

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2021

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Biology (4BI1) Paper 2B

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|--|------|
| 1(a)(i) | The only correct answer is B microscopic plankton | 1 |
| | A is not correct because crustaceans are not producers | |
| | C is not correct because sea birds are not producers | |
| | D is not correct because turtles are not producers | |

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|--|------|
| 1(a)(ii) | The only correct answer is C human | 1 |
| | A is not correct because crustaceans are not a tertiary consumer | |
| | <i>B is not correct because fin whales are not a tertiary consumer</i> | |
| | D is not correct because whale sharks are not a tertiary consumer | |

| Question Number | Answer | | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---|------|
| 1(b) | An explanation that makes reference to five of the following points: | | 5 |
| | • (less) food taken in / eaten / taken in (to stomach) / starve (1) | | |
| | • food cannot be digested / less digestion (1) | | |
| | • fewer amino acids / less glucose / fatty acids / glycerol (1) | | |
| | less gas exchange / less air <u>taken</u> in / can't breathe / <u>air</u> cannot flow through trachea / bronchi / suffocate (1) | | |
| | less oxygen (in blood) / less oxygen (to lungs) (1) | | |
| | less carbon dioxide removed / eq (1) | | |
| | less (aerobic) respiration / more anaerobic respiration (1) | | |
| | less energy / ATP / more lactic acid (1) | | |
| | | Allow less energy idea from less food / glucose / eq ONCE | |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 1(c) | An answer that makes reference to the following points: plastic concentrate (along food chain) / plastic increases in bodies (along food chain) / more plastic in higher trophic levels / plastic works along food chain / plastic builds up / eq (1) | Allow toxin for plastic Allow plastic not excreted / not removed from bodies / stay in the bodies | 2 |
| | humans at end of food chain / humans eat plastic when eating fish / eq / humans gain plastic from the fish (1) less catch of fish / less food for humans (if fish populations decrease) (1) | | |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|---|---|------|
| 1(d) | 2000 - 200 = 1800 | Award full marks for correct numerical answer without working | 3 |
| | • 1800 × 365 = 657 000 or 660 000 | Allow one mark for 1800 | |
| | • = 6.57×10^5 or 6.6×10^5 (3) | Allow two marks for 657 000 / 660 000 | |
| | | Allow two marks for any 6.57 / 6.6 with wrong power | |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 1(e) | An explanation that makes reference to the following points:reduced biodiversity / eq (1) | | 2 |
| | fewer species / lower populations (1) fewer food sources / eq / fewer niches (1) | Allow some species become extinct/ die out Allow food chain disruption idea | |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 1(f) | An answer that makes reference to two of the following points: less microplastic produced (1) fewer animals harmed / suffocated / killed / damaged / not eaten by animals (1) broken down / digested / decomposed (1) by microorganisms / bacteria / fungi (1) | Allow less bioaccumulation / less toxin passed along food chains / eq Ignore (bio)degrade | 2 |

Total = 16 marks

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|--|------|
| 2(a) | The only correct answer is A | 1 |
| | <i>B</i> is not correct because it does not contain nephrons | |
| | C is not correct because it does not contain nephrons | |
| | D is not correct because it does not contain nephrons | |
| | | |

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|--|------|
| 2(b) | An answer that makes reference to one of the following points: | 1 |
| | • water (1) | |
| | • urea (1) | |
| | ions / named ion / salts (1) | |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 2(c)(i) | An explanation that makes reference to five of the following points: more urine produced when drinking water / less urine when drinking salt solution (1) | Allow converse for salt | 5 |
| | lower blood concentration (when drinking water) / higher blood concentration (when drinking salt solution) (1) | Allow correct water potentials Allow blood is more dilute / higher water levels | |
| | detected by hypothalamus / osmoreceptors (1) less / no ADH released by (pituitary) (with water) / (more) ADH released (with salt) (1) collecting ducts are less permeable (with water) / collecting ducts are more permeable (with salt) (1) less water reabsorbed / absorbed into blood (with water) / (more) water reabsorbed / absorbed into blood (with salt) (1) | | |

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|--|------|
| 2(c)(ii) | An answer that makes reference to two of the following points: exercise / sweating / activity (1) volume of fluid consumed before investigation / what they drank (1) temperature / eq (1) food eaten / diet (1) | 2 |

Total 9 marks

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|---|------|
| 3(a) | | 1 |
| | in glass / in test tube / in (Petri) dish (1) | |

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|--|------|
| 3(b)(i) | An explanation that makes reference to two of the following points: increases up to pH 6 and decreases above pH 6 (1) enzymes (1) <u>optimum pH</u> is 6 / (enzymes) denature at high / low pH / eq (1) | 2 |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 3(b)(ii) | A description that makes reference to five of the following points: use forceps / scalpel / knife / eq to remove explants / pieces from plant (1) | | 6 |
| | wash in bleach / hypochlorite / ethanol / alcohol / sterile wipes / eq (1) (grow on) agar (1) | Ignore sterilised alone | |
| | nutrients / minerals / carbohydrates / amino acids / named mineral / eq / growth factors / hormones (1) | Allow rooting powder | |
| | • add acid / alkali / buffer (1) | | |
| | • use several / multiple explants / repeat (1) | | |
| | • control temperature / carbon dioxide / light (1) | | |
| | • sterile agar / sterile tubes (1) | Allow sterile cotton wool / Allow disinfected / ensure sterile conditions / sterilise equipment | |
| | • same age plant / same plant / same size of explants / eq (1) | | |
| | • count number of shoots after same / stated time (1) | Allow roots | |

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|--|------|
| 3(c) | An answer that makes reference to two of the following points: lots produced (1) genetically identical / no variation / all same type / identical / same characteristics / guaranteed plant / they are clones (1) can grow GM plants / eq (1) faster / quicker (1) any time of year (1) can be used for plants that are hard to germinate / grow from seed (1) | 2 |

Total 11 marks

| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 4(a) | An explanation that makes reference to two of the following points: few / no chloroplasts / thin layer / thin cells / one cell thick (1) transparent / lets light through / allows light to reach palisade layer (1) | Allow light to reach layer B / Allows cells underneath to photosynthesise | 2 |
| | (waxy cuticle) reduces water loss / evaporation / waterproof layer / barrier to water / eq (1) protects against infection / eq (1) | | |

| Question | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
|----------|---|--|------|
| Number | | | |
| 4(b) | An answer that makes reference to two of the following points: | | 4 |
| | two from: | | |
| | (Layer B) | | |
| | • vertical cells / rectangular / tightly packed / many chloroplasts (1) | | |
| | • large surface area (1) | | |
| | • absorb / capture / harvest / trap light / eq (1) | | |
| | and two from | | |
| | (Layer C) | | |
| | • air spaces / gaps between cells / loosely packed / eq (1) | | |
| | • for gas exchange (1) | | |
| | • diffusion of CO ₂ / diffusion of O ₂ (1) | Allow for one mark gases diffuse if not mp5 / 6 | |

| Question | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|----------|--|---|------|
| Number | | | |
| 4(c) | An explanation that makes reference to the following points: | | 2 |
| | • guard cells (1) | | |
| | • open / close stomata (1) | | |
| | • let carbon dioxide in during day / when light (1) | Allow oxygen out during day / when light | |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|----------|--|------|
| Number | | |
| 4(d) | An explanation that makes reference to four of the following points: | 4 |
| | reduce / stop transpiration / water loss (from plant) (1) | |
| | • so plant does not wilt / go flaccid (1) | |
| | • (but) allows absorption of carbon dioxide / CO_2 can still get in / can still pass through (1) | |
| | • photosynthesis can occur / can (still) make glucose / carbohydrates / starch (1) | |
| | • but less absorption / transport of mineral ions / named mineral ions (1) | |
| | less cooling / plant may overheat / eq (1) | |
| | | |

Total 12 marks

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|---|------|
| 5(a) (i) | The only correct answer is C 5 | 1 |
| | A is not correct because it does code for 1 amino acid | |
| | B is not correct because it does code for 3 amino acids | |
| | <i>D</i> is not correct because it does code for 15 amino acids | |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---|------|
| 5(a) (ii) | | One error scores 1 | 2 |
| | gua agu uaa gua aag (2) | Allow one mark for GTA AGT TAA GTA AAG | |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---|------|
| 5(a) (iii) | An explanation that makes reference to the following two points: | | 2 |
| | • each triplet / codon codes for one amino acid / eq (1) | Allow one codon / triplet determines each / one amino acid | |
| | codons are discrete / independent of each other / nucleotides / bases are not shared between codons / eq (1) | Allow nucleotides / bases are not shared between amino acid (codes) | |
| | • example of triplet reading frames, e.g. CAT TCA / eq (1) | Allow triplets read CAT TCA etc / or CAT/TCA | |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|--|------|
| 5(b) | A description that makes reference to four of the following points:(mRNA arrives at) ribosome (1) | | 4 |
| | • mRNA has codons / is a template (1) | | |
| | • ribosome moves along mRNA strand (1) | Allow ribosome moves along to next | |
| | • tRNA brings amino acids (to ribosome) (1) | codon | |
| | anticodon (on tRNA) binds with codon (on mRNA) / tRNA binds with mRNA (1) | Allow codon is complementary to anticodon | |
| | • amino acid chain produced / amino acid joined / polypeptide (1) | | |

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|--|------|
| 5(c) | the / its genes / DNA / genetic material (1) | 1 |

Total 10 marks

| Question Number | Answer | | Mark |
|--------------------|---|--|------|
| 6(a) | An answer that makes reference to two of the following points: • increasing enzyme concentration increases the rate of oxygen production / eq (2) | Allow increasing catalase concentration / number of potato discs increases the amount of oxygen produced / eq (2) | 2 |
| | one mark for naming the enzyme concentration / number of potato discs as independent variable <u>and the oxygen production as the dependent variable (1)</u> | Max one for correct relationship but variables named wrongly e.g. increasing potato disc number (dependent variable) increases the volume of oxygen produced (independent variable) | |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|----------|--|------|
| Number | | |
| 6(b) | An answer that makes reference to two of the following points: | 2 |
| | • pH / volume of buffer (1) | |
| | • volume of hydrogen peroxide / substrate (1) | |
| | • time / duration of reaction (1) | |
| | • size / volume / mass / shape / surface area of each disc (1) | |
| | temperature (1) | |

| Question | Answer | | Mark |
|----------|---|-----------------------------------|------|
| Number | | Additional guidance | |
| 6(c) (i) | (c) (i) • 4.2 ÷ 3 Allow one mark for mean using all values | | 2 |
| | | | |
| | • 1.4 (2) | e.g. 4.2 ÷ 4 = 1.05 or 1.1 or 1.0 | |
| | | | |

| Question | Answer | | Mark |
|-----------|-------------------------|---|------|
| Number | | Additional guidance | |
| 6(c) (ii) | • 8.3 - 7.3 ÷ 7.3 x 100 | Allow one mark for 1(.0) or (8.3 – 7.3) | 2 |
| | | Allow one mark for ÷ by 7.3 | |
| | • = 13.7 (2) | Allow one mark for 0.137 | |
| | | Allow 13.6986 / 14 for 2 marks | |
| | | Allow one mark for 13.69 | |
| | | | |

| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
|--------------------|--|---------------------|------|
| 6(c) (iii) | An explanation that makes reference to two of the following points: increasing enzyme concentration /number of discs increases volume of oxygen | | 2 |
| | produced (1) | | |
| | more active sites (1) | | |
| | (increase in enzyme concentration) means more collisions / more enzyme substrate complexes / more enzymes combine with substrates / eq (1) | | |

| Question | Answer | | Mark |
|----------|--|--|------|
| Number | | Additional guidance | |
| 6(d) | An explanation that makes reference to the following two points | | 2 |
| | | Allow converse for mp1 and mp2 | |
| | • to measure initial / fastest rate (1) | Allow reaction will slow down Allow the rate of oxygen production / bubbles produced will slow | |
| | (as time increases) hydrogen peroxide / substrate concentration falls / hydrogen peroxide breaks down / is used up (1) | Allow reaction is not limited by substrate concentration Allow reaction may have finished by 10 min | |
| | • valid (comparison) (1) | | |

Total 12 marks

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