

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

GEOGRAPHY

0460/43 May/June 2016

Paper 4 Alternative to Coursework MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 60

Published

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This document consists of 8 printed pages.

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Page 2		2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0460	43
1	(a)	(i)	Area served by a settlement or service $2 \checkmark = 0$		[1]
		(ii)	Bigger settlements: Provide high order services/high order goods Provide comparison goods/big name shops or example Have many/larger variety of services/big choice/lots of shops/large shops/more services Provide specialised services/specialised goods Provide specific functions e.g. administration, business, tourism, up go to work there Have easy access/good road or rail links/good transport links There are few big settlements People travel further/long way to buy the goods/infrastructure		

[3]

(b) (i) Organise:

When/at what time to do the counts/how long to do each count/start at same time Number of students per group/students get into groups/decide which students go to each

counting point

How many times to do the counts per day/e.g. do it 3 times in the day Whether to do the counts on more than one day/repeat on a different day Make a recording sheet/recording table

Carry out:

Use tally method/'clicker'

Use a watch or timer to time the counts/time when they start counting Separate tasks in the group e.g. two students do each count/count people going in different directions/one student counts and one students records

Credit ideas in either section and do not ignore ideas if they are in the 'wrong' section. No reserve mark for either section

If answer refers to a traffic count credit to 3 marks maximum for relevant points

[5]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0460	43
(ii)	Plot bars at 212 for location 3 at Spandau Arcaden and 90 for loca Strasse	tion 2 at Pic	helsdorfer
	Ignore shading	2 @	9 1 [2]
(c) (i)	Comparison goods are usually more expensive than convenience $2 \checkmark = 0$	goods	[1]
(ii)	Completion of pie graph for Pichelsdorfer Strasse Convenience = 80% and comparison = 20% 1 mark for dividing line, 1 mark for shading		[2]
(iii)	Yes/hypothesis is true - 1 mark reserve		
	More people and more shops selling comparison goods/shops ma goods at Spandau Arcaden OR less people and less shops selling comparison goods/shops se goods at Pichelsdorfer Strasse	•	•
	1 mark for paired data from both centres 76% or 95 comparison shops and 240 pedestrians at Spandau Arc comparison shops and 75 pedestrians at Pichelsdorfer Strasse Need all 4 figures to get credit (no tolerance on these figures)	aden and 2	0% or 14
	Possible alternatives to these 4 figures are: 3 times more pedestrians or 165 more people at Spandau Arcader 4 times more or 56% more comparison shops at Spandau Arcader		[3]
(d) (i)	Answer may be too vague/will not provide a distance travelled/may 'Berlin'	/ just get the	answer
	Question is too intrusive/too personal/too private/people will not giv address/people will not answer <u>because</u> e.g. afraid of burglary	ve their	
	0 ,	2 @	21 [2]
(ii)	Shading 4% in Reinickendorf		[1]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(iii	Advantage:		

Shows the pattern Shows similar areas within a category /groups areas together Can compare areas/compare percentages

Disadvantage:

May hide differences within a borough

Pattern which is displayed may be affected by selection of categories for shading Not specific/exact values/not accurate numbers are shown

Easy to read/easy to see/shows where people come from/key intervals are too big

1+1 [2]

(iv) Hypothesis is **correct** – 1 mark reserve

OR People travel further to Spandau Arcaden than Pichelsdorfer Strasse Spandau Arcaden has higher percentages coming from boroughs which are further away

Pichelsdorfer Strasse has higher percentages coming from boroughs which are nearby Spandau Arcaden sphere of influence extends over all Berlin **but** Pichelsdorfer Strasse sphere of influence doesn't

OR Spandau Arcaden sphere of influence extends over all 12 boroughs **and** Pichelsdorfer Strasse sphere of influence extends over 6 boroughs

Credit paired data to 1 mark maximum (not reserve) for boroughs with 0% shopping at Pichelsdorfer Strasse

e.g. Lichtenberg = 4% at Spandau Arcaden and 0% at Pichelsdorfer Strasse

[4]

[1]

- (e) (i) Completion of key in the following order
 - shops selling convenience goods
 - shops selling comparison goods
 - entertainment or leisure

(ii) Buildings shaded as:

Furniture store = comparison Cinema = entertainment Bar = entertainment Photography = comparison Chemist (drug store) = convenience General store = convenience

Credit 1 or 2 correct = 1 mark 3 or 4 correct = 2 marks 5 or 6 correct = 3 marks

If key is completed incorrectly in (i) ignore the candidate's key and credit as above. [3]

[Total 30 marks]

Pa	age 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0460	43
2 (a) (i)		Wind sock/streamer/thread attached to pole/throw grass into the ai ribbon.	r/wet finger/	/flag/
		Use compass to see direction (wind is blowing)/NESW		
				[2]
	(ii)	Waves approach the beach		
		$2 \checkmark = 0$		[1]
	(iii)	Prevailing wind causes waves to approach <u>at an angle</u> to the shore Swash/waves <u>at an angle</u> /in same direction as prevailing wind Backwash/waves back out at 90°/straight back/perpendicular)	
		Zig zag motion moves material along the beach/along the coast		[4]
	(b) (i)	Plot 0.88 m on north side of groyne C		[1]
 (ii) Do more than one measurement/repeat the measurements at each groyne average 		i groyne an	d calculate	
		Do measurements at more groynes Get another student to check measurement		
			2 @)1 2

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(iii) Hypothesis is **true** – 1 mark reserve (\sqrt{HA})

Beach OR sand is higher on south side/lower on north side

OR: Height of groyne above beach is greater on north side/less on south side

Credit paired data for 1 mark

2 statistics from groyne A/B/C or average of all three groynes to compare north and south sides.

Statistics must be in correct context – either height of groyne above beach or height of beach

Groyne	Height of groyne above beach (m)		
	South side	North side	
А	0.45	1.03	
В	0.64	1.15	
С	0.48	0.88	
Average	0.52	1.02	

Groyne	Height of beach (m)		
	South side	North side	
А	1.55	0.97	
В	1.36	0.85	
С	1.52	1.12	
Average	1.48	0.98	

[3]

[1]

[1]

- (c) (i) Sandy Bay and Hartley Links
 - (ii) Newbiggin, South Beach, Collywell Bay (any two)

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(iii)	Different land uses along coast/in the area (not just examples) Higher land value in some areas/land is worth more in resort than the Holiday resort needs protecting/ beach encourages tourism Shops/businesses need protecting Houses/residential area need protecting Main road needs protecting/road near coast Credit these land uses to 2 marks maximum – must have idea of 'have defences'		cting' or
	Caravan site can be moved/is not worth protecting/not valuable lar Farmland is not worth protecting/cattle can be moved/not valuable Credit these land uses to 1 mark maximum – must have the idea protecting' or reason for not protecting them	land	ı [4]
(d) (i)	If not aware students did not continue with questionnaire/questionr defences/wasting their time/meaningless to ask people who did no		it sea [1]
(ii)	Age/age group Gender Date of survey/time of survey Location of survey	2 @	1 [2]
(e) (i)	Completion of divided bar graph for unsightly coastal defences No opinion = 18%, disagree = 20%, disagree strongly = 17% 2 marks for dividing lines at 63% and 83%, 1 mark for shading		
	2 marks maximum if sections in wrong order		[3]

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- (ii) Evidence such as: Most or more than half or 88 people agree or say coastal defences are needed/1 person says not needed Most or more than half or 69 people agree or say beaches have been improved by coastal defences/less than half or 26 people say not improved 45 people say defences are unsightly/37 people say not unsightly/more agree than disagree they are unsightly Less than half or 15 people say spend money on other things/most or more than half or 71 people say spend money on defences
 Credit 1 mark maximum for evidence about each statement
 - [3]
- (iii) Most/72 people want more defences built but few/13 are willing to pay
 OR most people want defences but do not want to pay for them Most/87 people want someone else/EU/government/tourists/local council to pay

[2]

[Total 30 marks]