



# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

| CANDIDATE<br>NAME |  |  |  |                     |  |  |
|-------------------|--|--|--|---------------------|--|--|
| CENTRE<br>NUMBER  |  |  |  | CANDIDATE<br>NUMBER |  |  |

# 3 1 8 1 4 1 9 1 1 9

### TRAVEL AND TOURISM

0471/02

Marketing and Promotion

October/November 2007

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

| For Exam | iner's Use |
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| 1        |            |
| 2        |            |
| 3        |            |
| 4        |            |
| Total    |            |

This document consists of 12 printed pages and 0 blank pages.



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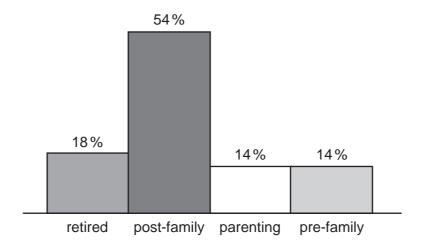


Fig. 1

Study Fig. 1 above, a table showing the types of people who regularly take a cruise holiday.

| (a) | (i)  | Identify how the cruise market has been segmented in this table.   |
|-----|------|--|
|     |      | [1]  |
|     | (ii) | Suggest how this information could be used by cruise operators in order to market their products and services. |
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|     |      | [6]  |

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| (b) | (i)  | Describe <b>one</b> market research technique that could be used to obtain the data in Fig. 1.              | For<br>Examiner's<br>Use |
|-----|------|---|--------------------------|
|     |      |   |                          |
|     |      | [2]   |                          |
|     | (ii) | Give <b>two</b> advantages of this type of research technique.  |                          |
|     |      | Advantage 1   |                          |
|     |      |   |                          |
|     |      | Advantage 2   |                          |
|     |      | [2]   |                          |
| (c) |      | te at which stage of the product life cycle you would place the cruise market. Give reason for your answer. |                          |
|     | Sta  | ge of life cycle  |                          |
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|     | Rea  | ason  |                          |
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| (d) | Discuss the product/service mix associated with a cruise holiday.      |
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| (e) | Explain why marketing and promotion are important to cruise operators. |
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|     | [Total : 25]   |

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| (a) | (i)  | Define the term <i>public relations</i> .   | - |
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|     |      | [1]   |   |
|     | (ii) | Describe <b>two</b> examples of how public relations are used in the travel and tourism industry.   |   |
|     |      | Example 1   |   |
|     |      |   |   |
|     |      |   |   |
|     |      | Example 2   |   |
|     |      |   |   |
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|     |      | [4]   |   |
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| (b) |      | plain the benefits of printed publicity materials as a communication method from the nt of view of both the tourism provider <b>and</b> the customer. |   |
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| (c) | Explain how the AIDA principle can be used to benefit tourism providers in marketing their products.                  |
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| (d) | Describe the way in which the brand image of an airline company may be used to promote the company's travel products. |
| (d) | Describe the way in which the brand image of an airline company may be used to  |
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The Hong Kong Tourism Authority carried out a situation analysis, in order to see how it could improve tourism provision in Hong Kong. The analysis was broken down into two parts – PEST and SWOT analyses.

| Section 1  Section 2  Section 3  Section 4 | Identity the <b>four</b> sections of a PEST analysis. |
|--|---|
| Section 2  Section 3  Section 4            | Section 1   |
| Section 3 Section 4                        |   |
| Section 3  Section 4                       | Section 2   |
| Section 4                                  |   |
| Section 4                                  | Section 3   |
|  |   |
| [4]  | Section 4   |
|  | [4]   |

The results of the SWOT analysis are given below.

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| Strength    | Hong Kong is a cosmopolitan destination, offering western tourists an opportunity to gain a positive experience of Asia.  |
|-------------|---|
| Weakness    | Tourists complain about the lack of visitor information at the airport, ferry and cruise terminals, including signposts.  |
| Opportunity | Hong Kong has a wide product mix of natural beauty, history, cultural attractions, entertainment facilities, special events and is the gateway to mainland China. |
| Threat      | The media reports that the bird flu crisis originated in Eastern Asia, bringing a negative image for countries such as Hong Kong.                                 |

| (b) | Select <b>one</b> priority for Hong Kong from the SWOT results above. Explain the role that tourism providers will have, working in partnership with the Hong Kong Tourism Authority, in tourism development. |  |
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The Hong Kong Tourism Authority suggests the development of a wide range of tourism products for the country. These include the following:

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- Waterfront attractions based on the successful night markets and quayside restaurants in Singapore.
- Food attractions highlighting the richness of oriental flavours/aromas in on-the-street cookery demonstrations.
- Natural medicine packages allowing visitors to experience a range of alternative health treatments.
- Mainland China guided tours appealing to visitors who enjoy multi-stay holidays.

| c) | Imagine that you work for the Hong Kong Tourism Authority. Explain how you would develop the marketing mix for <b>one</b> of these new tourism products. |
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| Many of the | tourism products identified by the Hong Kong Tourism Authority are intangible.  |
|-------------|---|
| (d) (i)     | Define the term intangible.   |
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| (ii)        | Intangibility is usually a characteristic of a service. Explain why the characteristics of products and services of the travel and tourism industry are difficult to describe. Use examples to explain your answer. |
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[Total : 25]

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The tourism market is often described as being 'price sensitive'. This has an impact on the actual price that customers pay for tourism products and services they purchase.

| (a) | (1)  | providers, in order to set a price for a particular product or service.                      |
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|     |      | [1]  |
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|     | (ii) | Describe how discount pricing allows tourism providers to react to a price sensitive market. |
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| (b) |      | cuss the range of external factors that influence the pricing policies of the travel ustry.  |
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The tourism industry has developed a different chain of distribution in response to changing customer needs.

| (c) | (i)  | Explain the most common chain of distribution for a package holiday. |  |
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|     | (ii)   | Draw a diagram to illustrate your answer in (c) (i).                 |  |
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| (d) | d) An international hotel chain wishes to expand its business and build new hotels worldwide. Evaluate the factors that will influence the selection of suitable locations for these hotels. |  |  |
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