Location Entry Codes



As part of CIE's continual commitment to maintaining best practice in assessment, CIE has begun to use different variants of some question papers for our most popular assessments with extremely large and widespread candidature, The question papers are closely related and the relationships between them have been thoroughly established using our assessment expertise. All versions of the paper give assessment of equal standard.

The content assessed by the examination papers and the type of questions are unchanged.

This change means that for this component there are now two variant Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiner's Reports where previously there was only one. For any individual country, it is intended that only one variant is used. This document contains both variants which will give all Centres access to even more past examination material than is usually the case.

The diagram shows the relationship between the Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiner's Reports.

Question Paper

Introduction First variant Question Paper Second variant Question Paper

Mark Scheme

Introduction
First variant Mark Scheme
Second variant Mark Scheme

Principal Examiner's Report

Introduction	
First variant Principal Examiner's Report	
Second variant Principal Examiner's Report	

Who can I contact for further information on these changes?

Please direct any questions about this to CIE's Customer Services team at: international@cie.org.uk

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/31

Paper 31 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0625	31

Notes about Mark Scheme Symbols and Other Matters

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

	Page 3	}			cheme:						yllabu	S	Pape	r
				IG	CSE - I	May/Jur	ne 200	9			0625		31	
1	check z start sto stop sto divide ti	pwatch pwatch	n at sor n after a	me reco at least	ognisabl 10 cycl	e point	in the c	cycle			ast 10	s	B1 B1 B1 B1	[4]
2	(a) wat	er AND) liquid	s expar	nd more	than so	olids						B1	
	(b) steel (steel) expands at same rate / has same expansion (as concrete) different expansion AND cracks / breaks / damages / destroys concrete										M1 A1 A1	[4]		
3	(a) (i)	change	je in sp	eed wi	th time o	constan	t OR s	speed p	•				В1	
	(ii)	increas 0.75 m		elocity	/ time(OR <i>a</i> =	<i>v/t</i> , sy	mbols, v	words	or num	nbers		C1 A1	
	(b) (i)	decrea	ases C	R acce	eleration	slows (down)	NOT '	it slows	s down	ı'		C1	
	(ii)	consta	ant / ma	aximun	ownwar n OR ((t of weig	giving) r	no resu	Itant for)R			C1 A1	
	(iii)	cu	urved f	•	at origin art AND part	decreas	sing gra	adient A	ND				B1 B1	
				,	correct o		egion						B1 B1	[10]
4	 (a) (i) (note: diagram may be drawn in any orientation) sides correct length, by eye forces drawn at 45°, by eye parallelogram completed correct diagonal drawn / correct resultant if intersecting arcs shown 						B1 B1 B1 B1							
	(ii)	magnit direction			en 5500 en 28° a		5700						B1 B1	
	(b) (i)	it has o	direction	on (as v	well as r	nagnitu	de)						B1	
	(ii)	any ex	xample	which	is clearl	ly a vec	tor						B1	[8]

	Page 4	Pape	r							
			IGCSE – May/June 2009	0625	31					
5	(a) (i)	½ ×	v ² 7500 × 12 × 12 000 J OR 540 kJ		C1 C1 A1					
	(ii)	10%	E/t in any form 5 × his (a) 100 W OR 54 kW e.c.f.		B1 C1 A1					
	(b) (i)	3750	0 kg		B1					
	(ii)	(ii) [If ecf from (i) and no other errors, maximum mark is 2] mass: ½ OR correct sub in ½mv² speed: ½ OR 6750 (J) fraction = ½ / 0.125 / 1:8 ? 12.5 % (c.a.o.)								
6	(a) (i)		F/A in any form, letters, words or numbers × 10 ⁶ Pa accept N/m ²		C1 A1					
	(ii)	84 N	I OR 84.0 N		B1					
	(iii)		<u>le force</u> over (much) smaller area ch) bigger pressure		B1 B1					
	(b) (i)	P = 3 ×	hdg in any form, letters, words or numbers 10 ⁴ Pa OR 30 000 Pa OR 30 kPa accept N/m ²		C1 A1					
	(ii)	his (i)		B1	[8]				
7	(a) Tot	al pe	nalty for use of 'particles' rather than 'molecules' is 1	mark.						
	(i)		of some molecules gaining more KE sovercome attractive forces OR mols break free of	surface	B1 B1					
	(ii)	•	ater area e mols escape (in given time)		B1 B1					
	(iii)	blow redu	ease temperature / supply more heat / make hotter v air across surface, or equiv. uce humidity rease pressure)) any 2)	B1 + B1					
	mo less ene eva	lecules ene ergy to aporat	aporates from cloth / water OR faster / more energes evaporate rgetic mols left behind be evaporate taken from milk tion produces cooling loth always being damp by soaking up water	etic))) any 3)	B1 × 3	[9]				

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0625	31

8 (a) medium A because angle in air is bigger OR angle in A is smaller OR refracts / bends away from normal / angle of refraction greater than angle of incidence / total internal reflection only occurs in denser medium В1 (b) air: light travels faster in less dense medium OR air: air is less dense / rarer B1 (c) $42^{\circ}-43^{\circ}$ В1 (d) total internal reflection **B1** C1 (e) $n = \sin i / \sin r$ OR $n = \sin r / \sin i$ OR 1.49 = $\sin i / \sin 35$ (allow 1.49 or refractive index instead of *n* in any of above) 58.719° to at least 2 s.f. Allow 58.71° **A1** (f) n = speed in air / speed in medium in any arrangementOR $1.49 = 3.0 \times 10^{8}$ / speed in medium A C1 2.01343×10^{8} m/s to at least 2 s.f. [8] Α1 9 (a) half-wave rectification clearly indicated (any wave shape, repeated): at least 2 humps with all spaces more than half width of hump, by eye. **B**1 **(b) (i) A** (c.a.o.) M1 (ii) For answers A and B only in (i), not C or D: Route to resistor: correct arrow on one downwards diode and nothing wrong on this route **B1** Route from resistor: correct arrow on one downwards diode and nothing wrong on this route B1 [4]

	Pa	ge 6	6			Ma	ark S	Sch	eme	: T	eac	her	s' v	ersi	on			Sy	llabu	s		Pape	er
							IC	CS	<u>E –</u>	Ма	y/J	une	200	09				C	625			31	
10	(a)	(i)	0 (A)	/ zer	ro	U	nit p	ena	Ity if	wr	ong	unif	t									B1	
		(ii)	12 V																			B1	
	(b)	(i)	V / R 0.5 A		₹ '	/ =	<i>IR</i> i	n ar	ny fo	rm,	, lett	ters,	wo	rds (or nu	mbe	ers					C1 A1	
		(ii) 8 × candidate's (i) OR 8/24 × 12 4 V OR 4.0 V e.c.f.											C1 A1										
	(c)	5.3 12	P ₁ + 1/F (Ω) O / candi 5 A c.a	R 5 idate	51/3	(Ω)					/ (R	? ₁ + /	R ₂)	in ar	ny for	m						B1 C1 C1 A1	
		Alte	ernativ	ely:	1	2/1 Curr	•	0.7 ade	5) A ded			/8 (= 2/8 (,								C1 C1 C1 A1	[10]
11	(a)	igno β	ore an 3rd a (use	nd 4 √ +	lth ×	col = 0	lumr for	ns ti	cked as) i	d .e.	1 cc 1 cc 2 cc 2 cc	orre orre orre	ct, r ct, ^ ct, ^ ct, 2	1 wro 1 wro 2 or 3	_		1 m 1 m	arks ark ark ark arks			B1	+ B1 B1	
	(b)	 idea of in plane of page OR perpendicular to magnetic field top to bottom of the page OR opposite direction of deflection of α OR down the page Ignore downwards. Ignore references to + or – plates, for both C1 and A 										.1		C1 A1	[5]								

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/32

Paper 32 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0625	32

Notes about Mark Scheme Symbols and Other Matters

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Second variant Mark Scheme

	Pa	ge 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	,
			IGCSE – May/June 2009	0625	32	
1	(a)		callipers OR micrometer OR screw gauge nier scale		B1	
	(b)	Mark to remeasure close instruction too ti for micro check / s find mea	number of pieces	В3	[4]	
2	(a)	water AN	ND liquids expand more than solids		B1	
	(b)	steel (steel) ex different	M1 A1 A1	[4]		
3	(a)	10 m/s ²	OR 9.8 m/s ² OR 9.81 m/s ² OR 9.80 m/s ²		B1	
	(b)	gradient	/ slope decreased OR graph becomes less steep /	flatter	B1	
	(c)		ance / drag was increasing d was increasing		M1 A1	
	(d)	(i) cons	stant		B1	
		` '	esultant force / force up = force down / weight = air res (up and down) balance / opposite forces equal	resistance /	B1	
	(e)	В			B1	
	(f)	(upward	r resistance / air resistance bigger than weight force not acceptable) ea (due to open parachute)		B1 B1	[9]

Second variant Mark Scheme

	Page 4	e 4 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus								Paper				
					IGCSE	. – Мау	June :	2009		0625	32			
4	(a) (i)	 (a) (i) (note: diagram may be drawn in any orientation) sides correct length, by eye forces drawn at 45°, by eye parallelogram completed correct diagonal drawn / correct resultant if intersecting arcs shown (ii) magnitude: between 5500 N and 5700 								B1 B1 B1 B1				
	(ii)	_	gnitude: ction:			500 N ar 3° and 3		0			B1 B1			
	(b) (i)	it ha	s directi	ion (a	s well a	as magı	nitude))			B1			
	(ii)	any	example	e whic	ch is cl	early a	vector				B1	[8]		
5	(a) (i)	½ ×	√² 7500 × 000 J C								C1 C1 A1			
	(ii)	10%	: <i>E/t</i> in ai ‰ × his (a 000 W C	a)		c.f.					B1 C1 A1			
	(b) (i)	3750	0 kg								В1			
	(ii)	mas spe	cf from (ss: ½ Ofed: ½ Otton = 1/8	R cor	rect su '50 (J)	ıb in <i>½r</i>	nv²		mark is 2		C1 C1 A1	[10]		
6	(a) (i)		<i>F /A</i> in a × 10 ⁶ Pa				rds or	number	S		C1 A1			
	(ii)	84 N	N OR 84	4.0 N							В1			
	(iii)	_	ne force ch) bigg			smalle	r area				B1 B1			
	(b) (i)		<i>hdg</i> in a 10 ⁴ Pa(C1 A1			
	(ii)	cand	didate's	(i)							B1	[8]		

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0625	32

- 7 (a) Total penalty for use of 'particles' rather than 'molecules' is 1 mark.
 - (i) idea of some molecules gaining more KE
 mols overcome attractive forces OR mols break free of surface
 B1
 - (ii) greater area B1 more mols escape (in given time) B1
 - (iii) increase temperature / supply more heat / make hotter)
 blow air across surface, or equiv.) any 2 B1 + B1
 reduce humidity)
 decrease pressure)
 - (b) water evaporates from cloth / water OR faster / more energetic molecules evaporate

 less energetic mols left behind
 energy to evaporate taken from milk
 evaporation produces cooling
 idea of cloth always being damp by soaking up water

 (9)
- (a) medium A because angle in air is bigger OR angle in A is smaller OR refracts / bends away from normal / angle of refraction greater than angle of incidence / total internal reflection only occurs in denser medium
 - (b) air: light travels faster in less dense medium OR air: air is less dense / rarer B1
 - (c) 42°-43°
 - (d) total internal reflection B1
 - (e) $n = \sin i / \sin r$ OR $n = \sin r / \sin i$ OR $1.49 = \sin i / \sin 35$ C1 (allow 1.49 or refractive index instead of n in any of above) 58.719° to at least 2 s.f. Allow 58.71°
 - (f) n = speed in air / speed in medium in any arrangement OR $1.49 = 3.0 \times 10^8$ / speed in medium A C1 2.01343×10^8 m/s to at least 2 s.f. A1 [8]

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2009	0625	32

9 (a) half-wave rectification clearly indicated (any wave shape, repeated): at least 2 humps with all spaces more than half width of hump, by eye. **B1 (b) (i) A** (c.a.o.) M1 (ii) For answers A and B only in (i), not C or D: Route to resistor: correct arrow on one downwards diode and **B1** nothing wrong on this route Route from resistor: correct arrow on one downwards diode and [4] nothing wrong on this route **B**1 10 (a) (i) 12 V **B1** 1 0 V **B**1 2 **B1** (ii) both lamps off **B1 (b) (i)** 6 V (ii) both lamps full / normal brightness, NOT dim **B1** (iii) V = IR in any form C1 6/18 OR 12/36 e.c.f. from (b)(i) C1 0.33 A OR 1/3 A OR 0.3 A with indication of recurring A1 (c) appropriate equation: $1/R = 1/R_1 + 1/R_2$ OR $(R_1 \times R_2) / (R_1 + R_2)$ OR 9Ω C1 Ignore words product / sum 0.9Ω **A1** lamps would blow too much voltage **B**1) any 1 too much current [11] **11** (a) ignore any extra ticks against α 3rd and 4th columns ticked (use $\sqrt{+ \times = 0}$ for extras) i.e. 2 correct 2 marks 1 correct, nothing else 1 mark 1 correct, 1 wrong 1 mark 2 correct, 1 wrong 1 mark 2 correct, 2 or 3 wrong 0 marks B1 + B1 1st column ticked (use $\checkmark + x = 0$ for extras) **B1** C1 (b) idea of in plane of page OR perpendicular to magnetic field top to bottom of the page $\,$ OR $\,$ opposite direction of deflection of α $\,$ OR **A1** down the page Ignore downwards. Ignore references to + or – plates, for both C1 and A1 [5]