## Pearson Edexcel

Mark Scheme (Results)

## January 2020

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE
In Mathematics A (4MA1)
Paper 2HR

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.
Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
o M marks: method marks
o A marks: accuracy marks
o B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)


## - Abbreviations

o cao - correct answer only
o ft - follow through
o isw - ignore subsequent working
o SC-special case
o oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
o dep-dependent
o indep - independent
o awrt - answer which rounds to
o eeoo-each error or omission

## - No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

## - With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.
If a candidate misreads a number from the question. Eg. Uses 252 instead of 255 ; method marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified. Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review. If there is a choice of methods shown, mark the method that leads to the answer on the answer line; where no answer is given on the answer line, award the lowest mark from the methods shown.
If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

- Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.
Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

## - Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded to another.

## International GCSE Maths A January 2020 - Paper 2HR Mark scheme

Apart from Questions 1b, 7, 16c, 19a, 21b, 24 and 25 where the mark scheme states otherwise, the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.

| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) |  | $5^{19}$ | 1 | B1 |
| (b) |  |  | 2 | M1 A factor tree / division ladder of 3 or more factors $(\neq 1)$, multiplying to 800 , which must include 2 and 5 . Condone 1 error when product $\neq 800$ |
|  |  | $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5$ |  | A1 dep on M1 oe eg $2^{5} \times 5^{2}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| $\mathbf{2}$ | $10 \times 5+30 \times 11+50 \times 8+70 \times 19+90 \times 9$ <br> $(50+330+400+1330+810)$ |  | 3 | M2Correct products using midpoints <br> (allowing one error) with intention to <br> add. <br> M1 for products using frequency and a <br> consistent value within the range <br> (allowing one error) with intention to <br> add. <br> or correct products using midpoints <br> without addition (allow 1 error) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 3 | $4 x$ or $x-7$ |  | 4 | M1 Correct expression for $B$ or $C$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $x+4 x+x-7=137$ oe |  |  | M1 | Correct equation |
|  | $x=144 \div 6(=24)$ or $6 x=144$ or $6 x-144=0$ |  |  | M1 | Gathering up the $x$ 's and numbers Dep on previous M1 |
|  |  | 17 |  | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $8.5^{2}+5.6^{2}(=103.61)$ |  | 3 | M1 |
|  | $\sqrt{8.5^{2}+5.6^{2}}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | 10.2 |  | A1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| 5 | 3 hours 36 mins $=216$ (mins) or 3.6 (hours) or $3 \frac{36}{60}$ oe (hours) |  | 3 | M1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2470 \div 3.6$ or $2470 \div 3 \frac{36}{60}$ or $2470 \div 216 \times 60$ |  |  | M1 | Allow $2470 \div 3.36$ ( $=735$ or better) |
|  |  | 686 |  | A1 | Accept 686.1 or better |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| 6 |  | Fully correct <br> perpendicular <br> bisector with all <br> relevant arcs <br> shown. | 2 | B2Fully correct bisector with all arcs. <br> Correct arcs can be on the same side of <br> AB. <br> B1 for all correct arcs and no bisector <br> drawn or for a correct bisector within <br> guidelines but no arcs. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | NB: On tramlines = within tramlines. |  |
|  |  | Total 2 marks |  |  |


| 7 | (adding) $10 x=-5$ or $21 x+35 y=42$ <br> $21 x-15 y=-33$ <br> then $50 y=75$ |  | 3 | M1Correct method to eliminate $x$ or $y$ Or <br> making coefficients of $x$ or $y$ the same <br> and correct operator has been applied <br> to eliminate $x$ or $y$ (2 out of 3 terms <br> correct implies a correct operator) <br> or correct algebraic substitution for $x$ <br> or $y$ into other equation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | A1 <br> Both A marks dep on M1 <br> A1 <br> $y=-1.5$ oe |  | Total 3 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | $20000 \times 0.81^{3}$ oe |  |  | M2 | M1 for $20000 \times 0.81$ oe ( $=16200$ ) or $20000 \times 1.19$ oe ( $=23800$ ) or $20000 \times 1.19^{3}$ oe ( $=33703.18$ ) |
|  |  | 10629 |  | A1 | Accept $10628 \rightarrow 10629$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| 9 | $30=\frac{27}{1.2 x}$ |  | 3 | M1 $\quad$ Or for $\frac{27}{30}(=0.9)$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1.2 x=\frac{27}{30}$ or $36 x=27$ or $22.5 \div 30$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | 0.75 oe |  | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| $\mathbf{1 0}$ (a) |  | $3.74 \times 10^{7}$ | 2 | B2B1 for 37400 000 (oe but not in <br> standard form) <br> or $3.74 \times 10^{n}(n \neq 7)$ <br> or $3.7 \times 10^{7}$ or $3.8 \times 10^{7}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) |  | 11 | 1 | B1 | Allow $11 \rightarrow 11.1$ |


| 11 (a) |  | $-1,0,1,2,3,4$ | 2 | B2 | $\begin{gathered} \text { B1 for }-2,-1,0,1,2,3,4 \\ \text { or }-1,0,1,2,3 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) |  | $\begin{gathered} y \leq 6 \text { oe } \\ x+y \geq 5 \text { oe } \\ y \geq x-3 \text { oe } \end{gathered}$ | 2 |  | B2 for 3 correct inequalities <br> B1 for 2 correct inequalities <br> SC B2 for $y \geq 6$ oe and $x+y \leq 5$ oe and $y \leq x-3$ oe <br> (In all cases allow $<$ in place of $\leq$, and $>$ in place of $\geq$ ) |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | $\begin{aligned} & 180-2 \times 66(=48) \\ & (360-" 48 ") \div 2(=156) \\ & 180-" 156 "(=24) \\ & 360 \div " 24 " \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 <br> M1ft | Could be marked on diagram <br> Final stage of calculation |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Alt : } 180-2 \times 66(=48) \\ & 360 \div(0.5 \times " 48 ") \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 } \\ & \text { M1 ft } \end{aligned}$ | Could be marked on diagram Final stage of calculation |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Alt:180-2×66 }=48) \\ & (360-" 48 ") \div 2(=156) \\ & \frac{180(n-2)}{n}=" 156 " \\ & " 24 " n=360 \text { or } \frac{180(15-2)}{15}(=156) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 M1 ft | Could be marked on diagram <br> Final stage of calculation or embedded correct answer. |
|  |  | 15 |  | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| 13 | $\frac{h}{2} \times(7+12) \times 10=608$ oe |  | 3 | M2 | M1 for $\frac{h}{2} \times(7+12) \times 10$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 6.4 |  | A1 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $5,7,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,18$ |  | 3 | M1 | Ordering marks (allow 1 error) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | 11 and 17 selected |  |  | M1 $\quad$ LQ $=11$ and UQ =17 identified |  |
|  |  | 6 |  | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| $\mathbf{1 5}$ (a) |  | $2,-1.5,-3,0$ | 2 | B2 | B1 for 2 or 3 values correct |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | (b) |  |  | 2 | M1 ftAt least 5 points plotted correctly ft <br> from table dep on B1 in part (a) |
| $-\cdots$ |  |  |  | A1 | For correct smooth curve. |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 (a) |  | $\frac{3}{10}, \frac{7}{12}, \frac{5}{12}, \frac{7}{12}, \frac{5}{12}$ | 2 | B2 $\quad$ B1 for $\frac{3}{10}$ oe <br> B1 for all other correct probabilities 2d.p truncated or rounded (e.g 0.58 or 0.41 or 0.42 ) |
| (b) | $\frac{7}{10} \times " \frac{5}{12} " \text { or } " \frac{3}{10} " \times " \frac{7}{12} " \text { oe }$ |  | 3 | M1ft |
|  | $\frac{7}{10} \times " \frac{5}{12} "+" \frac{3}{10} " \times " \frac{7}{12} " \text { oe }$ |  |  | M1ft |
|  |  | $\frac{56}{120}$ oe |  | A1 eg $\frac{7}{15}$ or $0.46 \ldots . .(2 \mathrm{dp}$ truncated or rounded) |
| (c) | " $\frac{3}{10}$ " x " $\frac{5}{12}{ }^{\text {c }} \times \mathrm{x}=\frac{3}{100}$ oe |  | 3 | M1 ft A correct equation involving the unknown probability |
|  | $x=\frac{3}{100} \div$ " $\frac{15}{120}$ " $\left(=\frac{6}{25}\right)$ oe |  |  | M1 ft Isolating or calculating the value of $x$ |
|  |  | 25 |  | A1 Dep on M1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 8 marks |


| 17 (a) |  |  | 3 |  | All 8 values inserted correctly B2 for 4 to 7 correct values B1 for 2 or 3 correct values NB: Expressions involving $x$ do not have to be simplified. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & "[(25-x)+(x-6)+(16-x)+ \\ & 3+6+2+9+5] "=50 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 | M1ft | For sum of all their values $=50 \mathrm{oe}$ |
|  |  | 10 |  | A1 |  |
| (c) |  | 14 | 1 | B1ft |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |



| 19 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { eg } \frac{2(4-3 x)}{10}-\frac{5(3 x-5)}{10}=-3 \text { oe } \\ & \text { or } 2(4-3 x)-5(3 x-5)=-3 \times 2 \times 5 \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 | Correct fractions over common denominator as an equation or Multiplying both sides by 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $8-6 x-15 x+25=-30$ oe |  |  | M1 | A correct equation with no denominators or brackets |
|  |  | 3 |  | A1 | dep on M1 |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & (5 y+8)(y-5)(\leq 0) \\ & \text { or }(y=) \frac{--17 \pm \sqrt{(-17)^{2}-4 \times 5 \times-40}}{2 \times 5} \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 | M1 | Correct method to solve 3 term quadratic - factorising or correct use of formula |
|  | $-1.6,5$ oe |  |  | A1 | Correct critical values |
|  |  | $-1.6 \leq y \leq 5$ oe |  | A1 | Condone change of variable in place of $y$ throughout this question. |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |


| 20 | $(\mathrm{ASF}=) \frac{13^{2}}{9^{2}}$ or $\frac{9^{2}}{13^{2}}$ |  | 4 | M1 | Correct SF for area. <br> Accept $1.44^{2}(=2.07$ or 2.09$)$ or better for ASF or $0.69^{2}(=0.47$ or 0.48$)$ or better for ASF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\operatorname{eg} A+"\left(\frac{13^{2}}{2}\right) " A=1800$ |  |  | M1ft | Dep on previous M1 |
|  | $\text { eg } " \frac{500}{81}, A=1800$ |  |  | M1ft |  |
|  |  | 583.2 |  | A1 | Awrt 583 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21.....) | Factorising numerator as $(5 x+4)(2 x+3)$ |  | 3 | M1 |
|  | Factorising denominator as $(2 x+3)(2 x-3)$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $\frac{5 x+4}{2 x-3}$ |  | A1 |
| (b) | $\left(8^{5 y}=\right) 2^{15 y}$ or $\left(4^{n}=\right) 2^{2 n}$ or $2^{5 y+2}$ |  | 4 | M1 |
|  | $2^{5 y+2}=2^{15 y-2 n}$ oe |  |  | M1 e.g. $2^{2 n}=2^{15 y-5 y-2}$ |
|  | $5 y+2=15 y-2 n$ oe |  |  | M1 Correct equation using the powers |
|  |  | $n=5 y-1$ |  | A1 Dep on M2 (accept 5y-1) |
|  |  |  |  | Total 7 marks |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | (2865 $=$ ) $\frac{30}{2}(2 \times-6+29 d)$ |  | 4 | M1 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Correct expression for sum of } 30 \\ & \text { terms }\end{aligned}$ |
|  | $d=7$ |  |  | A1 Correct value for $d$ |
|  | $-6+8 \times$ " 7 " or $(n$th term $=)-6+" 7 "(n-1)$ |  |  | M1 ft their $d$. Dep on M1 |
|  |  | 50 |  | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 | $-2\left(x^{2}+6 x-3.5\right)$ or $-2\left(x^{2}+6 x\right)+7$ |  | 3 | M1 Factorising by - 2 |
|  | $-2\left[(x+3)^{2}-9-3.5\right]$ or $-2\left[(x+3)^{2}-9\right]+7$ |  |  | M1 Completing the square |
|  |  | $25-2(x+3)^{2}$ |  | A1 |
|  | Alt $: a+\mathrm{b}\left(x^{2}+2 c x+c^{2}\right)$ |  |  |  |
|  | $2 b c=-12$ or $a+b c^{2}=7$ or $b=-2$ |  |  | M1 $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Equating coefficients or stating } \\ & \text { value of } b\end{aligned}$ |
|  | $2 \times-2 \times c=-12$ or $c=3$ |  |  | M1 Equating coefficients or stating |
|  | $a+-2 \times(3)^{2}=7$ or $a=25$ seen |  |  | A1 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Equating coefficients or stating } \\ & \text { value of } a\end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Special Cases: <br> SC B2 for answer of $-2(x+3)^{2}+$ constant or $25-2(x+\text { positive constant })^{2}$ SC B1 for answer of $-2(x-3)^{2}+$ constant |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| $\mathbf{2 4}$ | Gradient of $\left.\mathbf{L}_{2}=-10 \div-5\right)(=2)$ |  | 5 | M1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $6=2 \times 8+c \rightarrow c=-10$ <br> $y=2 x-10$ oe |  | Method to find gradient of $\mathbf{L}_{2}$ |  |
|  | $0=2 x-10 \rightarrow x=5$ or $(5,0)$ <br> $y=2 \times-3-10 \rightarrow y=-16$ or $(-3,-16)$ |  | A1 $\quad$ Equation for $\mathbf{L}_{2}$ |  |
|  | (Area $=0.5 \times 5 \times 16$ <br> or $(0.5 \times 5 \times 10)+(0.5 \times 10 \times 3)$ <br> or $0.5 \times 5 \times \sqrt{265 \times \sin 100.6^{\circ}}$ <br> or $0.5 \times \sqrt{ } 320 \times \sqrt{ } 265 \times \sin 15.9^{\circ}$ |  | M1 point $A$ and point $B$ |  |
|  |  | 40 | Method to find area of triangle |  |
|  |  |  | A1 cao Dep on M2 |  |



| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26 | $O C=3 \mathbf{a}+4 \mathbf{b}$ |  | 5 | B1 | Correct expression for OC |
|  | $O N=t(3 \mathbf{a}+4 \mathbf{b})$ |  |  | M1 | Correct expressions for ON |
|  | $O N=3 \mathbf{a}+\mathrm{s}(-3 \mathbf{a}+6 \mathbf{b})$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & t(3 \mathbf{a}+4 \mathbf{b})=3 \mathbf{a}+\mathrm{s}(-3 \mathbf{a}+6 \mathbf{b}) \\ & \rightarrow t=0.6, \quad s=0.4 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | A1 | $t$ or $s$ value correct |
|  |  | $O N=1.8 \mathbf{a}+2.4 \mathrm{~b}$ oe |  | A1 | e.g. $O N=\frac{3}{5}(3 \mathbf{a}+4 \mathbf{b})$ |
|  | Alt: |  |  |  |  |
|  | $A B=-3 \mathbf{a}+6 \mathbf{b}$ |  |  | B1 | Correct expression for $A B$ |
|  | $A N=s(-3 \mathbf{a}+6 \mathbf{b})$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  | $A N=-3 \mathbf{a}+t(3 \mathbf{a}+4 \mathbf{b})$ |  |  | M1 | orrect expressions for AN |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & -3 \mathbf{a}+t(3 \mathbf{a}+4 \mathbf{b})=s(-3 \mathbf{a}+6 \mathbf{b}) \\ & \rightarrow t=0.6, s=0.4 \rightarrow A N=-1.2 \mathbf{a}+2.4 \mathbf{b} \\ & O N=3 \mathbf{a}+A N \end{aligned}$ |  |  | A1 | $t$ or $s$ value correct |
|  |  | $O N=1.8 \mathbf{a}+2.4 \mathbf{b}$ oe |  | A1 | e.g. $O N=\frac{3}{5}(3 \mathbf{a}+4 \mathbf{b})$ |
|  | Alt: |  |  |  |  |
|  | $O C=3 \mathbf{a}+4 \mathbf{b}$ |  |  | B1 | Correct expression for $O C$ |
|  | $O N: N C=6: 4$ (i.e 3:2) |  |  | M1 |  |
|  | $O N=\frac{3}{5} O C$ |  |  | M2 |  |
|  |  | $O N=1.8 \mathbf{a}+2.4 \mathbf{b}$ oe |  | A1 | e.g. $O N=\frac{3}{5}(3 \mathbf{a}+4 \mathbf{b})$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total: 100 marks |

