

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
International
Advanced Level

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Mechanics M1

Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Tuesday 20 January 2015 – Morning
Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper Reference

WME01/01**You must have:**

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Blue)

Total Marks

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Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pencils and highlighter pens must not be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$, and give your answer to either two significant figures or three significant figures.
- When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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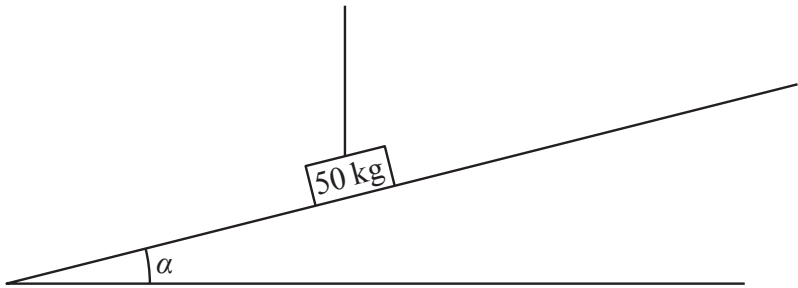


Figure 1

A block of mass 50 kg lies on a rough plane which is inclined to the horizontal at an angle α , where $\tan \alpha = \frac{7}{24}$. The block is held at rest by a vertical rope, as shown in Figure 1, and is on the point of sliding down the plane. The block is modelled as a particle and the rope is modelled as a light inextensible string. Given that the friction force acting on the block has magnitude 65.8 N, find

- (a) the tension in the rope, (4)

- (b) the coefficient of friction between the block and the plane. (4)



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Question 2 continued

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Question 4 continued

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Question 4 continued

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(Total 7 marks)

Q4



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Question 5 continued

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(Total 10 marks)

Q5

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6. A uniform rod AC , of weight W and length $3l$, rests horizontally on two supports, one at A and one at B , where $AB = 2l$. A particle of weight $2W$ is placed on the rod at a distance x from A . The rod remains horizontal and in equilibrium.

(a) Find the greatest possible value of x . (5)

The magnitude of the reaction of the support at A is R . Due to a weakness in the support at A , the greatest possible value of R is $2W$,

(b) find the least possible value of x . (5)

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Question 6 continued

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7. A train travels along a straight horizontal track between two stations *A* and *B*. The train starts from rest at *A* and moves with constant acceleration until it reaches its maximum speed of 108 km h^{-1} . The train then travels at this speed before it moves with constant deceleration coming to rest at *B*. The journey from *A* to *B* takes 8 minutes.

(a) Change 108 km h^{-1} into m s^{-1} . (2)

(b) Sketch a speed-time graph for the motion of the train between the two stations *A* and *B*. (2)

Given that the distance between the two stations is 12 km and that the time spent decelerating is three times the time spent accelerating,

(c) find the acceleration, in m s^{-2} , of the train. (6)



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Question 7 continued

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Turn over

Question 7 continued

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Question 7 continued

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(Total 10 marks)

Q7	
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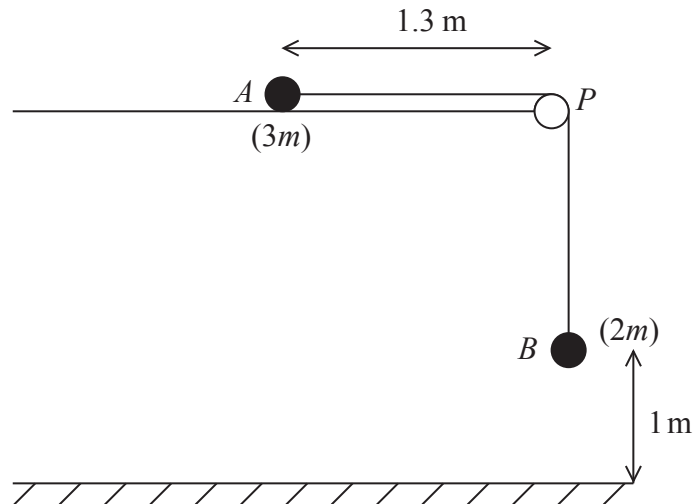


Figure 3

A particle A of mass $3m$ is held at rest on a rough horizontal table. The particle is attached to one end of a light inextensible string. The string passes over a small smooth pulley P which is fixed at the edge of the table. The other end of the string is attached to a particle B of mass $2m$, which hangs freely, vertically below P . The system is released from rest, with the string taut, when A is 1.3 m from P and B is 1 m above the horizontal floor, as shown in Figure 3.

Given that B hits the floor 2 s after release and does not rebound,

- (a) find the acceleration of A during the first two seconds, (2)
- (b) find the coefficient of friction between A and the table, (8)
- (c) determine whether A reaches the pulley. (6)



