

June 2003

### INTERNATIONAL GCSE

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

MARK SCHEME

# **MAXIMUM MARK: 40**

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/01

# **PHYSICS** Paper 1 (Multiple Choice)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003	0625	1

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Question Number	Кеу	Question Number	Key
1	Α	21	D
2	В	22	D
3	В	23	В
4	С	24	В
5	D	25	В
6	С	26	D
7	Α	27	Α
8	D	28	Α
9	В	29	В
10	В	30	D
11	Α	31	С
12	С	32	D
13	В	33	Α
14	D	34	Α
15	В	35	С
16	Α	36	В
17	Α	37	D
18	Α	38	Α
19	В	39	D
20	D	40	В

TOTAL 40



June 2003

INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

## MAXIMUM MARK: 80

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/02

PHYSICS

Paper 2 (Core)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003	0625	2

#### NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS

- B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.
- M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in the candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.
- C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they have known it, e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.
- A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or allow a C mark to be scored.
- c.a.o. means 'correct answer only'.
- e.c.f. means 'error carried forward'. This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applied to marks annotated 'e.c.f.'.
- e.e.o.o. means 'each error or omission'.
- Brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets, e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for '10', regardless of the unit given.
- <u>Underlining</u> indicates that this **must** be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- Un.pen. means 'unit penalty'. An otherwise correct answer will have one mark deducted if the unit is wrong or missing. This **only** applies where specifically stated in the mark scheme. Elsewhere, incorrect or missing units are condoned.
- OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

Page 2			Mark Scheme			Syllabus	Paper
			IGUSE	E AIVIINA HU	113 - JUNE 2003		<b>Z</b>
<u>QUES</u>	<u>STION</u>			<u>SCHEME</u>	<u> </u>	TARGET GRADE	<u>MARK</u>
1	(a)	8				F	B1
	(b)	EIT gre AN Th	THER eater ID ickness of rule R overlap at en	C s A tl	DR maller ND nread stretched when on rule DR worn rule ends	_ F	<u>B1</u> _2
			•		-		
2	(a)	(i)	10			F	B1
		(ii)	stretch OF	R shape (or si	uitable sketch)	С	B1
	(b)	(i)	120			F	B1
		(ii)	up(wards) Accept ar	) OR vertical ( row on diagra	NOT vertically down) m	F	B1
		(iii	) increase s OR increa OR less s ground)	size/area of bl ase number of oil in pot (NO	ocks/larger blocks <sup>-</sup> blocks T put pot on harder	F	<u>B1</u> _5
3	(a)	0.9	97 – 0.51			F	C1
		0.4	46			F	A1
	(b)	(i)	15			F	B1
		(ii)	515 e.c.f.			С	B1
		(iii	) D = M/V ii (words/let	n any form, se ters/mix)	een or implied	F	C1
		EI	THER	OR	OR		
		<u>46</u> 51	<u>0</u> 5	<u>0.46</u> 515	$\frac{0.46}{515} \times 10^{-6}$ e.c.f.	С	C1
		0.8	3932 (any nu	8.932  imes 1 mber of signif	0 <sup>-4</sup> 893.2…No e.c.f. icant figures)	С	C1
		0.8	39	8.9 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	890 (e.c.f. for significant figures)	С	A1
		g/c (0. OK	cm <sup>3</sup> 89 kg/dm <sup>3</sup> is <)	kg/cm <sup>3</sup> (NOT 8.9 <sup>-04</sup> )	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	F	<u>B1</u> _9

F	Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper 2
L	4 (a)	ide (N	ea of air molecules moving (allow vibrating) .B. 'collide' = 'moving')	F	C1
		ide the	ea of air molecules striking something (condone emselves)	F	C1
		ide	ea of air molecules striking walls	С	A1
	(b)	(i)	moves down	F	B1
		(ii	) increases (e.c.f.)	F	M1
			idea of more collisions (per unit time) (e.c.f.) OR $P \propto \frac{1}{V}$	С	<u>A1</u> _6
	5 (a)	lin	e starting at 0 °C	F	В1
		re: tin	asonably horizontal line at any temp for $\ge$ half the ne	С	M1 mark along-
		hc an	rizontal from zero time as far as dotted line (ignore hything to R. of line)	С	graph
	(b)	(i)	water boils OR heat loss = heat supplied (NOT evaporates/ turns to gas) mark (i)	С	B1
		(ii	and (ii) and (ii) together escape OR break bonds OR change state OR heat loss from sides/surface/to air	С	<u>B1</u> _5
	6 (a)	(i)	normal correct, by eye	F	B1 mark
		(ii)	) reflected ray correct, by eye (ignore normal; ignore any arrow)	F	B1 > side diagram
		(ii	<ul> <li>both <i>i</i> and <i>r</i> correctly marked (condone sloppy normal and sloppy refracted ray)</li> </ul>	F	B1)
	(b)	pa Ol (N fro	rallel to ray striking mirror 1 (allow incident ray) R same direction (NOT equal/same as) .B. sentence must be completed, i.e. no inference om line on diagram)	С	<u>B1</u> _4

	Page 4		Mark Scheme IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003	Syllabus 0625	Paper 2
7	(a)	680	1020 1360 1700	F	 B1
	(b)	5 po igno	pints plotted $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square (-1 e.e.o.o.) pre 0,0 (e.c.f.)	F	B2
		reas	sonable line through his points – drawn with rule/thickness reasonable	F	B1
	(c)	(i)	flash	F	B1
			light travels quickly OR sound travels slowly (accept figure)	F	C1
			light travels faster than sound (accept figure)	F	C1
			light travels much faster than sound (accept figures)	С	A1
		(iii)	1400 - 1450 OR correct value from his graph $\pm \ \frac{1}{2}$ square	F	B1
			clear and correct indication on graph of how obtained (minimum: dot at appropriate point)	F	<u>B1</u> 10
8	(a)	Cha extr elec	arge(s) OR energy (NOT electricity (condone as ra), charged particles (condone as extra), current, ctrons (condone as extra), voltage)	С	B1
	(b)	(i)	0	С	B1
		(ii)	mention of 6V	F	B1
			mention of rising OR not instantaneous (NOT 'reads')	С	B1
		(iii)	any realistic example of something turned on/off after a time lapse, e.g. electronic egg timer, turn-off bedside radio	F	<u>B1</u> _6
9	(a)	(i)	wire shown curved between A and B	F	C1 mark along-
			wire displaced all along between A and B, and reasonably smooth	С	A1 diagram
		(ii)	idea of force (in any direction)	F	M1
			on current/current-carrying conductor	С	A1
			when in magnetic field	С	A1

F	Page 5		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003	0625	2
	(b)	line	e curved in opposite direction	F	<u>B1</u> _6 } mark along- side diagram
10	(a)	(i)	electrons OR cathode rays (NOT beta- particles)	F	B1
			something 'hitting' the screen (NOT 'form a spot')	F	B1
			idea of fluorescence (of the screen, NOT 'the gas')	С	B1
		(ii)	focus	С	B1
		(iii)	time base OR ms/cm	С	B1
		(iv)	electrons/cathode rays deflected (e.c.f. from (i); allow 'attracted' if intention clear)	F	B1
			something deflected horizontally	С	M1
			some idea of repeated sweeps/back and forth	С	A1
	(b)	(i)	(y-)input (allow y-plates)	F	B1
		(ii)	1. trace moves horizontally/sideways/left/right	С	B1
			2. trace moves vertically/up/down	С	<u>B1</u> <u>11</u>
11	(a)	Со	nnection to either side of cell, but not shorted out	F	B1
		VR cor incl	in series with lamp, and not shorted out OR rectly connected as a potential divider (condone lusion of a switch)	F	B1
	(b)	(i)	$R_1 + R_2$	F	C1
			12	F	A1
		(ii)	1. Resistance = p.d./current in any form (words/letters/mix)	F	C1
			6/12 e.c.f.	С	C1
			0.5 or $\frac{1}{2}$ e.c.f.	С	A1

	Page 6		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003	0625	2
			2. his calculated current his calculated current his calculated current	С	B1
		A OI	R amp OR ampere somewhere in (ii)	F	B1
		(iii)	voltmeter shown correctly connected (any recognisable symbol; allow re-drawn circuit)	С	<u>B1</u> 10 ∫ side diagram
12	(a)	his v	weight	F	B1
	(b)	dista	ance OR height	F	B1
	(c)	(i)	1000N climber OR heavier OR first	F	B1
		(ii)	his answer to (i)	F	B1
	(d)	(i)	chemical (accept fuel)	С	B1
		(ii)	food (accept muscles)	С	B1
		(iii)	maintaining body function		
			heat loss K.E. sounds	С	<u>B1</u> _7

Mark first correct answer, condone extras

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

June 2003

INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

## **MAXIMUM MARK: 80**

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/03

**PHYSICS** Paper 3 (Extended)



Page 1		1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003	0625	3
1	(a)	(i) (ii)	force of gravity acts on masses/weight of masses vector has direction/force has direction	B1 B1	2
	(b)	(i)	spring 1 (more difficult)	M1	-
		(ii)	P marked at extension 25 mm to 28 mm explanation in terms of end of proportionality	A1 B1	
		(iii)	each graph read at 15 N, approx. 25 mm, 19 mm difference correct, 6 mm +/- 1 mm	C1 A1	6 [8]
2	(a)		change in speed is 1.5 m/s deceleration = decrease in speed/time or 1.5/12 a = (-/+) 0.125 m/s	C1 C1 A1	3
	(b)		average speed = 1.75 m/s distance = 21 m	C1 A1	2 [5]
3	(a)		attempt to use triangle or parallelogram of forces stated scale used 950 N and 1220 N in correct relative directions correct resultant drawn in weight = 1785 N [limits 1700 N to 1850 N]	M1 A1 C1 C1 A1	5
	(b)	(i)	work = force x distance or 1500 x 3.0 work = 4500 J	C1 A1	
		(ii)	power = work/time or 4500/2.5 power = 1800 W	C1 A1	4 [9]
4	(a)		air molecules hit dust particles hits continuously/unevenly/hits cause movement in al	M1	
	4.5		air molecules fast moving/high energy	B1	3
	(b)		any attempt to use p x v = constant or correct proportion fraction 2 x 80/25 seen	C1 C1 A1	3
			p = 6.4 x 10 (Pa)		[6]
5	(a)		Y is a wire of different metal/not copper Z is a galvanometer/millivoltmeter/milliammeter	B1 B1	2
	(b)		2 junctions at different temperatures, accept one hot, one cold	B1	
			reading of meter changes (with temperature) 1 junction at known temperature/need for calibration	B1 B1	max 3
	(c)		dull or black surface	B1	1 [6]

Page 2		2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003	0625	3
6	(a)	(i)	incident ray, refracted ray and normal drawn	C1	
		(::)	all correct and meeting at a point	A1	
		(II) (iii)	values correct within agreed limits	B1 B1	Δ
		(111)	values correct within agreed innus		-
	(b)		use of sini/sinr	C1	
			correct substitution from candidates values	C1	
			value correct within agreed limits from candidate's		•
			values	A1	3
					[']
7	(a)		value 3 x 10 m/s	A1	1
	. ,				
	(b)		speed of light (much) greater than speed of sound or		4
			value for sound	A1	1
	(c)	(i)	source and receiver arrangement	C1	
	(-)	(-)	with detail and labels	A1	
		(ii)	distance between source and receiver	B1	
		<i></i>	time between flash and bang	B1	_
		(111)	speed = distance/time	B1	max 4 [6]
8	(a)	(i)	use of charge = It or I = 90/45	C1	
	( )	()	current = 2 Å	A1	
		(ii)	resistance = voltage/current or 6/2	C1	
		(:::)	resistance is 3 ohm	A1	
		(111)	energy = Vil or Vq or $6 \times 90$ energy is 540 J		6
					Ū
	(b)		idea of energy transfer	C1	
			is (6) J/C	A1	2
					[8]
9	(a)	(i)	power = $VI \text{ or } 24 \times 2$	C1	
Ŭ	(4)	(')	power is 48 W	A1	
		(ii)	voltage = power/current or 48/0.4	C1	
			voltage is 120 V	A1	4
	(h)	(1)	nother little energy/newer lest or energy/newer in -		
	(a)	(1)	no/very inde energy/power lost or energy/power In =	R1	
		(ii)	any mention of magnetic field	B1	
		()	changing magnetic field	B1	
			field passes through core or secondary coil	B1	
			induces voltage in secondary coil	B1	
			number of turns on secondary determines voltage	D1	may 1
			σαφαί	DI	[8]

Page 3		3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003	0625	3
10	(a)	(i) (ii)	circular line of force around wire through P arrow(s) on line anticlockwise - none wrong arrow through Q to left	M1 A1 A1	3
	(b)	(i) (ii)	none/stays same direction reverses	B1 B1	2
	(c)		at S - stronger at T - same (strength) at W - same (strength)	B1 B1 B1	3 [8]
11	(a)	(i) (ii) (iii)	source, detector named absorber/air and labels take detector reading with no source (background) detector reading with source, detector and air only detector reading with appropriate named absorber (including distance in air) same reading with absorber(including air) as background so all alpha absorbed by cardboard/paper/air, others would get through	B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1	max 6
	(b)		curved path stated or drawn path at right angles to magnetic field into paper	B1 B1 B1	3 [9]

TOTAL 80

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

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INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

# **MAXIMUM MARK: 60**

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/05

**PHYSICS** Practical



	Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper			
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003	0625	5			
1.	two room	temp readings (sensible)	1				
	table com	pleted, temps rising	1				
	evidence o	of temp to better than 1 deg	1				
	all temps t	to better than 1 deg	1				
	time unit		1				
	temp unit		T				
	temp avis	labelled	1				
	scale suita	scale suitable					
	plotting (cl	1					
	plotting (cl	1					
	line judger	ment shape	1				
		thickness	1				
	01-1		4				
	Statement	( an (adagusta)	1				
		in (adequate)	2				
	Ortgood		2				
			TOTAL 15				
•							
2.	d sensible	)	1				
	unit diogram b	locks parallel and in correct position	1				
	ulayiani b ri	ile position shown	1				
			•				
	r correct		1				
	h sensible	with unit	1				
	V calculat	ion correct	1				
	c stated (s	sensible)	1				
	at	least 5 turns used	1				
	calculation	h of V	1				
	average c	alculated	1				
	2/3 sf		1				
	unit		1				
	sensible G	S estimate	1				
	v correct,	2/3 sf, unit	1				
			TOTAL 45				
			IUIAL 15				
3.	three corre	ect units	3				
	both I to a	t least 1 dp	1				
	both V to a	at least 1 dp	1				
	R value (c	check first) correct	1				
	doth K to 2	2/3 51	1				
	correct rat	tio (as decimal)	1				
	no unit		1				
	2/3 sf		1				
	ratio 1.8 –	2.2	1				

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003	0625	5

	Diagram voltmeter in parallel across the motors ammeter correct variable resistor connected to vary current through one motor correct symbols for all three	1 1 1 1 <b>TOTAL 15</b>
4.	angle 30 ( <u>+</u> 1) angle 40 ( <u>+</u> 1) pins F and G at least 5cm apart	1 1 1
	GF correct and neat new GF line correct and neat	1 1
	x line correct position record of x correct unit	1 1 1
	y line correct position record of y correct unit (same as x, stated or not)	1 1 1
	correct ratio x/y no unit 2/3 sf value	1 1 1 1

TOTAL 15

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

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MARK SCHEME

## **MAXIMUM MARK: 40**

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/06

### **PHYSICS** Alternative to Practical



Page 1		1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003 0625		0625	6
1	(a)		Seven correct values: 0, 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 12 (-1 each error)		
	(b)		Graph: Scales, labelled, suitable size Axes, right way round Plots to ½ sq (-1 each error)		1 1 2
	(c)		Line shape Line thickness		1 1
			Triangle greater than $\frac{1}{2}$ line and method used Correct interpolation to $\frac{1}{2}$ sq		1 1
				TOTAL	10
2	(a)		36° (±1°)		1
	(b)		Refracted ray drawn 22° (±1°) normal correct (by eye) neat, thin, correct lines		1 1 1 1
	(c)		Correct refracted ray (by eye) with arrow		1
	(d)		Separation (LHS) at least 5cm Separation (RHS) at least 5cm		1 1
				TOTAL	8
3	(a)	(i)	Voltmeter across lamp		1
		(ii)	Variable resistor/rheostat		1
	(b)		Correct position		1
	(c)		V A $\Omega$ correct R at 9.8V = 8.16666 (any sf) all R to 2/3 sf consistent 2 sf or consistent 3 sf		1 1 1 1 1
				TOTAL	9
4	(a)	(i)	6.8cm (68mm)		1
		(ii)	6.8 unit, mm		1 1
	(b)	(i)	3.8/3.77 or 0.38/0.377 mm or cm as appropriate		1 1

Page 2		2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2003 0625		6
		(ii)	0.94/0.95 (or evidence of division by 4)		1
		(iii)	0.75094/0.75095		1
	(c)		Thickness of string/thickness of marks on string/stretc string/metre rule measures to 1mm	hing of	1
				TOTAL	8
5	(a)	(i)	polystyrene		1
		(ii)	Least steep curve (or numbers suitably quoted)		1
	(b)		Three from: Thickness of insulator Room temp. Starting temp. Mass/vol./amount of water Using same can		3
				TOTAL	5

	maximum	minimum mark required for grade:				
	mark available	А	С	Е	F	
Component 1	40	-	29	23	19	
Component 2	80	-	45	34	26	
Component 3	80	53	32	-	-	
Component 5	60	42	33	21	13	
Component 6	40	34	26	20	15	

Grade thresholds taken for Syllabus 0625 (Physics) in the June 2003 examination.

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A\* does not exist at the level of an individual component.