		GE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
		GE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS Certificate of Secondary Education
	MATHEMATICS	
	Paper 2 (Extended)	0580/02 0581/02
	Candidates answer on the Question Additional Materials: Electronic cal Geometrical i Mathematical Tracing paper	culator nstruments May/June 2005 tables (optional)
Candidate Name		
Centre Number		Candidate Number
READ THE	SE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST	
Write in dark You may us Do not use s DO NOT Wi	Centre number, candidate number and k blue or black pen in the spaces provi e a pencil for any diagrams or graphs. staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue o RITE IN THE BARCODE. RITE IN THE GREY AREAS BETWEE	ded on the Question Paper. or correction fluid.
Answer all o		
•	needed for any question it must be sh r of marks is given in brackets [] at the	own below that question. e end of each question or part question.
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The total number of marks for this paper is 70.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is

not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Given answers in

degrees to one decimal place.

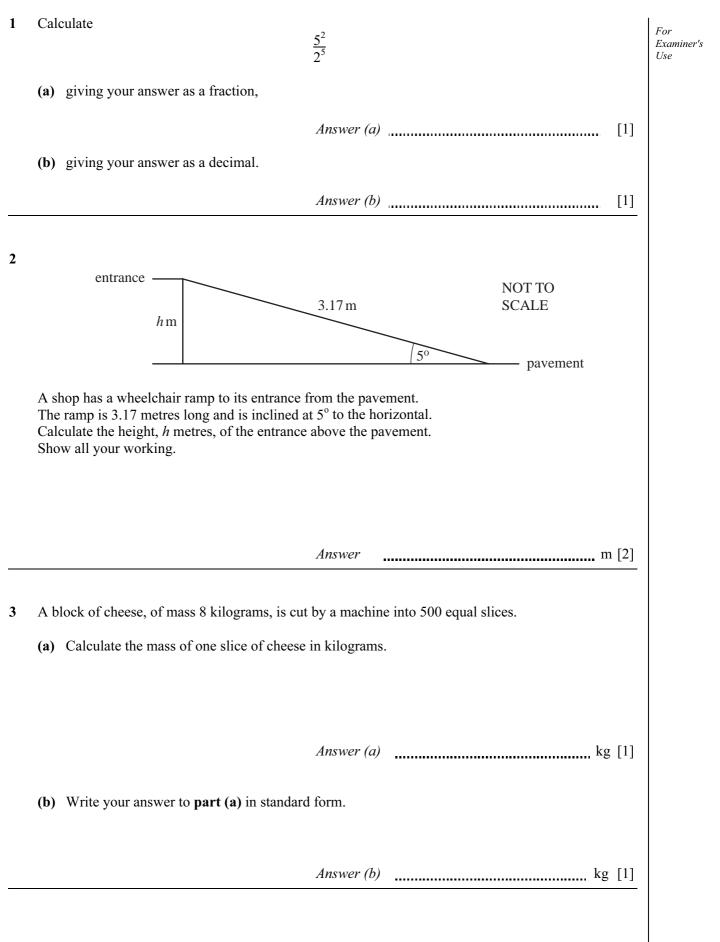
For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

This document consists of **11** printed pages and **1** blank page.



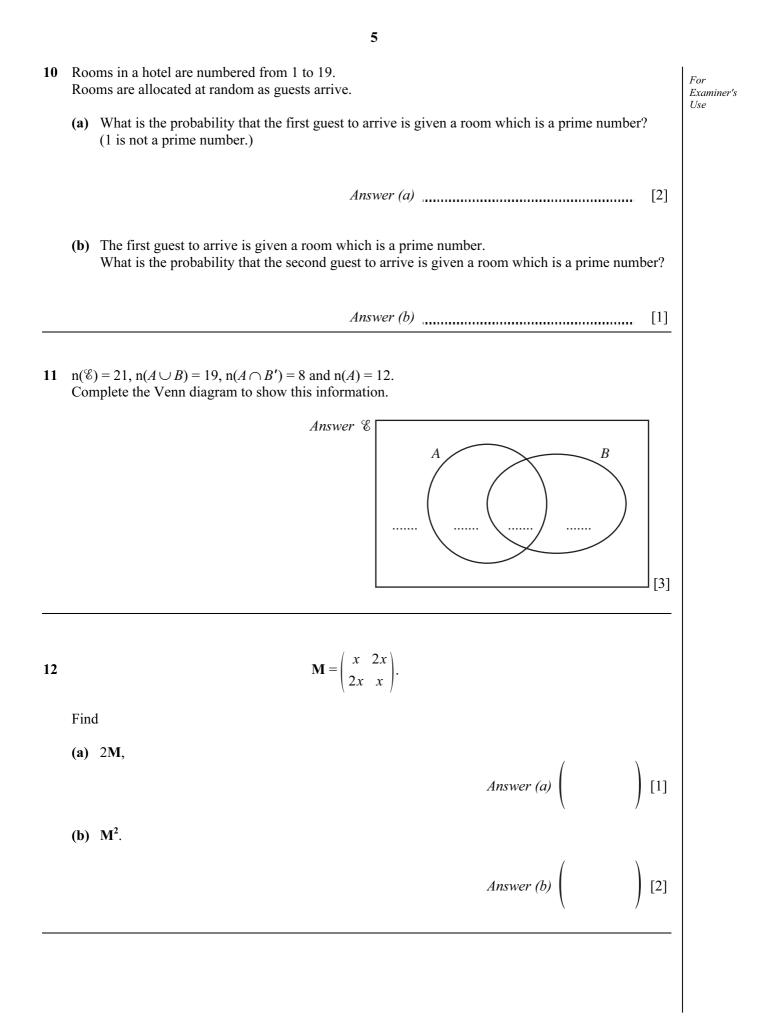
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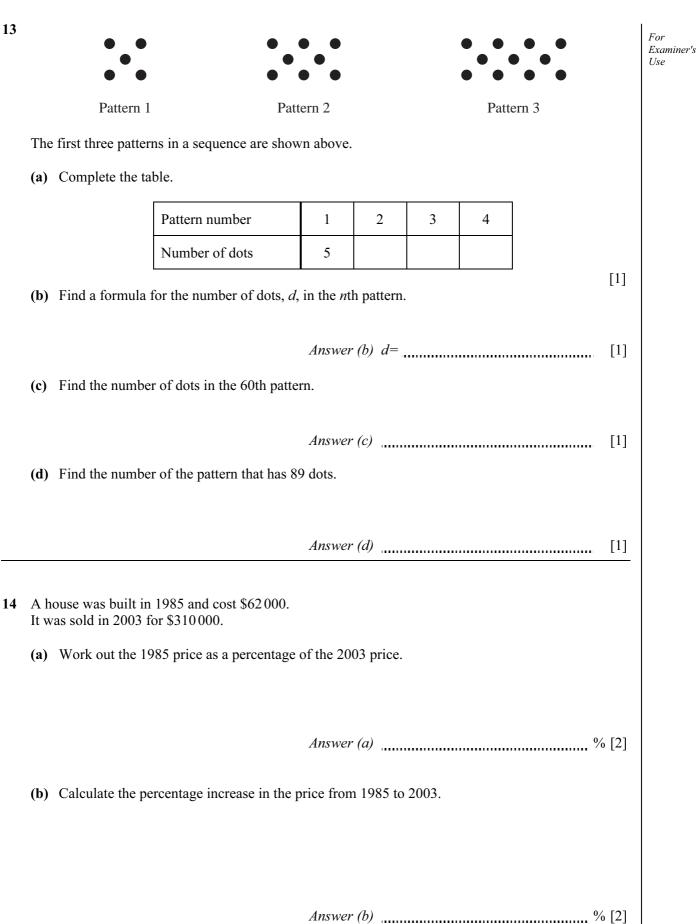
[Turn over



Calculate the value of $(\cos 40^{\circ})^2 + (\sin 40^{\circ})^2$.
Answer [2]
(a) Write down the order of rotational symmetry of the diagram.
<i>Answer (a)</i> [1]
(b) Draw the lines of symmetry on the diagram. [1]
A square <i>ABCD</i> , of side 8 cm, has another square, <i>PQRS</i> , drawn inside it. <i>P,Q,R</i> and <i>S</i> are at the midpoints of each side of the square <i>ABCD</i> , as shown in the diagram. $A \xrightarrow{P} B \xrightarrow{R} B \xrightarrow{NOT TO} SCALE$
(a) Calculate the length of PQ .
<i>Answer (a)</i>
(b) Calculate the area of the square <i>PQRS</i> .

7	To raise money for charity, Jalaj walks 22 km, correct to the nearest kilometre, every day for 5 days.			
	(a) Complete the statement in the answer space for the distance, $d \text{ km}$, he walks in one day.	Examiner's Use		
	Answer (a) $\leq d <$ [2]			
	(b) He raises \$1.60 for every kilometre that he walks. Calculate the least amount of money that he raises at the end of the 5 days.			
	<i>Answer (b)</i> \$			
8	Solve the simultaneous equations			
	$\frac{1}{2}x + 2y = 16,$			
	$2x + \frac{1}{2}y = 19.$			
	Answer $x =$			
	y = [3]			
9	The wavelength, w, of a radio signal is inversely proportional to its frequency, f. When $f = 200$, $w = 1500$.			
	(a) Find an equation connecting f and w.			
	<i>Answer (a)</i> [2]			
	(b) Find the value of f when $w = 600$.			
	Answer (b) $f = $ [1]			





For

Answer (a) [1]

(b) Work out the equation of the line, giving your answer in the form y = mx + c.

Answer (*b*) [2]

16 Simplify

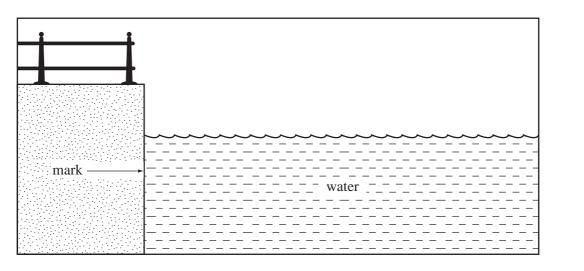
$$\frac{x+2}{x} - \frac{x}{x+2}$$

Write your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.

15 The points A(6,2) and B(8,5) lie on a straight line.

(a) Work out the gradient of this line.

Answer [3]



The height, h metres, of the water, above a mark on a harbour wall, changes with the tide. It is given by the equation

$$h = 3\sin(30t)^{\circ}$$

where *t* is the time in hours after midday.

(a) Calculate the value of *h* at midday.

Answer (a) [1]

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(b) Calculate the value of h at 1900.

Answer (b) [2]

(c) Explain the meaning of the negative sign in your answer.

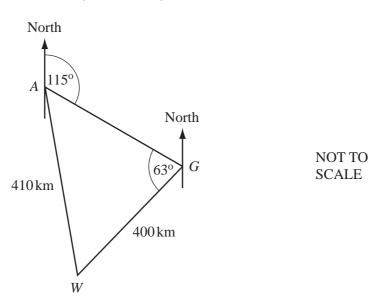
Answer (c)		[1]	
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18 Revina has to pass a written test and a driving test before she can drive a car on her own.

- The probability that she passes the written test is 0.6. The probability that she passes the driving test is 0.7. (a) Complete the tree diagram below. Written test Driving test Pass 0.7 Pass 0.6 Fail - Pass 0.7 Fail Fail [1] (b) Calculate the probability that Revina passes only one of the two tests. Answer (b) [3] 19 Solve (a) 0.2x + 3.6 = 1.2, Answer (a) x= [2] **(b)** $\frac{2-3x}{5} < x+2.$
 - Answer (b) [3]

For

Examiner's Use **20** A plane flies from Auckland (*A*) to Gisborne (*G*) on a bearing of 115° . The plane then flies on to Wellington (*W*). Angle $AGW = 63^{\circ}$.



(a) Calculate the bearing of Wellington from Gisborne.

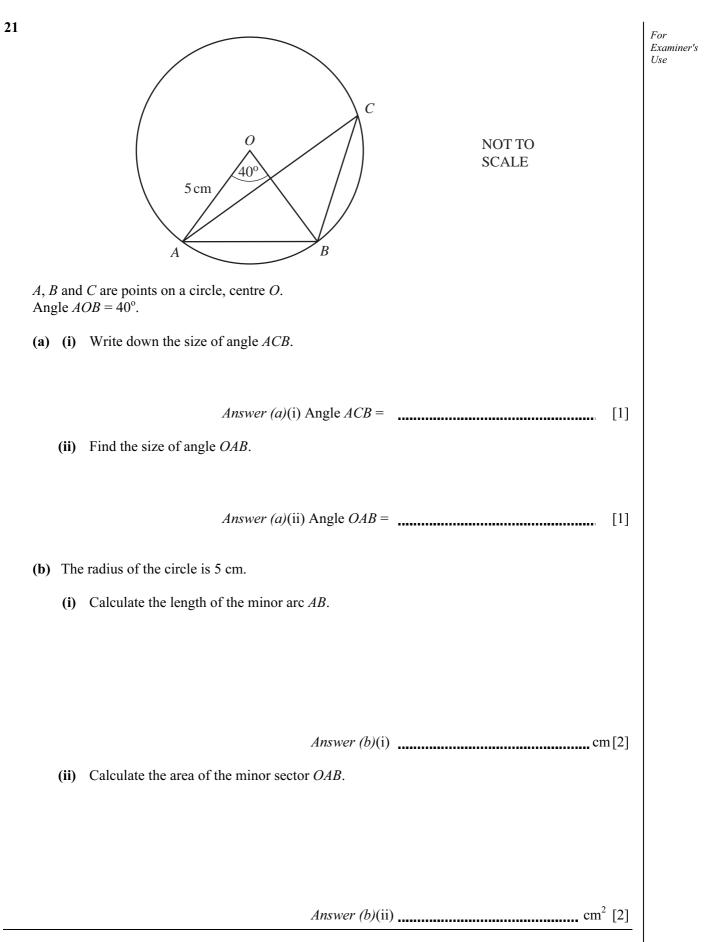
Answer (a) [2]

(b) The distance from Wellington to Gisborne is 400 kilometres. The distance from Auckland to Wellington is 410 kilometres.

Calculate the bearing of Wellington from Auckland.

Answer (b) [4]

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