## edexcel ㅃ̈̈̈․

# Mark Scheme (Results) 

## Summer 2014

Pearson Edexcel International A Level in Statistics 1
(WST01/01)

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.


## EDEXCEL I AL MATHEMATI CS

## General Instructions for Marking

1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75 .
2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:

- M marks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
- A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
- B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)
- Marks should not be subdivided.

3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod - benefit of doubt
- ft - follow through
- the symbol $\sqrt{ }$ will be used for correct ft
- cao - correct answer only
- cso - correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- awrt - answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- $\quad$ The answer is printed on the paper
- $\square$ The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark

4. All A marks are 'correct answer only' (cao.), unless shown, for example, as A1 ft to indicate that previous wrong working is to be followed through. After a misread however, the subsequent A marks affected are treated as A ft, but manifestly absurd answers should never be awarded A marks.
5. For misreading which does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, in that part of the question affected.
6. Ignore wrong working or incorrect statements following a correct answer.

| Question | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. (a) | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{S}_{y y}=39418-\frac{560^{2}}{8} & =\underline{\mathbf{2 1 8}} \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> A1cao (2) |
| (b) | $[r=] \frac{-710}{\sqrt{" 218 " \times 2587.5}}$ $=-0.945344 \ldots$ <br> awrt -0.945 | M1 <br> A1 <br> (2) |
| (c) | As age increases, volume/blood (pumped) decreases (o.e.) | B1 (1) |
| (d) | Yes as $r$ is close to -1 (if $r<-0.5$ ) or Yes as $r$ is close to 1 (if $r>0.5$ ) For ft , if $-0.5 \leq r \leq 0.5$ "No since $r$ is close to 0 " | B1ft (1) |
| (e) | $b=\frac{-710}{2587.5}=-0.27439 \ldots \quad\left(\text { allow } \frac{-284}{1035}\right) \quad \text { awrt }-0.27$ | M1 A1 |
|  | $a=\frac{560}{8}$ ' $^{\prime}$ their $b^{\prime} \times \frac{370}{8}[=82.690 \ldots] \quad$ so $\quad \boldsymbol{y}=\mathbf{8 2 . 7 - \mathbf { 0 . 2 7 4 x }}$ | M1, A1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { (f)(i) } \\ \text { (ii) } \end{array}$ | $(y=82.7-0.274 \times 40=$ 71.74.. $=$ awrt $\underline{72}$ |  |
|  | Should be reliable since interpolation (o.e.) | B1 |
|  |  | [12] |
|  | Notes |  |
| (a) | M1 for a correct expression for $\mathrm{S}_{y y}$ A1 for 218 (condone 218.0) |  |
| (b) | M1 for attempt at correct formula with their $S_{y y}(>0)$ and given $S_{x x}, S_{x y}$ in the correct places Condone missing "-" for M1 <br> -0.95 with no expression seen scores M1A0, awrt -0.945 with no working scores M1A1 |  |
| (c) | B1 Must mention "age" and "volume" or "blood (pumped)" No ft. |  |
| (d) | B1 ft must comment on supporting and state: high/strong/clear (negative or positive) correlation 'points lie close to a line' is B0 since there is no evidence of this. Do not follow through $\|r\|>1$. |  |
| (e) | $\begin{array}{ll} 1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{M} 1 & \text { for a correct expression for } b . \text { Condone missing " }- \text { " } \\ 1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{A} 1 & \text { for awrt }-0.27 \text { or allow exact fraction. } \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{M} 1 & \text { for a correct method for } a \text {. Follow through their value of } b \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{A} 1 & \text { for a correct equation for } y \text { and } x \text { with } a=\text { awrt } 82.7 \text { and } b=\text { awrt }-0.27 \end{array}$ | No fractions |
| (f) | $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{B} 1$ for awrt 72 <br> $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{B} 1$ for a comment that suggests it is reliable since 40 is within the range of the of the data or interpolation <br> NB "it is reliable since it is in the range" is B0 since " it " is not explicit enough Condone extra non-relevant comments but penalise contradictory comments. <br> e.g. "reliable since 40 is within the range (of ages) and 72 within range of volumes" is B1 si | ages $/ X$-values <br> ce irrelevant |


| Question | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. (a) | $\begin{align*} & \text { Width }=\frac{5}{3} \times 1.5=\underline{\mathbf{2} .5(\mathbf{c m})} \\ & \text { Area }=6 \times 1.5=9 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \text { has frequency }=12 \text { so } 1.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}=2 \text { people } \quad \text { (o.e.) } \\ & \text { Frequency of } 10 \text { corresponds to area of } 7.5 \text { so height }=\underline{\mathbf{3 ( c m})} \tag{3} \end{align*}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { M1 } \end{aligned}$ A1 |
|  | $\mathrm{Q}_{2}=[2.5+] \frac{(25 / 25.5-16)}{12} \times 3=4.75 \quad(\text { or } 4.875 \text { if use } n+1) \quad \text { awrt } \underline{4.75}$ | M1 A1 |
| (c)(i) | $[\bar{x}=] \frac{394}{50}=7.88 \quad\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | B1cso |
| (ii) | $\left[\sigma_{x}=\right] \sqrt{\frac{6500}{50}-\bar{x}^{2}}=\sqrt{67.9056}$ $=\underline{\text { awrt } 8.24} \quad \text { (Accept } s=\text { awrt 8.32) }$ | M1A1 <br> A1 <br> (4) |
| (d) | $\bar{x}>Q_{2}$ <br> So positive (skew) | B1ft <br> dB1 <br> (2) |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { (e) (i) } \\ \text { (ii) } \\ \text { (iii) } \end{array}$ | There is no effect on the m | B1 |
|  | The median will increase | B1 |
|  | The standard deviation will decrease | $\text { B1 }{ }_{[14]^{(3)}}$ |
|  | Notes |  |
| (a) (b) | M1 for forming a relationship between area and no. of people or "their width" $\times$ "their hei or for $\frac{3 h}{10}=\frac{9}{12}$ oe <br> A1 for height of $3(\mathrm{~cm})$ <br> NOTE: the common incorrect answer width $=3$ and height $=2.5$ scores B0M1A0 <br> M1 for a correct fraction $\left[\frac{9}{12}\right.$ or $\left.\frac{9.5}{12}\right] \times 3$. Ignore end point but must be + . <br> May be seen in an equivalent expression e.g. $\frac{(x-2.5)}{5.5-2.5}=\frac{25-16}{28-16}$ <br> Allow use of $(n+1)$ giving 4.875 <br> NB May work down so look out for $[5.5]-\frac{28-25}{12} \times 3$, etc. | $t^{\prime \prime}=7.5$ |
| (c)(i) | B1 for $\frac{394}{50}$ or for fully correct expression seen $\frac{16 \times 1.25+12 \times 4+10 \times 8+8 \times 15.5+4 \times 30.5}{50}$ |  |
| (ii) | M1 for a correct expression must have 6500, 50 and 7.88. (square root not necessary for M1) <br> $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{A} 1$ for a correct expression which must have square root <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ A1 for awrt 8.24 (use of $s=$ awrt 8.32). Condone incorrect labelling if awrt 8.24 is found. |  |
| (d) | $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{B} 1 \mathrm{ft}$ for a correct comparison of $\bar{x}=7.88$ and their $Q_{2}$ (this may be seen embedded in another formula i.e. 3(mean-median)/s.d.) <br> $Q_{3}-Q_{2}>Q_{2}-Q_{1}$ is B0 unless $Q_{1}$ and $Q_{3}$ have been found. ( $Q_{1}=1.95 / 1.99, Q_{3}=10.25 / 10.81$ ) <br> $2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{dB} 1$ Dependent on the $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{B} 1$ and for concluding "positive" skew. <br> Note: if their $Q_{2}>7.88$, then B0. Positive correlation is B0. |  |



| Question | Scheme | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4. (a) | $\mathrm{P}(Y>17)=1-\mathrm{P}(Y<17)=\underline{\mathbf{0 . 4}}$ | B1 |
| (b) | $\mathrm{P}(Y<\mu)=0.5$ or $[\mathrm{P}(\mu<Y<17)=] 0.6-0.5$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { A1 } \end{aligned}$ |
| (c) | $[\mathrm{P}(Y<\mu \mid Y<17)=]$ |  |
|  | $\frac{\mathrm{P}(Y<\mu)}{\mathrm{P}(Y<17)} \text { or } \frac{0.5}{0.6}$ | M1 |
|  | $=\frac{5}{6} \quad \text { awrt } \underline{\mathbf{0 . 8 3 3}}$ | A1 |
|  |  | (2) |
|  |  | [5] |
|  | Notes |  |
| (a) | B1 for 0.4 Note: do not isw if 0.6554 is given as answer after 0.4 has been seen |  |
| (b) | M1 for indicating $\mathrm{P}(Y<\mu)=0.5$ (may be seen on a diagram) |  |
| (c) | M1 for a correct statement $\frac{\mathrm{P}(Y<\mu)}{\mathrm{P}(Y<17)}$ or a correct ratio of probabilities |  |
|  | May be implied by $\frac{\mathrm{P}(Y<\mu)}{0.6}$ or $\frac{0.5}{\mathrm{P}(Y<17)}$ |  |





