

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2021

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level In Biology (WBI16) Paper 01 Practical Biology and Investigative Skills

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January 2021
Publications Code WBI16_01_2101_MS
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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1a	A description that includes six of the following points:		
	(compare) pollen grains with and without stigma extract	Accept with extract and with sucrose as control Accept different concentrations of extract as long as one is zero	
	method of measuring growth of pollen tube (1)	Need to mention microscope Accept use of rule, squared paper, stage micrometer	
	identification of one variable with suitable method of control (1)	Accept {temperature / pH	
	identification and method of control of a second variable (1)	/ volume of water / light intensity / age of plant / age of pollen grains / time after ripening of stamens, Ignore size of pollen grains	
	 stated time (intervals) for measuring length of pollen tube (1) 	8,411.5	
		Accept measure after a single suitable interval eg after 30 mins min, max 12 hours; or at suitable intervals og 10.20 mins	
	 method for calculating rate of growth (1) 	intervals eg 10-30 mins	
	 repeats (for each treatment) and 	<u>Change in length</u> time	
	calculate a mean (1)	Accept repeats and calculate SD	6

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)	A description that includes four of the following: • starch is {digested / broken down / hydrolysed} to release glucose (1) • condensation reactions are used to form pectin (1)	Accept release monosaccharides Accept glucose joined by glycosidic bonds to form pectin/polysaccharide	
	 pectin {secreted into / enclosed in / transported in} vesicles (1) 		
	 vesicles fuse with the {tip / cell membrane} to release {pectin / contents} (1) 	Accept reference to exocytosis releasing contents	
	 (respiration in) mitochondria releases {ATP / energy} for production of {vesicles / pectin / enzymes / other relevant molecules} (1) 	Accept energy used for movement of vesicles / exocytosis Piece together mp5	4

Question Number	Answer Additional Guidance			
2 ai	 calculation of mean distance (1) 	Allow ECF for MP2 and MP3 L = 4.4 (mm)		
	• correct use of r ² (1)	$r^2 = 0.01 \text{ (mm}^2\text{)}$		
	• correct answer (1)	0.14 (mm³ min⁻¹) 0.138 gets 2 marks		
		correct answer with no working gains (3) marks	3	

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2aii	 volume of carbon dioxide produced (1) volume of oxygen used 	0.11÷ 0.14	
	RQ value calculated (1)	0.786/0.79 / 0.8/0.80	
		Allow ecf of wrong rate of oxygen from 2ai	
		0.11 ÷ 0.138 = 0.797 / 0.80 0.11 ÷ 0.55 = 0.20	
			2

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2aiii	soda lime absorbs carbon dioxide so must be removed so carbon dioxide produced can be measured.	Accept glass beads do not absorb carbon dioxide so carbon dioxide produced can be measured Ignore ref to measuring RQ	1

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2bi	An answer that includes two of the following:	One abiotic and two biotic = 1mk two abiotic =0	
	mass of maggot (1)species (1)	Accept source	
	• age (1)	Ignore size, sex, type, genetic variation, microbes in tube, competition, disease	2

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2bii	 A description that includes the following: variable with suitable control method described (1) 	Must give detail not just eg use the same mass	
	 results are not valid / description of expected effect on the dependent variable (1) 	Must be directional if giving expected effect	2

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3a	there is no (significant) difference between the (mean) diameter of the zone of inhibition between samples from village B and village A	Three parts to this answer: can be expressed in many different ways	1

Question Number	Answer	Additio	nal Guidan	ce	Mark
Number 3bi	 suitable table format with data (1) correct column headings with units (1) means correctly calculated to same number of places as data table (1) 	Additio	{Diameter zone of	/ length} of inhibition nm Village B 17.2 17.0 17.3 15.8 17.3 18.9 19.1 19.3 16.9 14.8 16.7 17.4 17.8	Wark
			16.6	17.4	
		Mean	16.4 16.2	16.8 17.3	3

Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3bii	 bar graph with linear scale, correct axis labels including units (1) 	Mean diameter of zone of inhibition (mm) and bars labelled A and B Accept broken scale	
	 means plotted correctly (1) 	16.2 and 17.3 ALLOW ecf from 3bi	
	 range bars plotted correctly (1) 	A 14.4 to 18.2 B 14.8 to 19.3	3

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3biii	• correct calculation of numerator (1)	Example of calculation 17.3 - 16.2 = (-) 1.1 Accept 17.31 - 16.19 = 1.12	
	• correct substitution of given $(S_A)^2$ and n $(S_B)^2$ (1)	<u>0.99</u> + <u>1.39</u> 15 15	
	• correct answer (1)	t = 2.76	
		Accept - 2.76 / 2.81 / - 2.81	
		Allow mp 2 and 3 only if incorrect means used	
		correct answer with no working gains (3) marks	3

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3biv	 An answer that includes the following: t value greater than critical value so {difference is significant / reject the null hypothesis} (1) 	Accept correct numbers 2.76 > 2.05 Ref to correlation & difference = no mark	
	 Bacteria from village A are (significantly) more resistant to ampicillin than bacteria in village B (1) 	Accept appears that resistance has developed in village A (as ZOI is significantly bigger)	
	 Cannot comment on development of resistance in village B as do not have any data to compare {before ampicillin given / with another village where ampicillin has not been given} (1) 	Accept that bacteria in village B have not developed resistance compared to bacteria in village A	
	resistance in village B as do not have any data to compare {before ampicillin given / with another village where ampicillin has not been given}	bacteria in village A	

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3c	An answer that includes two of the		
	following:		
	 more samples from each village (1) 	Accept repeat the study / larger sample size / samples from more villages	
	 compare with villages not using {antibiotic / ampicillin} (1) 		
	• control of biotic factors (1)	eg {age / variety / species / diet / spacing} of chickens Ignore reference to genetic variation in chickens / mass / gender	
		Ignore reference to testing different concentrations of ampicillin	2

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4a	A description that includes three of the following:		
	 find a suitable concentration range for ABA (1) 	Accept suitable concentrations of ABA	
	 find a suitable method for measuring starch digestion (1) 	Accept suitable method for measuring amylase production	
	 find a suitable {temperature/pH} (for starch digestion) (1) 	Accept species (of wheat)	
	 find a suitable timescale (for starch digestion) (1) 	Accept find a suitable time for soaking endosperm in ABA (1)	
			3

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4b	An answer that includes eight of the following:		
	clear statement of the dependent variable e.g. size of clear area (1)	Accept absorbance / transmission using colourimeter	
	 some description of aseptic technique e.g. rinse endosperm in {sodium hypochlorite/sterile water} (1) 	Accept using disinfectant (of wheat or apparatus, but not bench)	
	 soak the endosperm with ABA and place on starch agar (1) 	Accept place endosperm in tube containing starch solution	
	 stated time for incubation 24- 72hrs (1) 		
	 method of determining clear area e.g. trace for total area or take (several) diameter measurement(s) (1) 	Accept use colorimeter to measure {transmission / absorbance} (if starch in tube method used)	
	 identify one variable to be controlled and description of how this variable is controlled (1) 	Accept pH temperature	
	 identify second variable to be controlled and description of how this variable is controlled (1) 	humidity light intensity species / variety, age of seed,	
	 repeats at each ABA concentration or repeat the whole experiment (1) 	mass / size of seed	
	test at 5 different concentrations of ABA (1)		8

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Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4c	raw data table with headings and means calculated from repeats (1)	Accept any header with units even if incorrect Accept description of calculating mean Do not accept units in the body of the table	
	 line graph format with labelled axes (1) 	Accept scatter graph	
	 use of an appropriate statistical test (1) 	Accept correlation test or named correlation test	3

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4d	difficult to measure small clear areas (1)	Accept difficulty in using the colourimeter or judging an end point	
	 difficult to maintain aseptic conditions (1) 	Accept {seeds / agar} may be contaminated with bacteria	
	{growth regulators / chemicals} in seed may affect amylase production	Accept genetic variation in seeds affects {amylase production / size of endosperm}	
			2

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