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#### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the June 2005 question paper

#### 0625 PHYSICS

0625/06

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum mark 40

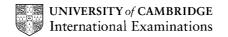
This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



### Grade thresholds for Syllabus 0625 (Physics) in the June 2005 examination.

	maximum	minimum mark required for grade:			
	mark available	А	С	E	F
Component 6	40	33	25	20	15

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A\* does not exist at the level of an individual component.

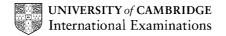
#### **GCSE**

# MARK SCHEME

**MAXIMUM MARK: 40** 

**SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0625/06** 

PHYSICS
Alternative to Practical



1	(a)	21°C (ignore unit) (20.9 acceptable)	[1]
	(b) (i) (ii)	t in $^{\circ}$ C and V in cm <sup>3</sup> $\theta$ axis labelled, with unit scale 10 $^{\circ}$ C to 1 cm	[1] [1]
		or 0 - 100 in 25 sq steps or 20 - 80 in 10 sq steps correct plots to ½ sq (-1 each error) well judged best fit line	[1] [2] [1]
	(c)	heat lost to surroundings or by evaporation	[1]
			[total: 8]
2	(a)	12 cm <sup>3</sup> 0.5 A 30 cm <sup>2</sup> 0.112 kg 600 N	[1] [1] [1] [1]
	(b)	repeats  to spot anomalous results/to calculate average or series of different V and I, plot graph or switch on/off, prevent temp rise or low current, minimise temp rise or avoidance of parallax, action and reason or clean wires, resistance caused by dirt or tap meter, prevent sticking or check zero error, accuracy (in each case the reason must support the statement to gain the second mark)	[1] [1]
		to gain the second mark)	[total: 7]
3	(a)	l values 50, 75, 100	[1]
	(b)	1.50 V shown correctly 0.375 A shown correctly	[1] [1]
	(c)	2.5(3); 4.0(0); 5.2(0) all correct all to 2sf or all to 3sf	[1] [1]
	(d)	Ω	[1]
	(e)	R = 7.50 - 8.00 ( <u>or</u> R = 6.60 - 7.49)	[2]
			[total: 8]

Mark Scheme IGCSE – June 2005

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Syllabus 0625 Paper 6

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4	(a)	0.90; 0.78; 0.63 (-1 each error, ignore sf)	[2]
	(b)	0.00225; 0.00260; 0.00315 all correct (ecf) all to 2sf or all to 3sf	[1] [1]
	(c)	NO T/m increases as m decreases (wtte) - if statement (no) correct	[1] [1]
	(d)	time n oscillations divide by n (n at least 3)	[1] [1]
	(e)	lower spring fully compressed (wtte)	[1]
			[total: 9]
5	(a)	normal in correct position and at 90° (by eye)	[1]
	(b)	i = 29 - 31	[1]
	(c)	refracted ray correct side of normal and at angle < i r = 18 - 22	[1] [1]
	(d)	ray displaced and parallel to incident ray (by eye)	
		all correct lines drawn neatly, not too thick, and forming continuous path	[1]
	(e)	two pins on emerging ray, labelled Y and Z pins at least 3 cm apart	[1] [1]
			[total: 8]