CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

0460 GEOGRAPHY

0460/21

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2013	0460	21

1 (a) (i) main A/A/A3 (main = 0) [1]

(ii) reservoir [1]

(iii) (Feeder des) Cocos [1]

(iv) dam [1]

(v) sugar [1]

(vi) (trace of) old railway/light railway [1]

mark the first given

(b)

	Petit Verger (9002)	Petite Rivière (9100)	Both these areas	Neither of these areas
a temple		✓		
scattered trees or scrub	✓			
linear settlement				✓
nucleated settlement		✓		
land over 50 metres above sea level		√		

[5]

- (c) (i) correct position of the Belle Eau river 32–39 mm from left [1]
 - (ii) correct position of the B78 Albion Road 50–53mm from left [1]
 - (iii) correct position of the Feeder des Cocos river 66–69mm from left [1]
- (d) (i) 2100–2200 (metres)
 - (ii) south east
 - (iii) 80m

Page 3		3 Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2013	0460	21
	(e)	Advantages: sand/beaches cliff scenery coral reef developed e.g. for trips, beauty etc. little settlement therefore quiet space for development main road access workforce from settlements			
		Disa	advantages: lack of <u>built</u> attractions/cultural landmar no hotels lack of roads <u>along coast</u> quarry/prison/poultry farm <u>not scenic</u>	ks	
		rese	erve one mark for each part		[3]
2	(a) (i)	winc	d vane/weather vane		[1]
	(ii)	aner	mometer		[1]
	(iii)		rometer and dry bulb <u>thermometers</u>		[1]
	(b) (i)	Wed	dnesday 18th		[1]
	(ii)		cloud = higher temperatures/more cloud = lower te east one part needs to be comparative)	mperatures	
		Fri 2 20 d	d 18 and Thur 19 low cloud and high temperatures 20 and Sat 21 cloudy and low temperatures degrees or more = 3 otkas or less degrees or less = 8 oktas		
			et group days for last four points and not quote figure s not needed	es for single days	[2]
	(c) (i)		grass 30cm/(high) above ground		[1]
	(ii)		ecting bottle enclosed/narrow neck ecting bottle below ground		[1]

	Page 4	,	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2013	0460	21
3		Photograph A	small scale/small plots rectangular plots basins/ditches/flooded areas (water) pipe/tube hoe/mattock/digging tool/hand tool/s vegetables/green crops/cabbage fenced dry area therefore irrigation	imple tool	
		Photograph E	large scale/large plots canal/river for irrigation crops in rows greenhouses/covered areas		
		Photograph C	sheep/goats/cattle scrub/bushes/shrubs bare ground/barren/sparse vegetation fenced/enclosed/paddocks	on	
		Reserve one	mark for each photograph		[8]
4	(a) (i)	position of epicentre within intensity 6 area or adjacent sea (all of E in correct area)			[1]
	(ii)	line drawn be	tween 4s and 5s		[1]
	(iii)	felt (only) by a birds and anii	a few/some people (at rest) mals uneasy		[1]
	(b)	11, 12, 9, 10 all correct = 2 2 correct = 1			[2]
	(c) (i)	buildings are	on sand and clay		[1]
	(ii)	country has h	ad few previous earthquakes to learn fron	า	[1]
	(iii)	a tsunami car	n take hours to travel across an ocean		[1]
5	(a)	•	nd shading for world nd shading for Asia and Oceania		
		shadings mis	sed or reversed = 1		[2]
	(b) (i)	Japan			[1]
	(ii)	India			[1]
	(iii)	China			[1]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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uranium ore will not run out for a long time/hundreds of years (therefore sustainable) does not produce carbon dioxide/acid rain therefore not polluting/ not contributing to greenhouse gases/not harmful to environment small amounts of uranium are needed (therefore cheap/sustainable) safety records of nuclear power stations has improved the industry is highly-regulated in most countries therefore safer raw materials for nuclear weapons

- **6** (a) (i) 8 [1]
 - (ii) correct plot of 6 for Bay of Plenty [1]
 - **(b) (i)** lost population/population decrease/population increase if clear that Tasman included e.g West Coast <u>and</u> Southland
 - (ii) gained population/population increase e.g. Canterbury <u>and</u> Otago
 - (iii) no overall pattern overall increase Tasman/Malborough increased Nelson decreased

reserve one mark for each part [4]

no/no overall movement from south to north/north has lost and south has gained/movement is north to south/it is the reverse north has lost 10.4 south has gained 11.4 (allow without thousand) north: 5 regions lost population and 4 gained

south: 4 regions gained population and 3 lost population

[3]

[2]