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Mark Scheme (Results)
Summer 2012

International GCSE
Biology (4BI0) Paper 1B
Science Double Award (4SC0) Paper 1B
Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 Certificate Biology (KBIO) Paper 1B
Science (Double Award) (KSC0) Paper 1B

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## I NTERNATI ONAL GCSE BI OLOGY PAPER 1B - SUMMER 2012

| Question number | Answer |  |  | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) | Feature | Plants | Animals | 4 marks all correct <br> 3 marks for 6 or 7 <br> 2 marks for 4 or 5 <br> 1 marks for 2 or 3 <br> 0 marks for 0 or 1 <br> blank squares $=$ wrong <br> tick cross combined $=$ wrong | 4 |
|  | can move from place to place | (X) | ( $\sqrt{ }$ ) |  |  |
|  | can carry out photosynthesis | $\checkmark$ | X; |  |  |
|  | are multicellular | $\checkmark$ | $\sqrt{ }$; |  |  |
|  | have cells with cell walls | $\checkmark$ | X; |  |  |
|  | store carbohydrate as glycogen | X | $\sqrt{ }$; |  |  |
| (b) | fungi; bacteria / prokary protoctists / prot viruses; | yotes; <br> zoa; |  | allow singular or plural ignore parasites / microorganisms / specific names eg cholera / amoeba | Max 2 |


| Question number | Answer |  |  | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 (a) |  |  |  | 2 for all 3 correct 1 for 1 or 2 correct | 2 |
|  | Name of blood vessel | Diameter of the lumen in mm | Thickness of the wall in mm |  |  |
|  | vena cava; | 30.0 | 1.5 |  |  |
|  | capillary; | 0.006 | 0.001 |  |  |
|  | aorta; | 25.0 | 2.0 |  |  |
| (b) (i) | aorta; |  |  |  | 1 |
| (ii) | vena cava; |  |  |  | 1 |
| (iii) | capillary; one cell thick | thin (wall/mem | brane) / short | ignore | 2 |
|  | diffusion dist flow / eq; | ce / low pressu | e / slow blood | 0.001 mm thick <br> / small / ref to |  |
|  |  |  |  | surface area to volume |  |
|  |  |  |  | reject ref to thin cell wall |  |
|  |  |  |  | wrong named blood vessel = 0 for whole item |  |



| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 3 (f) | glucose; $\rightarrow$ ethanol/alcohol; + carbon <br> dioxide; | ignore yeast on <br> left hand side <br> of equation but <br> reject if any <br> other <br> substance used <br> ignore energy / <br> heat <br> allow symbols <br> only if correct <br> eg CO2 $=0$ <br> CO2 | 3 |


| Question number | Answer |  | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (a) (i) |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | Structure | Organ |  |  |
|  | Spongy mesophyll | leaf |  |  |
|  | Alveolus | lung(s); |  |  |
|  | Nephron | kidney(s); |  |  |
|  | Villus | small intestine / duodenum / ileum; |  |  |
| (b) (i) | movement of molecules/parti molecule; <br> high conc. to low concentration g <br> passive / eq; | /gases/named <br> nc. / down ent / eq; | ignore substances <br> allow along concentration gradient | Max 2 |
| (c) | ultrafiltration / glomerulus / Bo renal capsule; | sure; an's capsule / | ignore filtered alone | 2 |

Total 7 marks

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Question number \& Answer \& Notes \& Marks \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
5 (a) (i) \\
(ii)
\end{tabular} \& ```
enzymes;
kinetic energy / more collisions /
molecules move faster / eq;
(more) photosynthesis;
(more) carbohydrate / glucose / eq;
energy / respiration;
minerals / ions / salts / nutrients /
eq;
named mineral 1;
function of named mineral 1;
named mineral 2;
function of named mineral 2;
``` \& \begin{tabular}{l}
ignore reactions alone ignore ref to transpiration / diffusion \\
ignore food \\
eg. nitrate (ignore nitrogen) /ammonium for; amino acids / protein; if nitrogen ignored still allow function mark \\
magnesium; for chlorophyll/chloroplast; phosphate for; ATP / DNA / eq; ignore NPK
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Max 3 \\
Max 3
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
(b) (i) \\
(ii)
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
ladybird / eq; aphid / eq; \\
1. lasts longer / no need to reapply / eq; \\
2. specific / no harm to other species; \\
3. no bioaccumulation / no biomagnification / eq; \\
4. no resistance; ignore immunity \\
5. no harm/affect to food chain(s) / eq;
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
accept any predator prey eg birds eating caterpillars ignore 'predator' eats a 'pest' \\
accept converse answers that refer to chemical pesticide ignore ref to eutrophication ignore pollution / harm to habitat / eq ignore cost ignore ref to not harming crops/safer for humans
\end{tabular} \& 2

3 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Question number \& Answer \& Notes \& Marks \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
6 (a) (i) \\
(ii) \\
(iii)
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
respiration / energy; \\
active transport / active uptake; low to high conc. / against conc. gradient / eq; \\
chlorophyll / chloroplasts; photosynthesis / absorb light / eq;
\end{tabular} \& ignore across concentration gradient \& 1
2

2 <br>

\hline (b) \& | 1. variation ( in Ash borers) / eq; |
| :--- |
| 2. mutation / mutate(s) / mutated; |
| 3. not eaten / not attacked / avoided / eq; |
| 4. survive(s) / survival /survived; |
| 5. reproduce / breed / mated / multiply / eq; |
| 6. pass on gene(s) / allele(s) / eq; |
| 7. process continues over time / eq; | \& \& Max 4 <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

| Question number | Answer |  |  |  | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (a) (i) | parents: <br> gametes: <br> a; <br> offspring: aa; <br> phenotypes: average; | Aa <br> A <br> AA <br> short | a <br> Aa <br> short | Aa; <br> A <br> Aa <br> short | allow parent, gamete and offspring marks in Punnett square <br> if parent genotypes wrong allow ecf to max of 3 for gametes, offspring and phenotypes <br> allow if other symbols used <br> allow other terms for short and average eg achondroplasia and tall <br> only give phenotype mark if it is clear that candidate knows there are three short and one average a statement that the phenotypes are short and average $=0$ | 4 |
| (b) | 114 / 25\% / 0 | / 1 | n 4 / |  | ecf | 1 |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 7 (c) (i) | always / in heterozygote / in both <br> heterozygote and homozygote / eq; <br> expressed / seen / shown / <br> determines characteristic / develops <br> the trait / (in phenotype) / eq; | ignore stronger <br> /overpowers / <br> masks | Max 2 |  |
| (ii) | 1. those with achondroplasia less <br> likely to <br> have children / reproduce / eq; <br> 2. allele is rare / eq; <br> 3. selective advantage for aa / eq; | allow <br> converse for all <br> points | allow health <br> implications for <br> achondroplasia | Max 2 |

Total 9 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 (a) | ```S scale linear and at least half grid; L lines neat and through points; A1 axes correct way round; A2 axes labelled temperature and midpoint/period/year; \(\begin{array}{ll}\text { U } & { }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}_{\text {i }} \\ \mathrm{P} & \\ & \end{array}\) correct;``` | annotate using the letters provided <br> extrapolation loses P mark | 6 |
| (b) | 1695-1720; |  | 1 |
| (c) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) | water vapour / carbon dioxide / nitrous oxide / methane / CFCs / ozone; <br> traps heat / reflects infra red / reflects long wave radiation / contributes to global warming / eq; <br> 1. burning / combustion / eq; <br> 2. fossil fuels / coal / oil / gas; <br> 3. cars / planes / factories / trains / power stations / eq; <br> 4. cattle farming / rice farming; <br> 5. deforestation; <br> 6. fridges / aerosols (CFCs); | allow any oxide of nitrogen <br> ignore contributes to greenhouse effect <br> ignore petrol | 1 1 1 3 |


| Question number | Answer |  |  | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 (a) | runners / corms / bulbs / tubers / rhizomes; |  |  | ignore cuttings / cloning / vegetative propagation /micropropagation /tissue culture | 1 |
| (b) | Feature | Sexual reproduction in plants | Sexual reproduction in animals |  | 3 |
|  | male gametes | (pollen nucleus) | sperm; |  |  |
|  | site of fertilisation | ovule; | oviduct / fallopian tube / eq; |  |  |
| (c) | 1. indication of number and size difference; <br> eg .more sperm + smaller / less eggs + larger / more sperm + larger egg / less eggs + smaller sperm <br> 2. sperm: better chance of fertilisation / swim easier / eq egg: more cytoplasm / more nutrition / eq; |  |  |  | 2 |

Total 6 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 (a) | stomata / guard cells; spongy (mesophyll) / spongy (layer) / air spaces / eq; moist; thin; large surface area; | ignore wide and flat | Max 3 |
| (b) | $6 \mathrm{CO}_{2}+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}+6 \mathrm{O}_{2}$ $\mathrm{CO}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}+\mathrm{O}_{2}=1$ | allow one mark for correct equation and correct formula and a second mark for correct balance formula wrong $=0$ eg. CO2 $=$ wrong but $\mathrm{CO}_{2}=$ correct reject word equation <br> ignore light/chlorophyll/energy | 2 |
| (c) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) | dark for 12 hours plus; <br> keep in dark / no light / cover leaf surface / eq; <br> boil/heat/warm in ethanol/alcohol; safety: water bath / no flame / eq; iodine; blue black / eq; | tube of ethanol in water bath $=2$ <br> ignore tongs / gloves etc <br> allow black / dark black <br> / dark blue / blue | 1 1 3 |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 (a) (i) <br> (ii) | (-)10.62 / (-)10.6; ; <br> allow one mark for 9.76 or 1.16 in working however used <br> idea of less oxygen /eq; <br> (less) respiration / energy; low yield / less growth / smaller fish / eq; | ignore minus sign ignore additional decimal places <br> ignore idea of high oxygen needed for growth ignore death ignore number | $2$ $\text { Max } 2$ |
| (b) | Method How method <br> increases fish <br> production <br> adding <br> antibiotics to <br> the water control disease / kill <br> bacteria / parasites / <br> pathogens / eq; <br> using nets to <br> cover tanks protect fish being <br> eaten by predators / <br> named predator / <br> prevent escape; <br> feeding small <br> quantities of <br> food <br> frequently all eaten / no waste / <br> no decay / less <br> eutrophication / less <br> bacterial growth / eq; | ignore competition ignore ref to energy / nutrients ignore overfeeding ignore pollution | 3 |
| (c) | digested / broken down; amino acids / (poly)peptides; stomach; protease / named protease enzyme (ONCE); <br> $\mathrm{HCl} /$ acid / low pH / eq; small intestine / duodenum / ileum; bile / neutralise /alkaline / eq; optimum pH (ONCE) | ignore pepsinogen / trypsinogen accept name of enzyme if in incorrect part of gut | Max 5 |

Total 12 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 (a) (i) <br> (ii) | hypothalamus / pituitary; <br> 1. collecting duct; <br> 2. more permeable / eq; <br> 3. (more) water (re)absorbed (into blood) / <br> blood more dilute / eq; <br> 4. osmosis; <br> 5. urine concentrated / less water in urine / less urine; | 1. ignore nephron <br> 2. ignore changes permeability <br> 3. allow water potential concept if used correctly | 1 3 |
| (b) | 1. fast(er) (versus slow(er)); <br> 2. electrical/impulse (versus chemical); <br> 3. neurones (versus blood); <br> 4. short(er) lasting (versus long(er) lasting); <br> 5. target cells (versus all around body); | nervous / hormone point alone $=$ accept <br> 'it' is faster assume nerves discussed <br> allow two ways if in same numbered section | Max 2 |
| (c) | light all around: straight and taller <br> than start;  <br> light from side: grows towards light; <br> darkness:  <br> than light all straight and taller <br> days; around after two |  | 3 |
| (d) | down / positively geotropic / toward gravity / eq; anchor / hold plant / stability / eq; (obtain) water / mineral ions / nutrients / eq; |  | 3 |

Total 12 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | C indoors / outdoors / eq; |  | Max 6 |
|  | O same species / size / age / breed / gender / eq; |  |  |
|  | R repeats / groups / lots / some chickens / eq; | eg. 2 inside and 2 outside |  |
|  | M1 mass / length / eq ; | allow if at start or at end |  |
|  | M2 time period stated; | at least one day |  |
|  | S1 one variable controlled; | eg. mass of food / same food / area / water / light / eq |  |
|  | S2 another variable controlled; | ignore temperature ignore environment |  |

Total 6 marks
PAPER TOTAL: 120 MARKS

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