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MATHEMATICS 0580/41

Paper 4 (Extended) May/June 2021

2 hours 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

INFORMATION

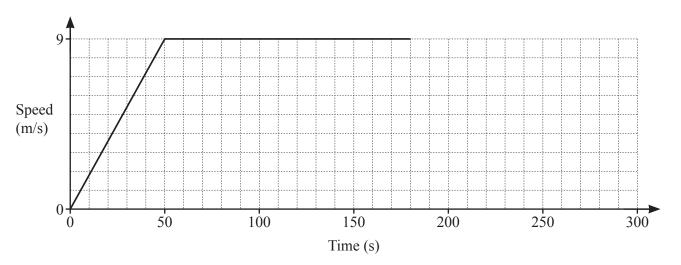
- The total mark for this paper is 130.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 20 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

(a)	The	total cos	t of a taxi journey is calculated as		
		• plug	\$0.50 per kilometre		
		plus •	\$0.40 per minute.		
	(i)	Calculat	te the total cost of a journey of 32 km that	t takes 30 minutes.	
					503
	(40)			\$	[2]
	(ii)		l cost of a journey of 100 km is \$98.		
		Show th	at the time taken is 2 hours.		
					[3]
(b)	Thr	ee taxi dr	ivers travel a total of 8190km in the ratio	5 · 2 · 7	[-]
(8)			distance each driver travels.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Can	curate the	distance each driver travers.		
				Driver 1 k	cm
				Driver 2 k	cm
				Driver 3	cm [3]
(c)			ht, the cost of any taxi journey increases costs \$84.10 after midnight.	by 45%.	
	Cal	culate the	cost of the same journey before midnigh	ıt.	

3

2 The diagram shows the speed—time graph for the first 180 seconds of a train journey.



(a) Find the acceleration, in m/s², of the train during the first 50 seconds.

	m/s^2	[1]
--	---------	-----

(b) After 180 seconds, the train decelerates at a constant rate of 1944 km/h².

Show that the train decelerates for 60 seconds until it stops.

[2]

(c) Complete the speed—time graph.

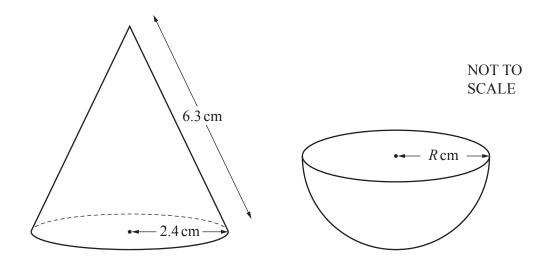
[1]

(d) Calculate the average speed of the train for the whole journey.

..... m/s [4]

4

3 (a)



The diagram shows a solid cone and a solid hemisphere.

The cone has radius 2.4 cm and slant height 6.3 cm.

The hemisphere has radius R cm.

The **total** surface area of the cone is equal to the **total** surface area of the hemisphere.

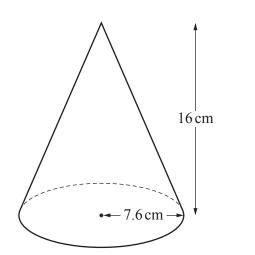
Calculate the value of *R*.

[The curved surface area, A, of a cone with radius r and slant height l is $A = \pi r l$.] [The curved surface area, A, of a sphere with radius r is $A = 4\pi r^2$.]

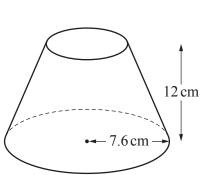
$$R = \dots [4]$$

5

(b)



NOT TO SCALE



The diagram shows a solid cone with radius 7.6 cm and height 16 cm. A cut is made parallel to the base of the cone and the top section is removed. The remaining solid has height 12 cm, as shown in the diagram.

Calculate the volume of the remaining solid.

[The volume, V, of a cone with radius r and height h is $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$.]

 cm^3	[4]

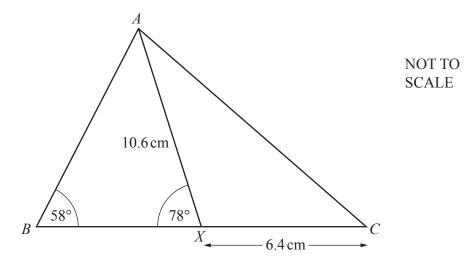
6

4

(a)	The	exchange rate is 1 euro = $$1.142$.		
	(i)	Johann changes \$500 into euros.		
		Calculate the number of euros Johann receives. Give your answer correct to the nearest euro.		
			euros	[2]
	(ii)	Johann buys a computer for \$329. The same computer costs 275 euros.		
		Calculate the difference in cost in dollars.		
			\$	[2]
(b)	Luc	y spends $\frac{3}{8}$ of the money she has saved this month on a	book that costs \$5.25.	
	Cal	culate how much money Lucy has saved this month.		
			\$	[2]
(c)	Kar The	mal invests \$6130 at a rate of $r\%$ per year compound integrate value of his investment at the end of 5 years is \$6669.	erest.	
	Cal	culate the value of r .		
			y. —	[3]

7

5



The diagram shows triangle ABC.

X is a point on BC.

AX = 10.6 cm, XC = 6.4 cm, angle $ABC = 58^{\circ}$ and angle $AXB = 78^{\circ}$.

(a) Calculate AC.

(b) Calculate *BX*.

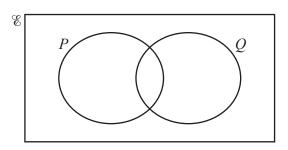
$$BX = \dots$$
 cm [4]

(c) Calculate the area of triangle ABC.

..... cm² [3]

8

6 (a) In the Venn diagram, shade the region $P' \cup Q$.



[1]

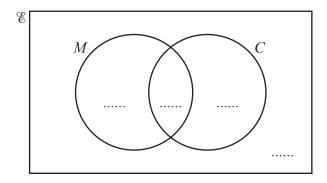
(b) There are 50 students in a group.

34 have a mobile phone (M).

39 have a computer (C).

5 have no mobile phone and no computer.

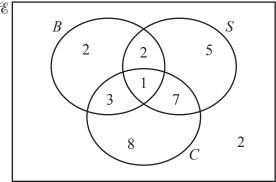
Complete the Venn diagram to show this information.



[2]

9

(c) The Venn diagram shows the number of students in a group of 30 who have brothers (B), sisters (S) or cousins (C).



(i)	Write down the number of students who have brothers.	
(ii)	Write down the number of students who have cousins but do not have sisters.	[1]
(iii)	Find $n(B \cup S \cup C)'$.	[1]
(iv)	Use set notation to describe the set of students who have both cousins and sisters but do have brothers.	
(v)	One student is picked at random from the 30 students.	[1]
(۷)	Find the probability that this student has cousins.	
(vi)	Two students are picked at random from the students who have cousins.	[1]
	Calculate the probability that both these students have brothers.	
		[3]
(vii)	One student is picked at random from the 30 students.	
	Event A This student has sisters.Event B This student has cousins but does not have brothers.	
	Explain why event A and event B are equally likely.	
		[1]

7	(a)	Simplify.
		$\frac{x^2-25}{x^2-x-20}$

 [3]
 L

(b) Write as a single fraction in its simplest form.

$$\frac{x+5}{x} + \frac{x+8}{x-1}$$

11

(c)	A cı	arve has equation $y = 2x^3 - 4x^2 + 6$.			
	(i)	Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, the derived function of y.			
					[2]
	(ii)	Calculate the gradient of the curve	$y = 2x^3 - 4x^2 + 6$	at $x = 4$.	

(iii) Find the coordinates of the two stationary points on the curve.

(....., and (.....) [4]

.....[2]

12

8 (a) The table shows information about the mass, in kilograms, of each of 50 children.

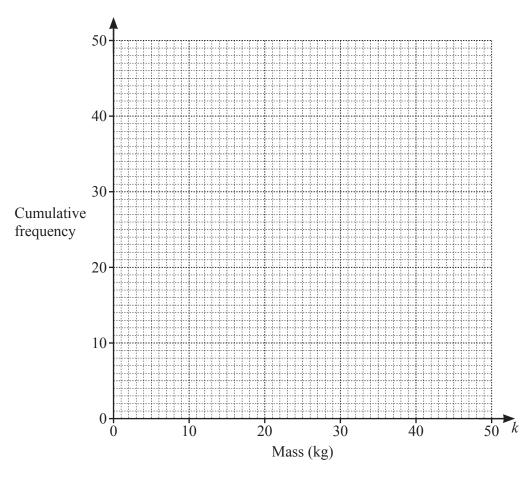
Mass (kkg)	$0 < k \le 10$	$10 < k \le 25$	$25 < k \leqslant 35$	$35 < k \le 40$	$40 < k \le 50$
Frequency	3	19	21	5	2

(i) Complete the cumulative frequency table.

Mass (kkg)	<i>k</i> ≤ 10	<i>k</i> ≤ 25	<i>k</i> ≤ 35	<i>k</i> ≤ 40	<i>k</i> ≤ 50
Cumulative frequency					

[2]

(ii) On the grid, draw a cumulative frequency diagram to show this information.

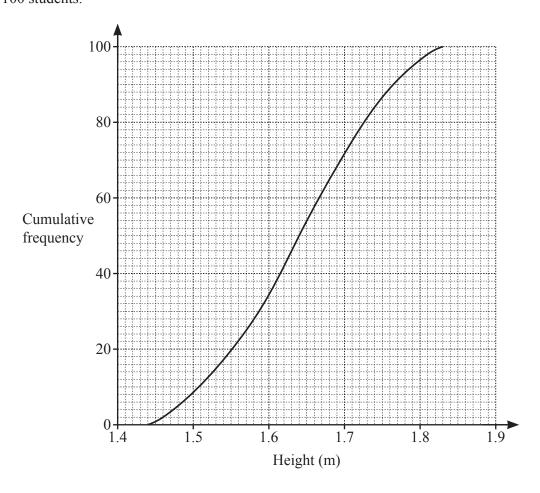


[3]

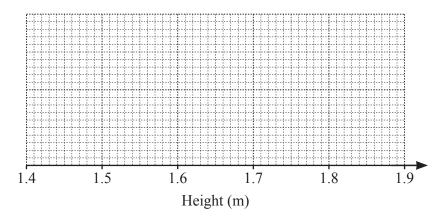
(iii) Use your diagram to find an estimate of the number of children with a mass of 32 kg or less.

[1]

(b) This cumulative frequency diagram shows information about the height, in metres, of each of 100 students.



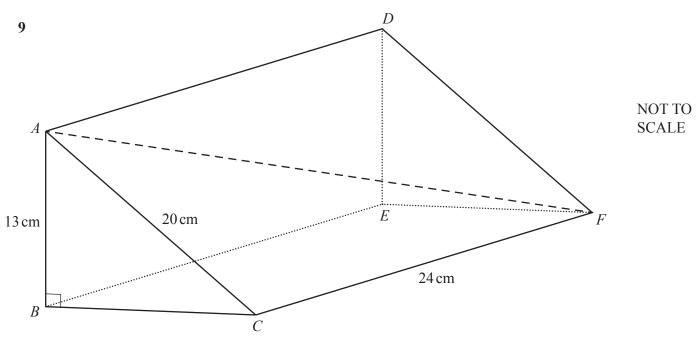
The height of the tallest student is 1.83 metres. The height of the shortest student is 1.45 metres.



On this grid, draw a box-and-whisker plot for the heights of the 100 students.



14



The diagram shows a prism, ABCDEF. AB = 13 cm, AC = 20 cm, CF = 24 cm and angle $ABC = 90^{\circ}$.

(a) Calculate the total surface area of the prism.

..... cm² [6]

(b) Calculate the volume of the prism.

..... cm³ [1]

(c) Calculate the angle that AF makes with the base BCFE.

.....[4]

15

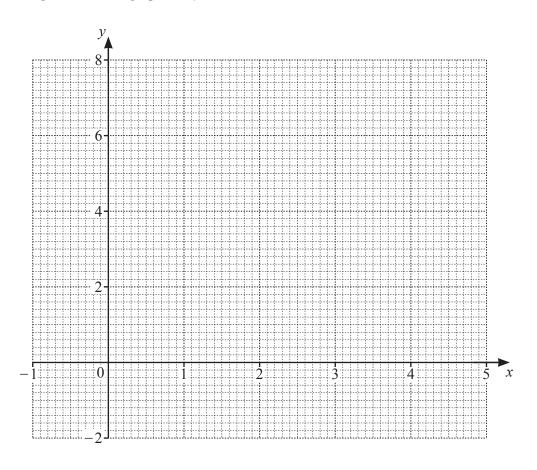
10 The table shows some values of $y = 3 + 4x - x^2$ for $-1 \le x \le 5$.

х	-1	-0.5	0	1	2	3	4	4.5	5
у	-2			6		6			-2

(a) Complete the table.

[3]

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = 3 + 4x - x^2$ for $-1 \le x \le 5$.



[4]

(c) Write down an integer value of k for which the equation $3+4x-x^2=k$ has no solutions.

.....[1]

(d) By drawing a suitable straight line on the grid, solve the equation $-1 + \frac{9}{2}x - x^2 = 0$.

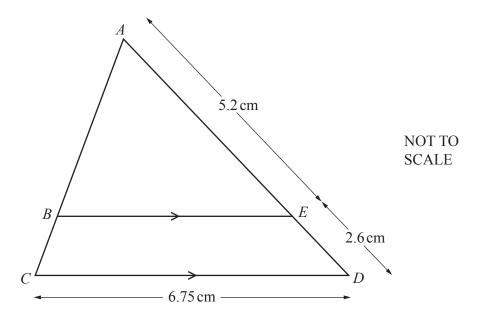
$$x = \dots$$
 or $x = \dots$ [4]

16

11 (a) Find the size of an exterior angle of a regular polygon with 18 sides.

.....[2]

(b)



In triangle ACD, B lies on AC and E lies on AD such that BE is parallel to CD. AE = 5.2 cm and ED = 2.6 cm.

Calculate BE.

 $BE = \dots$ cm [2]

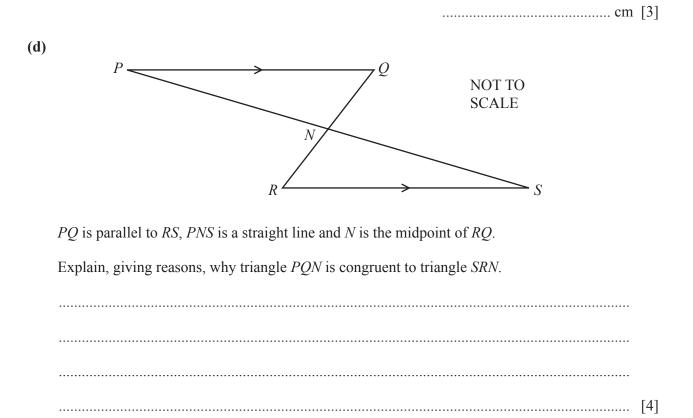
17

(c) Two solids are mathematically similar.

The smaller solid has height 2 cm and volume 32 cm³.

The larger solid has volume 780 cm³.

Calculate the height of the larger solid.



18

12
$$f(x) = 3 - 2x$$
 $g(x) = x^2 + 5$ $h(x) = x^3$

(a) Find f(-5).

Γ	1
	1

(b) Find ff(x). Give your answer in its simplest form.

(c) Solve g(x) = f(x) + 37.

$$x =$$
 or $x =$ [4]

19

Find $f^{-1}(x)$
Find $f^{-1}(x)$

 $f^{-1}(x) =$ [2]

(e) Find
$$hf(x) + g(x)$$
.
Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....[5]

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