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Mark Scheme (Results)
January 2014

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE
Mathematics A $(4 \mathrm{MAO} / 3 \mathrm{H})$ Paper 3 H
Pearson Edexcel Certificate Mathematics A (KMAO/3H)

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.
Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
o M marks: method marks
o A marks: accuracy marks
o B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)
- Abbreviations
o cao - correct answer only
o ft - follow through
o isw - ignore subsequent working
o SC - special case
o oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
o dep-dependent
o indep - independent
o eeoo - each error or omission


## - No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

## - With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.
Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the $M$ marks.
If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.
If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.
If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

## - I gnoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.
Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

## - Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in anothe

| Apart from Question 11 (where the mark scheme states otherwise), the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 1 (a) | $900 \times \frac{13}{6}$ |  | 2 | M1 for $\frac{900}{6}$ or 150 or $\frac{13}{6}(=2.16 \ldots)$ oe or $900 \times 13$ or 11700 |
|  |  | 1950 |  | A1 cao |
| (b) | $6 \times \frac{1250}{750} \text { or } 1250 \div \frac{750}{6}$ |  | 2 | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { M1 } & \text { for } \frac{1250}{750} \text { oe }(=1.66 \ldots) \text { or } \\ & \frac{750}{1250} \text { oe }(=0.6) \text { or } \frac{750}{6} \text { oe }(=125) \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 10 |  | A1 cao |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $852 \times 10.75$ or $10 \frac{3}{4} \times 852$ or $\frac{645 \times 852}{60}$ |  | 3 | M2M1 for $852 \times 10.45$ or 8903.4 <br> or $852 \times 645$ or 549540 |
|  |  | 9159 |  | A1 cao |
|  |  |  | Total 3 marks |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | $\sin 43$ used |  | 3 | M1 | or M1 for <br> $7.8 \cos 43^{\circ}$ <br> (5.704...) and <br> $7.8^{2}-" 5.704{ }^{2}$ <br> (28.298) <br> M1 for $\sqrt{" 28.298 "}$ | or M1 for correct statement of Sine Rule eg $\frac{7.8}{\sin 90^{\circ}}=\frac{x}{\sin 43^{\circ}}$ <br> M1 for correct expression for $x$ $\operatorname{eg} x=\frac{7.8 \sin 43^{\circ}}{\sin 90^{\circ}}$ |
|  | $7.8 \sin 43^{\circ}$ |  |  | M1 |  |  |
|  |  | 5.32 |  |  | for ans roundin (5.319587...) | $5.32$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |



| Question | Working | Answer$20 c^{2}$ | Mark1 | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 (a) |  |  |  | B1 | Also accept $c^{2} 20$ |
| (b) |  | $x(x+4)$ or $x(4+x)$ | 2 | B2 | Award B2 also for $(x \pm 0)(x+4)$ oe <br> B1 for factors which, when expanded and simplified, give two terms, one of which is correct <br> except B0 for $(x+2)(x-2)$ |
| (c) | $2^{3}+5 \times 2$ or $8+10$ |  | 2 | M1 |  |
|  |  | 18 |  | A1 | cao |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | $\angle P O T=58^{\circ}$ |  | 3 | M1 May be stated or marked on diagram |
|  | $\angle O T P=90^{\circ}$ |  |  | M1 May be stated or marked on diagram |
|  |  | 32 |  | A1 cao |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark |  | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (a) |  | $-1<x \leq 4$ | 2 |  | Also accept both $x>-1$ and $x \leq 4$ or $4 \geq x>-1$ <br> B1 for a double-ended inequality which is correct at one end (ignore the other end) eg. $-1 \leq x \leq 4,-1<x>4$ $\text { or }-1 \leq x<4$ <br> or award B1 for an answer of $x>-1 \text { or } x \leq 4$ |
| (b)(i) | $2 y-6 \geq 1$ |  | 3 | M1 | M2 for $y-3 \geq \frac{1}{2}$ <br> For method marks condone use of $>$ instead of $\geq$ |
|  | $2 y \geq 7$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | $y \geq 3 \frac{1}{2}$ oe |  | A1 |  |
| (ii) |  | 4 | 1 | B1 | cao |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 (a) | $\frac{32+14+6}{80} \times 100 \mathrm{oe}$ |  | 2 | M1 for $\frac{32+14+6}{80}$ or 0.65 |
|  |  | 65 |  | A1 cao |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & 2.85 \times 2+2.95 \times 4+3.05 \times 22+3.15 \times 32+3.25 \times 14+3.35 \times 6 \\ & \text { or } 5.7+11.8+67.1+100.8+45.5+20.1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 for at least two products $f \times x$ consistently within intervals (inc end points) |
|  |  |  |  | M1 for complete correct method (condone any one error) NB. products do not need to be evaluated |
|  |  | 251 |  | A1 cao |
| (c) | Use of $w=3.25$ on graph |  | 2 | M1 for correct use of $w=3.25$ on graph or implied by any value in the range $68-70$ stated |
|  |  | 10 or 11 or 12 |  | A1 accept any value in range 10-12 inc |
| (d) | 20 and 60 or $20^{1 / 4}$ and $603 / 4$ indicated on cumulative frequency axis or stated |  | 2 | M1 or 3.2 and 3.07 indicated on graph or in working space |
|  |  | 0.13 |  | A1 accept an answer that follows through from their correct lines on graph and correct readings |
|  |  |  |  | Total 9 marks |


| Question | Working Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 (a) | Enlargement scale factor 3 centre (4, 3) | 3 | B3 B1 for enlargement, enlarge etc <br> B1 for $3, \times 3$, three, $\frac{3}{1}$ <br> B1for $(4,3)$ Condone omission of brackets but do not accept $\binom{4}{3}$ <br> These marks are independent but award no marks if the answer is not a single transformation |
| (b) | $\mathbf{R}$ correct [vertices at $(5,8)(5,14)$ and $(2,8)$ ] | 1 | B1 Condone omission of label |
| (c) | Enlargement scale factor $\frac{1}{3}$ centre $(8,2)$ | 2 | B2 B1 for enlargement, enlarge etc and $\frac{1}{3}, \times \frac{1}{3}, 0.33(3 \ldots)$ <br> B1for (8, 2) Condone omission of brackets but do not accept $\binom{8}{2}$ <br> These marks are independent but award no marks if the answer is not a single transformation |
|  |  |  | Total 6 marks |




| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | $\sqrt{9.5^{2}-7.6^{2}}$ or $\sqrt{90.25-57.76}$ or $\sqrt{32.49}$ or $\sqrt{32.5}$ |  | 5 | M1 |
|  | ( $B C=$ ) 5.7 |  |  | A1 |
|  | $\frac{1}{2} \times 7.6 \times " 5.7 \text { " or } 21.6(6) \text { or } 21.7$ |  |  | M1 dep on first M1 $\begin{aligned} & \text { or eg. } A C B=\sin ^{-1}\left(\frac{7.6}{9.5}\right)(=53.1 \ldots) \\ & \text { and } \\ & \frac{1}{2} \times 9.5 \times " 5.7 " \times \sin " 53.1 " \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times\left(\frac{\text { "5.7" }}{2}\right)^{2}$ or $12.7(587 \ldots)$ or 12.8 |  |  | M1 dep on first M1 |
|  |  | 34.4 |  | A1 for answer rounding to 34.4 $(\pi \rightarrow 34.4187 \ldots \quad 3.14 \rightarrow 34.4123 \ldots)$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 (a)(i) | $5+2$ or 7 or $\frac{5}{20}+\frac{2}{20}$ |  | 2 | M1 |
|  |  | $\frac{7}{20} \mathrm{oe}$ |  | A1 accept answer written as an equivalent fraction or 0.35 or $35 \%$ |
| (ii) |  |  | 2 | M1 for $\frac{9}{a}$ with $a>9$ or $\frac{b}{20}$ with $\mathrm{b}<20$ or 9 and 20 used with incorrect notation (eg. $9: 20$ ) |
|  |  | $\frac{9}{20}$ oe |  | A1 accept answer written as an equivalent fraction or 0.45 or $45 \%$ |
| (b)(i) | $\frac{2}{20} \times \frac{2}{20}$ oe and no other terms |  | 2 | M1 $\quad$ SC M1 for $\frac{2}{20} \times \frac{1}{19}$ |
|  |  | $\frac{4}{400} \text { oe }$ |  | A1 accept answer written as an equivalent fraction eg $\frac{1}{100}$ or 0.01 or $1 \%$ |
| (ii) | $\frac{5}{20} \times \frac{8}{20} \text { or } \frac{8}{20} \times \frac{5}{20} \text { or } \frac{4}{20} \times \frac{4}{20}$ |  | 3 | M1 SC M1 for <br> 5 58 |
|  | $\frac{5}{20} \times \frac{8}{20}+\frac{8}{20} \times \frac{5}{20}+\frac{4}{20} \times \frac{4}{20}$ |  |  | M1 $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\frac{5}{20} \times \frac{8}{19} \text { or } \frac{8}{20} \times \frac{5}{19} \text { or } \frac{4}{20} \times \frac{3}{19} \\ \text { M1 for } \\ \frac{5}{20} \times \frac{8}{19}+\frac{8}{20} \times \frac{5}{19}+\frac{4}{20} \times \frac{3}{19}\end{array}\right.$ |
|  |  | $\frac{96}{400} \text { oe }$ |  | A1 accept answer written as an equivalent fraction eg $\frac{6}{25}$ or 0.24 or $24 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 9 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 (a) | $D=k t^{2}$ |  | 3 | M1 for $D=k t^{2}$ but not for $D=t^{2}$ |  |
|  | $8=k \times 16$ oe or $8=k \times 4^{2}$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | $D=\frac{1}{2} t^{2}$ |  | A1 for $D=\frac{1}{2} t^{2}$ oe with $D$ the subject Award 3 marks if answer is $D=k t^{2}$ and $k$ is evaluated as $\frac{1}{2}$ in part (a) or part (b) |  |
| (b) | $t^{2}=100$ |  | 2 | M1 | ft from $k t^{2}=50$ with $k \neq 1$ |
|  |  | 10 |  | A1 Also accept $\pm 10$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working |  | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $\frac{1}{2} \times 8.9 \times 6.7 \times \sin 74^{\circ}$ <br> or $28.6(600 \ldots)$ | $h=6.7 \sin 74^{\circ}$ <br> or $6.44(0 \ldots)$ |  | 3 | M1or a complete correct method to find <br> the perpendicular height |
|  | $\times 2$ | $8.9 \times " 6.44(0 \ldots)^{\prime \prime}$ |  | M1(dep) for a complete method to find <br> area of parallelogram |  |
|  |  | 57.3 |  | A1for answer rounding to 57.3 <br> $(57.320 \ldots)$ |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ | $y^{2}=a y^{2}+n$ |  | 5 | M1 |
|  | $y^{2}-a y^{2}=n$ or <br> $1=a+\frac{n}{y^{2}}$ or $1-a=\frac{n}{y^{2}}$ |  | M1 isolate terms in $y^{2}$ |  |
| or divide through by $y^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $y^{2}(1-a)=n$ |  |  | M1take out $y^{2}$ as a common factor  <br>  $y^{2}=\frac{n}{1-a}$ |
|  | $\sqrt{\frac{1}{1-a}}$ |  | A1 as subject $\quad$ accept $\sqrt{\frac{-n}{a-1}}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ | $5^{2}-5 \sqrt{x}-5 \sqrt{x}+(\sqrt{x})^{2}$ oe | 3 | M1 for correct expansion |  |
|  |  | $(x=) 8$ |  | A1 cao |
|  |  | $(y=) 33$ |  | A1 cao |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 (a) |  | $3 \times 10^{m}$ | 2 | B2 B1 for $3 \times \sqrt{10^{2 m}}$ or $3 \times 10^{k m}$ where $k \neq 1$ or $\mathrm{a} \times 10^{m}$ where $a \neq 3$ |
| (b) | $\left((9)^{\frac{3}{2}}=\right) 27$ <br> or 2.7 |  | 3 | B1 |
|  | $27 \times 10^{3 n}$ oe |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $2.7 \times 10^{3 n+1}$ |  | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 19 |  | $8(4 x-y)(4 x+y)$ | 2 | B2 B2 for $8(4 x-y)(4 x+y)$ oe <br> B1 for correct, incomplete factorisation eg $(16 x-4 y)(8 x+2 y)$ or eg $8\left(16 x^{2}-y^{2}\right)$ <br> or correct use of difference of two squares eg. $(12 x-y-(4 x-3 y))(12 x-y+4 x-3 y)$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 2 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 (a) |  | 11 | 1 | B1 cao |
| (b) | $y=2 x+5$ $x=2 y+5$ <br> $y-5=2 x$ $x-5=2 y$ |  | 2 | M1 for a correct first stage subtract 5 from both sides or divide all terms by 2 <br> NB Accept $\mathrm{f}(x)$ in place of $y$ |
|  |  | $\frac{x-5}{2} \mathrm{oe}$ |  | A1 |
| (c) |  | -16 | 1 | B1 cao |
| (d)(i) | $(2 x+5)^{2}-25$ |  | 5 | M1 |
|  | $4 x^{2}+10 x+10 x+25$ oe |  |  | B1 for correct expansion of $(2 x+5)^{2}$ |
|  |  | $4 x^{2}+20 x$ |  | A1 or a correct fully or partially factorised expression |
| (ii) | $\begin{aligned} & 4 x(x+5)(=0) \text { or } x(4 x+20)(=0) \\ & \text { or } 2 x(2 x+10)(=0) \text { or } x(x+5)(=0) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 $\quad$ or for eg $\frac{-20 \pm \sqrt{20^{2}-4 \times 4 \times 0}}{2 \times 4}$ |
|  |  | $x=0, x=-5$ |  | A1 for both solutions |
|  |  |  |  | Total 9 mark |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 (a)(i) |  | $12 \mathbf{a}-3 \mathrm{~b}$ oe | 3 | B1 Accept correct, unsimplified expression |
| (ii) |  | $4 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{b}$ oe |  | B1 Accept correct, unsimplified expression |
| (iii) |  | $4 \mathbf{a}+2 \mathbf{b}$ oe |  | B1 Accept correct, unsimplified expression |
| (b) | $\overrightarrow{B C}=6 \mathbf{a}+3 \mathbf{b} \text { oe }$ |  | 2 | M1Accept correct, unsimplified <br> expression eg. $-12 \mathbf{a}+3 \mathbf{b}+18 \mathbf{a}$ |
|  |  | $\overrightarrow{B C}=\frac{3}{2} \overrightarrow{A E}$ |  | A1 Also award A1 if this relationship is clearly implied by expressions for $\overrightarrow{B C}$ and $\overrightarrow{A E}$ eg $\overrightarrow{A E}=2(\mathbf{b}+2 \mathbf{a})$ and $\overrightarrow{B C}=3(\mathbf{b}+2 \mathbf{a})$ <br> NB Correct expressions for $\overrightarrow{B C}$ and $\overrightarrow{A E}$ must be given |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |

