Location Entry Codes

As part of CIE's continual commitment to maintaining best practice in assessment, CIE uses different variants of some question papers for our most popular assessments with large and widespread candidature. The question papers are closely related and the relationships between them have been thoroughly established using our assessment expertise. All versions of the paper give assessment of equal standard.

The content assessed by the examination papers and the type of questions is unchanged.

This change means that for this component there are now two variant Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiner's Reports where previously there was only one. For any individual country, it is intended that only one variant is used. This document contains both variants which will give all Centres access to even more past examination material than is usually the case.

The diagram shows the relationship between the Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiners' Reports that are available.

Question Paper

Introduction First variant Question Paper Second variant Question Paper

Mark Scheme

Introduction
First variant Mark Scheme
Second variant Mark Scheme

Principal Examiner's

Report	
Introduction	
First variant Examiner's F	
Second varia Examiner's F	

Who can I contact for further information on these changes?

Please direct any questions about this to CIE's Customer Services team at: international@cie.org.uk

The titles for the variant items should correspond with the table above, so that at the top of the first page of the relevant part of the document and on the header, it has the words:

• First variant Question Paper / Mark Scheme / Principal Examiner's Report

or

Second variant Question Paper / Mark Scheme / Principal Examiner's Report

as appropriate.





UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
MATHEMATICS			0580/21, 0581/21
Paper 2 (Extended)			May/June 2008
			1 hour 30 minutes
Candidates answer or	n the Question Paper.		
Additional Materials:	Electronic calculator Mathematical tables (optional)	Geometrical instruments Tracing paper (optional)	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 70.

	For Examiner's Use	
L		

UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE
International Examinations

1	Wri	ite down the next two prime numbers after 47.	For Examiner's
			Use
		Answer and [2]	
2	Sim	Examplify $\frac{x}{3} + \frac{5x}{9} - \frac{5x}{18}.$	
		3 9 18	
		Answer [2]	
•	. .		
3		scored 18 marks in a test and Jon scored 12 marks. culate Lin's mark as a percentage of Jon's mark.	
		Answer % [2]	
4	(9)	The formula for the <i>n</i> th term of the sequence	
•	(a)		
		1, 5, 14, 30, 55, 91, is $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$. Find the 20th term.	
		Find the 20th term.	
		Answer(a) [1]	
	(b)	The <i>n</i> th term of the sequence 10, 17, 26, 37, 50, is $(n+2)^2 + 1$.	
	(~)	Write down the formula for the <i>n</i> th term of the sequence 17 , 26 , 37 , 50 , 65 ,	
		<i>Answer(b)</i> [1]	

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6 Write the following in order of size, smallest first. $\frac{399}{401} \frac{698}{701} \frac{598}{601}$ $Answer $	
6 Write the following in order of size, smallest first. $\frac{399}{401} \frac{698}{701} \frac{598}{601}$	
6 Write the following in order of size, smallest first. $\frac{399}{401} \frac{698}{701} \frac{598}{601}$	
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6 Write the following in order of size, smallest first. $\frac{399}{401} \frac{698}{701} \frac{598}{601}$	
$\frac{399}{401}$ $\frac{698}{701}$ $\frac{598}{601}$	[2]
$\frac{399}{401}$ $\frac{698}{701}$ $\frac{598}{601}$	
Answer <	
Answer <	
Answor <	
Answor <	
Answer <	
Thower	< [2]
7 Write the number 1045.2781 correct to	
(a) 2 decimal places,	
Answer(a)	[1]
(b) 2 significant figures.	
	[1]
Answer(b)	[1]
8 Simplify $(27x^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}$.	
Answer	[2]

9 A straight line passes through two points with co-ordinates (6, 8) and (0, 5). Work out the equation of the line.

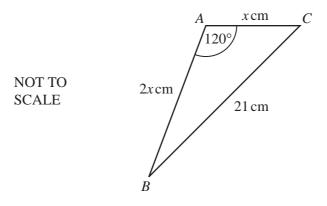
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Answer	[3]

A cylindrical glass has a radius of 3 centimetres and a height of 7 centimetres. A large cylindrical jar full of water is a similar shape to the glass. The glass can be filled with water from the jar exactly 216 times. Work out the radius and height of the jar.

Answer radius cm
height cm [3]

11



In triangle ABC, AB = 2x cm, AC = x cm, BC = 21 cm and angle $BAC = 120^{\circ}$. Calculate the value of x.

Answer x = [3]

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[3]

12	$\mathscr{E} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 16\}$	$P = \{2,3,5,7,11\}$	$S = \{1,4,9,16\}$	$M = \{3,6,9\}$	
	(a) Draw a Venn diagram to sho	w this information.			
					[2]
	(b) Write down the value of n(M	(P)			
	(b) Write down the value of h(m				F43
		Answer(t)) <u></u>		[1]
13	Solve the inequality				
		$\frac{2x-5}{8} > \frac{x+4}{3}.$			
		8 3			

Answer

14 Sitora has two plants in her school classroom.

Plant A needs a lot of light and must not be more than 2.5 metres from the window. Plant B needs very little light and must be further from the window than from the door. For each plant, draw accurately the boundary of the region in which it can be placed. In the diagram, 1 centimetre represents 1 metre.

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[3]

15 Work out

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Answer [3]

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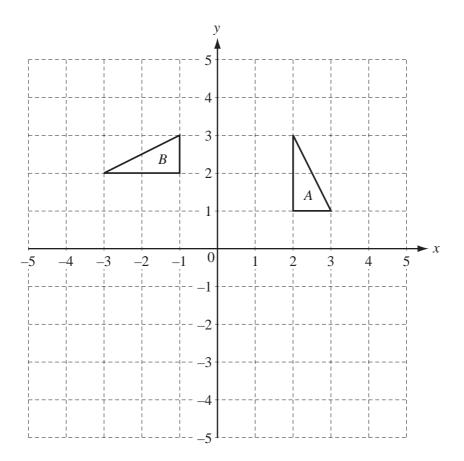
16	16 Find the co-ordinates of the point of intersection of the straight lines			
	2x + 3y = 11,	Examiner's Use		
	3x - 5y = -12.			
	Answer (,) [3]			
17	A student played a computer game 500 times and won 370 of these games. He then won the next <i>x</i> games and lost none. He has now won 75% of the games he has played. Find the value of <i>x</i> .			
	Answer x =			

18	$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x - 4$ and $g(x) = 2x - 1$.		
	Find		
	(a) f(-1),		
		Answer(a)	 [1]
	(b) of(x)		
	(b) $gf(x)$,		
		Answer(b)	 [2]
	(c) $g^{-1}(x)$.		
		Answer(c)	 [2]

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19

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- (a) A transformation is represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$.
 - (i) On the grid above, draw the image of triangle A after this transformation.

[2]

(ii) Describe fully this transformation.

Answer(a)(ii) [2]

(b) Find the 2 by 2 matrix representing the transformation which maps triangle A onto triangle B.

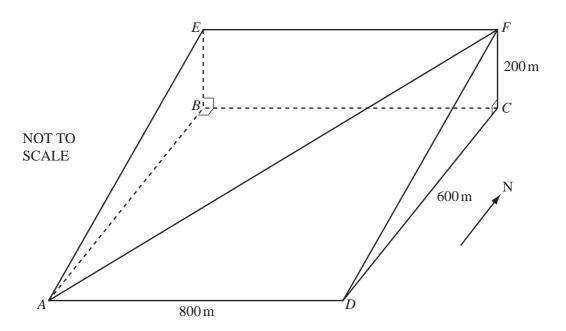
Answer(b) ([2]

20	The shaded area shows a beach. AD and BC are circular arcs, centre O . $OB = 160 \mathrm{m}$, $OD = 100 \mathrm{m}$ and angle AOL	O = 95°. NOT TO SCALE	beach sea 95°	>0
	(a) Calculate the area of the beach ABC.	D in square metres.	B	
		Answer(a)	m ²	[3]
	(b) The beach area is covered in sand to	a depth of 1.8 m.		
	Calculate the volume of the sand in	cubic metres.		
		Answer(b)	m ³	[1]
	(c) Write both the following answers in	standard form.		
	(i) Change your answer to part(b)	into cubic millimetre	s.	
		Answer(c)(i)	mm ³	[1]
	(ii) Each grain of sand has a volum	e of 2 mm ³ correct to the	he nearest mm ³ .	
	Calculate the maximum possibl	e number of grains of	sand on the beach.	
		Answer(c)(ii)		[2]
		Answer(c)(II)		[2]

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21

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ABCD, BEFC and AEFD are all rectangles.
ABCD is horizontal, BEFC is vertical and AEFD represents a hillside.
AF is a path on the hillside.

 $AD = 800 \,\mathrm{m}$, $DC = 600 \,\mathrm{m}$ and $CF = 200 \,\mathrm{m}$.

(a) Calculate the angle that the path AF makes with ABCD.

Answer(a) [5]

(b) In the diagram *D* is due south of *C*.

Jasmine walks down the path from *F* to *A* in bad weather. She cannot see the path ahead. The compass bearing she must use is the bearing of *A* from *C*.

Calculate this bearing.

Answer(b) [3]

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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CENTRE CANDIDATE NUMBER MATHEMATICS Paper 2 (Extended) CANDIDATE NUMBER 0580/22, 058 May/June	Candidates ans	swer on the Question Paper.	i iloui 30 illillute
CENTRE CANDIDATE NUMBER NUMBER	Paper 2 (Extend	ded)	May/June 200 1 hour 30 minute
NAME CENTRE CANDIDATE	MATHEMATIC	s	0580/22, 0581/2
	CANDIDATE NAME		

Geometrical instruments

Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Mathematical tables (optional)

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Electronic calculator

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES

Answer all questions.

Additional Materials:

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

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At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 70.

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This document consists of 11 printed pages and 1 blank page.



1	Wri	te down the n	next two prime numbers	s after 53.				Fo Exami Us
				Answer		and		[2]
				11.10,170.				
2	Sim	plify	$\frac{x}{3} + \frac{7x}{9} - \frac{7x}{18}.$					
				Answer				[2]
3			arks in a test and Jon sc nark as a percentage of					
				Answer			9/	<u>[2]</u>
4	(a)	The formula	for the <i>n</i> th term of the	sequence				
			1, 5, 14, 30,	55, 91, is	$\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}.$			
		Find the 15th	h term.					
				Answer(d	a) ,			[1]
	(b)	The <i>n</i> th term	of the sequence 17,	26, 37, 50,	65, is $(n+3)^2$	² + 1.		
		Write down	the formula for the <i>n</i> th	term of the sequ	nence 26, 37,	50, 65	5, 82,	
				Answer()	b)			[1]

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5	A holiday in Europe was advertised at a cost of €330. The exchange rate was \$1 = €1.07. Calculate the cost of the holiday in dollars, giving your answer correct to the nearest cent.					
	Answer \$	[2]				
6	Write the following in order of size, smallest first.					
	$\frac{399}{401}$ $\frac{598}{601}$ $\frac{698}{701}$					
	401 001 /01					
	Answer < <	[2]				
7	Write the number 2045.4893 correct to					
	(a) 2 decimal places,					
	Answer(a)	[1]				
	(b) 2 significant figures.					
	Answer(b)	[1]				
_						
•	$\frac{3}{4}$					
8	Simplify $(16x^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}$.					
	Answer	[2]				
	1115 WCI					

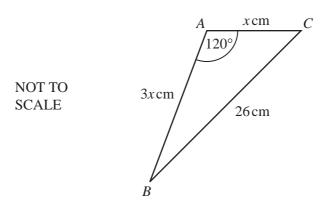
9	A straight line passes through two points with co-ordinates $(6,10)$ and $(0,7)$.
	Work out the equation of the line.

Answer	[3]	•
AIISWEI	12	

A cylindrical glass has a radius of 4 centimetres and a height of 6 centimetres. A large cylindrical jar full of water is a similar shape to the glass. The glass can be filled with water from the jar exactly 216 times. Work out the radius and height of the jar.

Answer radius	 cm
height	cm [3

11



In triangle ABC, AB = 3x cm, AC = x cm, BC = 26 cm and angle $BAC = 120^{\circ}$. Calculate the value of x.

Answer x = [3]

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[3]

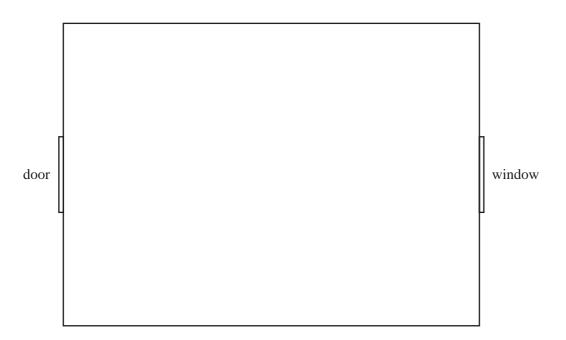
		3			
12	$\mathcal{E} = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,9,11,16\}$	$P = \{2,3,5,7,11\}$	$S = \{1,4,9,16\}$	$M = \{3,6,9\}$	
	(a) Draw a Venn diagram to sho	ow this information.			
				P.	21
				[2	2]
	(b) Write down the value of n(A)	<i>M</i> ′∩ <i>P</i>).			
		Answer(t	<i>b)</i>	[1]
					_
13	Solve the inequality				
		$\frac{2x-5}{8} > \frac{x+4}{3}.$			

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Answer [3]

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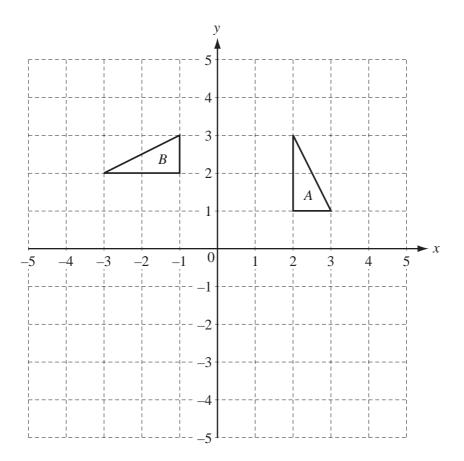
16	Find the co-ordinates of the point of intersection of the straight lines $2x + 3y = 11,$	For Examiner's Use
	3x - 5y = -12.	
	Answer (,) [3]	
17	A student played a computer game 500 times and won 370 of these games. He then won the next x games and lost none. He has now won 75% of the games he has played. Find the value of x .	
	Answer x = [4]	

18	$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x - 7$ and $g(x) = 2x - 3$.		
	Find		
	(a) f(-1),		
		Answer(a)	 [1]
	(b) of(x)		
	(b) $gf(x)$,		
		Answer(b)	 [2]
	(c) $g^{-1}(x)$.		
		Answer(c)	 [2]

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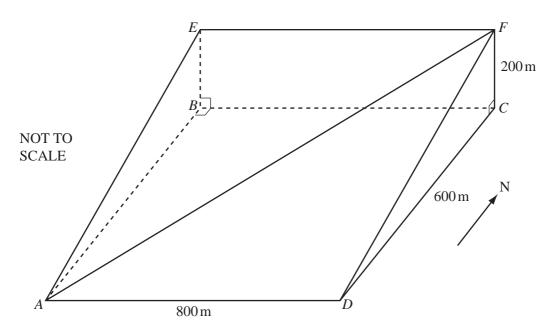
(b) Find the 2 by 2 matrix representing the transformation which maps triangle A onto triangle B.

20	The shaded area shows a beach. AD and BC are circular arcs, centre O . $OB = 160 \text{m}$, $OD = 100 \text{m}$ and angle $AOD = 100 \text{m}$	95°.	C 100 m	
		OT TO CALE	beach sea 95° A 160 m	>0
	(a) Calculate the area of the beach ABCD is	n square metres.	B	
		Answer(a)	m ²	[3]
	(b) The beach area is covered in sand to a covere	lepth of 1.8 m.		
	Calculate the volume of the sand in cub	vic metres.		
		Answer(b)	m ³	[1]
	(c) Write both the following answers in sta	ndard form.		
	(i) Change your answer to part(b) int	o cubic millimetres	S.	
		Answer(c)(i)	mm ³	[1]
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	Calculate the maximum possible n	umber of grains of	sand on the beach.	
		Answer(c)(ii)		[2]

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ABCD, BEFC and AEFD are all rectangles. ABCD is horizontal, BEFC is vertical and AEFD represents a hillside. AF is a path on the hillside.

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(b) In the diagram *D* is due south of *C*.

Jasmine walks down the path from *F* to *A* in bad weather. She cannot see the path ahead. The compass bearing she must use is the bearing of *A* from *C*.

Calculate this bearing.

Answer(b) [3]

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