.8, HC, 1.7/1.8 1.7 -0.7 = 1.0 cm/1.8-0.7 = 1.1/1.7-0.8 = 0.9/ 1.8-0.8 = 1.0	
	calculation of percentage increase (1)	1.0 ÷ 0.7 = 140	
		1.1 ÷ 0.7 = 160	
		0.9 ÷ 0.8 = 110	
		1.0 ÷ 0.8 = 130 (%)	
		ecf 0.6 or 0.9, 1.6 or 1.9 for 1 mark	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(b)(ii)	An answer that includes the following points;		
	Similarities		
	 right ventricles {unaffected/same} (1) 	accept both hearts same size if neither mp1 nor 2 given	
	atria {unaffected/same} (1)	accept R and/or L atria	
	Differences		
	left ventricle {wall/muscle} thicker in the HC heart (1)	accept converse	
	 left ventricle (chamber) {smaller/shorter} in the HC heart (1) 	accept converse	(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional G	iuidance				Ma rk
3(b)(iii)	A table showing the following features						
	 headings, thickness with units and categories (1) 	units must r	not be in cells	of tal	ole		
	raw data correctly entered (1)						
	 spaces for SDs to be entered (1) 	e.g. acceptable range shown in some cells, answ must include just one figure in this range			answe	r	
		group	mean thickness of Artery A / µm	SD	mean thickness of Artery B / µm	SD	
		ECH	340-345		520		(3)
		HC	455-460		585-590		
		control	460		600-610		

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(b)(iv)	An answer that includes the following:		
	suitable manipulation of the data		
	Plus three from the following points		
	 ECH has an {effect / greater effect} on the arteries, HC {does not / has smaller effect} (1) 	accept ECH has greatest / most effect	
	correct description of effect of ECH on artery A (1)	e.g.ECH causes decrease (in thickness) in artery A	
	correct description of effect of ECH on artery B (1)	e.g ECH has no effect on Artery B / decrease (in thickness) in artery B is not significant	
	correct description of effect of HC on arteries A or B (1)	e.g HC does not affect artery A thickness /	
		decrease (in thickness) in artery A is not significant	
		HC does not affect artery B thickness / decrease (in thickness) in artery B is not significant	
		3.5	(4)

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