Question Number	Scheme	М	arks
1	$50$ T (a) R ( $\rightarrow$ ): T cos 60 = 50 cos 30	M1	A1
	$T = \underline{86.6 \text{ N}}$		A1 (3)
	(b) $R(\uparrow)$ : $W = 50 \sin 30 + T \cos 30$	M1	A1
	= <u>100 N</u>		A1 (3)
	<b>or</b> R (     to <i>BC</i> ): $W \cos 60 = 50$	M1	A1
	W = 100  N		A1 (3)
	<ul> <li>(a) M1 for a valid equation in T only Treat use of tan 30/60 (e.g. tan 30 = T/50) as invalid equation unless there is a tria Forces</li> <li>(b) M1 for a valid equation involving W (and T if necessary)</li> </ul>	ngle o	f
	for first A1 in (i), allow for using their T (i.e. effectively f.t.)		
	Accept each answer as awrt.		

Scheme	Marks
(a) $v = u + at$ : $9.5 = 5 + 1.5a \Rightarrow a = 3$	M1 A1 ↓
Hence $v^2 = 5^2 + 2 \times 3 \times 24$	M1
$= 169 \implies v = 13 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ (*)	A1 (4)
(b) $I = mv - mu': -30 = 2(v - 13) \implies v = (-) 2 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	M1 A1
In direction of CA (o.e.)	A1 (3)
(a) 2 <sup>nd</sup> M1 for equation in v (and numbers) only Final A1 is cso	
(b) M1 for valid impulse = momentum change equn with 3 non-zero terms includ A1 for '30' and '13' with same sign A1 for direction as 'CB' or anything convincing!	ding '30' and '13'
NB both A's in (b) are cao = cso!	
	(a) ${}^{t}v = u + at'$ : $9.5 = 5 + 1.5a \Rightarrow a = 3$ Hence $v^2 = 5^2 + 2 \times 3 \times 24$ $= 169 \Rightarrow v = \underline{13 \text{ m s}^{-1}}$ (*) (b) ${}^{t}I = mv - mu'$ : $-30 = 2(v - 13) \Rightarrow v = (-) 2 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ In direction of <i>CA</i> (o.e.) (a) $2^{nd} M1$ for equation in v (and numbers) only Final A1 is cso (b) M1 for valid impulse = momentum change equn with 3 non-zero terms include A1 for '30' and '13' with same sign A1 for direction as 'CB' or anything convincing!

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
3	$u \longrightarrow 2 \text{ kg}$ $0 4 \text{ kg}$ CLM: $2u = -2v + 4w$ $v \longleftarrow W$ Using $w = 3v$ ( $\Rightarrow 2u = -2v + 12v$ ) and solve	M1 A1 ↓ M1
	$\Rightarrow V = \frac{1}{5} U \qquad (*)$	A1 cso (4)
	(b) $10 = 2a \implies a = 5 \text{ m s}^{-2}$	B1
	$0 = \frac{1}{25}u^2 - 2 \times 5 \times 1.6$	M1 A1√ ↓
	$\rightarrow u = 20 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	M1 A1 (5)
	<ul> <li>(a) 1<sup>st</sup> M1 for valid CLM equn</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> M1 for correct equn for 'v' and 'w' and solving for v or w.</li> <li>Final A1 is cso (dropping u and reinserting loses last A1)</li> </ul>	
	(b) Allow B1 for $a = \pm 5$ M1 for using ' $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ ' with $v = 0$ and with a value for a A1 <b>f.t.</b> on their a (provided this is not g), but signs must be correct	
	<b>SC</b> For using u instead of $u/5$ ( $\rightarrow u = 4$ ), allow M1 A0 M0.	
	Energy: $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times (\frac{u}{5})^2 = 10 \times 1.6$ M1 A1 A1	
	$\rightarrow u = 20$ dep M1 A1	

Question Number	Scheme	Marks	
4	(a) M(D): $20g \times 1.5 + 10g \times 1 = R_B \times 3$	M1 A1	
	$\Rightarrow \qquad R_B = \frac{40g/3}{131} \approx 131 \text{ or } 130 \text{ N}$	↔ M1 A1 (4)	
	[NB For moments about another point, allow M1 A1 for moments equation dimensionally correct and with correct number of terms; second M1 is for complete method to find $R_{B}$ .]		
	(b) $R(\uparrow)$ : $R_D + 40g/3 = 20g + 10g$	M1 A1 $$	
	$\Rightarrow R_D = 50 g/3 \approx 163 \text{ or } 160 \text{ N}$	A1 (3)	
	or M(B): $20g \times 1.5 + 10g \times 2 = R_D \times 3$	M1 A1	
	$\Rightarrow R_D = 50g/3 \approx 163 \text{ or } 160 \text{ N}$	A1 (3)	
	[NB For moments about another point, allow M1 for a complete method to find $R_D$ , A equation for $R_D$ .]	1 for a correct	
	(c) $R_B = 0$	M1	
	M( <i>D</i> ): $20g \times x = 10g \times 1$	M1 A1	
	x = DF = 0.5  m	A1 (4)	
	For weight/mass confusion, A0 A0 in (a) but allow f.t. in (b) (ans 50/3 = 16.7)		
	General rule of deducting max. 1 per question for > 3 s.f		
	<ul> <li>(c) 2<sup>nd</sup> M1: must have correct no. of non=zero terms, and equation in x only If use value(s) of R's from (a) or (b): M0.</li> </ul>		

Question Number	Scheme	Ma	arks
5	(a) $R = 400g \cos 15^{\circ} (\approx 3786 \text{ N})$	E	31
	F = 0.2R used	E	31
	$400g \checkmark T + 0.2R = 400g \sin 15^{\circ}$	M1 ↓	A1
	<i>T</i> ≈ <u>257 or 260 N</u>	√ M1	A1 (6)
	(b) $400g \sin 15^\circ - 0.2 \times 400g \cos 15^\circ = 400a$	M1	A1
	a = 0.643()		A1
	$50 = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.643 \times t^2$	M1	A1√
	$t = \frac{12.5 \text{ or } 12 \text{ s}}{12.5 \text{ or } 12 \text{ s}}$		A1 (6)
	General rule again about > 3 sf		
	Weight/mass confusion: treat as MR [ $\rightarrow$ T = 26.3/26; a = 0.0656; t = 39(.0)] (b) Allow a = 0.64		
	(Final M1 not dependent but requires an attempt to find an a which is not assumed to be	g)	

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
6	(a) Direction of $\mathbf{v} = (7\mathbf{i} - 7.5\mathbf{j}) - (4\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j}) = 3\mathbf{i} - 1.5\mathbf{j}$	M1 ↓
	$\tan \theta = \frac{1.5}{3} = 0.5 \Rightarrow \theta = 26.565$	M1 A1
	Bearing = <u>117</u> (accept awrt)	A1 (4)
	(b) $\mathbf{v} = (3\mathbf{i} - 1.5\mathbf{j}) \div \frac{3}{4} = 4\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}$	B1
	s = (4i - 6j) + t(4i - 2j)	M1 A1√ (3)
	(c) At 1015 <b>s</b> = $(4i - 6j) + \frac{5}{4} (4i - 2j) (= 9i - 8.5j)$	M1 A1
	m = 0.25 (pi + qj)	B1 ↓
	$\mathbf{s} = \mathbf{m} \Rightarrow \underline{p} = 36, \ q = -34$	M1 A1, A1 (6)
	<ul> <li>(a) Forming direction for v can be either way round.</li> <li>M1 for tan = 'i/j' or 'j/i'</li> <li>A1 for 26.6 or 63.4 (awrt) from a correct direction for v</li> <li>A1 cao</li> </ul>	
	(b) Allow B1 for correct vector for <b>v</b> wherever seen (e.g. in (a))	
	(c) line 1: <b>or</b> $(7\mathbf{i} - 7.5\mathbf{j}) + \frac{1}{2}(4\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}) = \dots$ $1^{st}$ M1 allow for a valid attempt with a value of t. $2^{nd}$ M1 using $\mathbf{s} = \mathbf{m}$ and equating at least one coefficient	

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
7	$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $	
	(a) $F_1 = \frac{2}{7} \times 4g$ (= 11.2) or $F_2 = \frac{2}{7} \times 6g$ (= 16.8)	B1
	System: $40 - \frac{2}{7} \times 4g - \frac{2}{7} \times 6g = 10a$ (equn in <i>a</i> and not <i>T</i> )	M1 A1
	$\Rightarrow \underline{a = 1.2 \text{ m s}^{-2}}  (*)$	A1 (4)
	(b) <i>P</i> : $T - \frac{8}{7}g = 4 \times 1.2$ or <i>Q</i> : $40 - T - \frac{12}{7}g = 6 \times 1.2$	M1 A1
	$\Rightarrow$ T = <u>16 N</u>	A1
	(c) Accelerations of <i>P</i> and <i>Q</i> are same	(3) B1
	(d) $v = 1.2 \times 7 = 8.4$	(1) B1
	P: (-) $\frac{8}{7}g = 4a \implies a = (-) \frac{2}{7}g = 2.8$	M1 A1 ↓
	$0 = 8.4 - 2.8t \implies t = 3 \text{ s}$ (*)	• M1 A1 (5)
	(e) Q: $40 - \frac{12}{7}g = 6a$ ( $\Rightarrow a \approx 3.867$ )	M1 A1
	$v = 8.4 + 3.867 \times 3 = 20 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	↓ M1 A1
	<ul> <li>(a) 1<sup>st</sup> A1 requires values for the F's. (Allow M1 with just 'F''s)</li> <li>(b) Allow M1 A1 for one of these equations wherever seen (e.g. in (a))</li> </ul>	(4)
	(c) extra statement about tensions being equal (with the correct ans): B0	
	(d) allow verification	
	No g: allow 1 <sup>st</sup> M1 in each of parts (a), (b), (d), (e) as f.t. but other A's are cao	