Cambridge International Examinations<br>Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## GEOGRAPHY

0460/21
Paper 2
October/November 2016
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 60

## Published

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1 (a) (i) mixed wood,
(ii) 181 (metres),
(iii) B/secondary/B5289,
(iv) (current or former) place of worship with spire/minaret/dome,
(v) Derwent,

If more than one answer and one is wrong no credit given
(b) $3 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$,
(c) (i) steep,
high/upland/mountain/hill/peak, (highest point) 931 m ,
lowest $70-90 \underline{m}$,
small/V-shaped valley(s),
many valleys,
spurs,
cliff,
saddle/col/pass,
(ii) narrow/small/thin,
(iii) radial/3 stated flow directions,
(d) (i) $3750-4100$ (metres),
(ii) $270^{\circ}$,
(iii) 263244,
(e) (i) by pass/ring road/around settlement/avoids settlement, north of settlement, avoid congestion in settlement, quick for through traffic, no need to demolish buildings,

Allow settlement/built-up area/town/Keswick throughout.
(ii) avoids high/avoids steep/keeps flat/keeps gentle/keeps low,
avoids lake,
avoids marsh,
avoids flooding,
bridge point of river, avoids wood/forest,
(iii) cuttings and embankments,

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2 (a) (i) Kenya,
Tanzania,
Uganda,
South Africa,
Madagascar,
2 countries $=1$ mark.
(ii) some go direct/first time migrants, some (later migrations) via Fiji,
(iii) UK,
(b) (i) Bangladesh,
(ii) Pakistan,
(iii) increased, (allow for one country)
increased as a total and as a percentage of the UK population/increased by $2.5 \%$ and 1794 thousand, increased from all three countries,

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3 (a) beach, pebbles/shingle/rocks/rocky/boulders (on beach), bay/bayhead, crescent/curved (beach), point/headland, rocks in water, cliffs/steep slopes, (cliff) not vertical/sloping, bare rock (on cliff),
(b) sandy beach, at low tide/exposed, sand dries out, onshore wind/wind from sea, wind blows sand inland/sand carried inland by wind/to Y ,

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4 (a) (i) grass/short vegetation/sparse vegetation/soft/flat/plain,
(ii) sharp rim to measure from precise area, enclosed collecting vessel to prevent evaporation, deep funnel to prevent rain splashing out, underground/buried to stop evaporation/for stability,
$(30 \mathrm{~cm})$ above ground to prevent rain splashing in/for standardisation, standard diameter,
(b) (i) $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $18^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$,
(ii) $8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Error carried forward.

Deduct one mark in (i) or (ii) if units not given once.
(iii) 33, Error carried forward.
\%,

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5 (a) (i) 600 km ,
(ii) (mostly) in west, ) allow south west (mostly) in south, ) if neither given close to border, none on coast, widespread, more than one/three/group around Poznan,
(b) (i) smaller sector $20-23^{\circ}=2$, smaller sector $18-25^{\circ}=1$,
(ii) 7,
(iii) $30 / 36(\%)$,

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6 (a) desert margins, both tropical and non-tropical, north/Mediterranean coast,
Sahel/belt across tropical north Africa/ $10-20^{\circ} \mathrm{N} /$ belt south of Sahara, area in SW Africa, southern Madagascar,
(b) (i) produce meat/milk/food for growing population/refugees,
dung fertiliser for poor soils/to improve soils,
overgrazing/removal of vegetation by animals,
soil erosion, trampling/compacting,
(ii) fuel for heating/cooking for growing population/refugees,
exhaust/remove vegetation/deforestation/less wood, vegetation will not regenerate in dry climate/poor soils, smoke a health risk for local people,
(iii) produce food for growing population/refugees,
overcropping,
soil erosion,
use up soil moisture,
soil exhaustion/loss of fertility,
One positive and one negative in each case.


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