

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2008 question paper

## 0471 TRAVEL AND TOURISM

0471/01

Paper 1 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Q. No.	Exp	ected Answer		Mark	A.O.
1 (a)	appe Awa • •	tify four different ways in which the proper eals to guests. rd one mark for each of four identifications only from Large, flat, sandy beach (one physical detail) Beach is clean/no litter Litter bins provided Only a few sun loungers on beach Beach area is therefore uncrowded Loungers & umbrellas on grass area Palm trees for shade Life guard hut.	-	4	B3.0
(b)	Fig. Awa mark	ain two ways in which the food and drink 1(b), provide a comfortable service environment rd one mark for each of two valid identifications (for an appropriate explanation of each. Correct identifications (1) – table service (1) Sitting at tables (1) – easier to eat & drink from (1) Umbrellas (1) – shaded from sun (1) Stone floor (1) – easier to walk on (1) lit all valid reasoning.	t for guests. and a further one	4	B3.0
(c)	reso Awa the s each	ain four personal skills and qualities that mem ort properties would be expected to possess. and one mark for each of four valid service identification $5^*$ context and a further one mark for an appropria. Correct ideas include: Personal presentation (1) – professional appearance Interpersonal (1) – relate to guest & also with colleat Communication (1) – foreign language (1) ICT (1) – work till (1) Follow customer care procedures (1) – exceed gue F&B knowledge (1) – explain menu etc (1) lit all valid reasoning.	tions appropriate to iate explanation of e (1) agues (1)	8	C1.0 C2.0
(d)	prop This beac • •	gest three ways in which food and drink ou perties might promote special offers to guests. is clearly based on the idea of promotion but within the resort. Award one mark for each of three valid su Chalk board Menu insert Table sign Room service guide Hotel newsletter Hotel notice board other valid suggestion.	the context of a 5*	3	C5.0

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(e)	<ul> <li>Discuss the range of negative environmental impacts that may result from the development of large coastal resort properties.</li> <li>We are only interested in negative environmental impacts and candidates can validly discuss coastal resort development issues/conditions in terms of: <ul> <li>Land e.g. visual pollution, congestion etc</li> <li>Sea e.g. oil spills, habitat destruction etc</li> <li>Air e.g. traffic fumes etc.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Furthermore, it should be clear as to how identifiable negative impacts have been caused.</li> <li>Use level of response criteria</li> <li>Level 1 (1–2 marks) can be awarded for the identification of appropriate environmental negative impacts</li> <li>Level 2 (3–4 marks) for the analysis of 1 or 2 specific negative impacts, with credit for valid solutions</li> </ul> <li>Level 3 (5–6 marks) can be awarded for the evaluation of 2 or more reasons leading to a conclusion about the relative importance of the forces</li>	6	A2.0
2 (a)	<ul> <li>Identify three Asian countries included in the WEF top 30 most attractive environments for the development of tourism.</li> <li>Award one mark for the identification of each of three of the following: <ul> <li>Hong Kong</li> <li>Singapore</li> <li>Japan</li> <li>Taiwan.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	3	A4.0 B3.0
(b)	Identify and explain two ways in which the United Nations World Tourism Organisation says countries like Malaysia benefit from tourism.         Award one mark for the identification of each of two valid benefits and a further one mark for an appropriate explanation of each. Correct ideas will include:         • Foreign exchange (1) – improves balance of payments (1)         • Driver of growth/prosperity (1) – creates a multiplier effect (1)         • New jobs (1) – reduces unemployment (1).         Credit all valid reasoning from Fig. 2 information about economic impact.	4	A2.0
(c) (i)	What term best describes the climate of Malaysia? Award one mark for Equatorial (allow Tropical).	1	B2.0
(ii)	Will local time in Kuala Lumpur be in advance of or behind local time in the Middle East? Award one mark for 'in advance'.	1	B2.0
(iii)	How many degrees of latitude does Peninsular Malaysia cover? Award one mark for 5 degrees.	1	B2.0
(iv)	State whether Kuala Lumpur is located south or north of Singapore. Award one mark for North.	1	B1.0

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(d)	<ul> <li>Explain four marketing and promotion methods that the Malaysia Tourism Promotion Board is likely to use in order to increase the number of overseas visitors to the country.</li> <li>Award one mark for the identification of each of four valid methods appropriate to the National Tourist Board context and a further one mark for an appropriate explanation of each. Correct ideas include: <ul> <li>Website (1) – destination information (1)</li> <li>Overseas offices (1) – supply target markets (1)</li> <li>Publicity campaigns (1) – promote events (1)</li> <li>Travel fairs (1) – showcase facilities (1)</li> <li>Fam trips (1) – impress travel agents (1)</li> <li>Loyalty offers (1) – reward sales (1)</li> <li>Brochures &amp; destination manuals (1) – available from offices or direct (1)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			8	A3.0 C5.0
(e)	Disc Lum exar This unde ansv <u>Use</u> Leve accc Leve busin	suss the ways in which major city destination inpur meet the needs of business tourists. You is very open and allows candidates to show off the erstanding about the needs of business tourists. It is ver will be set in the context of a known destination. <u>level of response criteria</u> ef 1 (1–2 marks) will be descriptive of facilities such ommodation and conference venues ef 2 (3–4 marks) will explain the use of identifiat ness tourist ef 3 (5–6 marks) will offer some evaluative commen- ne relative importance of the identified facilities.	u should refer to heir knowledge and s expected that the has airport access, ble facilities to the	6	A1.0 B1.0 B3.0 D1.0
3 (a)	Iden duri Awa	<b>tify the </b> <i>four</i> <b>locations that have a special hand</b> <b>ng the main tourist season.</b> rd one mark for each of the following: Paguera Santa Ponca Magaluf Palma Nova.	licraft market just	4	C4.0
(b)	each Awa appr appr •	ain three ways in which the market held in the Monday is likely to appeal to tourists. rd one mark for the identification of each of opriate to the market context and a further opriate explanation of each. Correct ideas include: Oldest market $(1) - USP$ in the area $(1)$ 60+ stalls $(1) -$ choice $(1)Main street (1) - accessible to visitors (1)Calvia oldest town in area (1) - traditional, cultural alit all valid reasoning based on Fig. 3.$	three valid ways one mark for an	6	B3.0

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(c)	Many destinations are famous for their local food and drink. Complete the following table and identify a typical food or drink for each country. Award one mark for each appropriate choice such as: • USA – hamburger • Italy – pizza • India – curry • China – rice • UK – fish & chips.	5	B3.0
(d)	<ul> <li>In many destinations, visitors can go on 'food-themed' tours. Explain <i>two</i> ways in which such tours will be organised.</li> <li>Most candidates may well talk about the experience but we can accept any valid points about tourists taking part in an excursion. Award one mark for each of two valid identifications and a second mark for an appropriate explanatory development of each, covering such matters as: <ul> <li>Booking at hotel tour desk (1) – taken by coach (1)</li> <li>Tour guide at destination (1) – shown round in group at set time (1)</li> <li>Different groups at different times (1) – avoids congestion (1)</li> <li>Tasting (1) – chance to buy (1)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	4	D1.0 D2.0
(e)	<ul> <li>Discuss the visitor appeal of one cultural attraction with which you are familiar.</li> <li>This is quite specific, expect precise details about an identifiable cultural visitor attraction and the ways in which its facilities appeal to all appropriate types of visitor.</li> <li>Use level of response criteria</li> <li>Level 1 (1–2 marks) awarded for simple description of the attraction's features/facilities</li> <li>Level 2 (3–4 marks) for analysis of 1 or 2 features showing clearly the appeal to particular types of visitor e.g. business versus leisure</li> <li>Level 3 (5–6 marks) for evaluative comment about 2 or more of the attractions features and some conclusion about what is most important/significant.</li> </ul>	6	A1.0 B3.0 D1.0
4 (a)	Outline three reasons to explain why visitors with only 24 hours to spend in Seoul are advised to take the City Bus Tour. Award one mark for the identification of each of three valid reasons and a second mark for an appropriate development of each. Correct ideas based on Fig. 4 will include: • Tour takes in main sites (1) – convenient (1) • Hop on, hop off (1) – allow visits (1) • Tour guide (1) – explains sites (1) • 35 seats (1) – never too crowded (1) • Bus special design (1) – comfortable (1) Credit all valid reasoning.	3	B1.0

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(b)	<ul> <li>Visitors planning a stopover in Seoul can research the destination before they travel. Explain how three different sources of information are of use to such visitors.</li> <li>Award one mark for the identification of three valid sources of visitor information and a second mark for an appropriate explanation of their usefulness. Correct ideas include: <ul> <li>Internet (1) – large range of material (1)</li> <li>National Tourist Board office (1) – send destination details on request (1)</li> <li>Guide books (1) – advice &amp; suggestions (1)</li> <li>TV programmes (1) – opinions (1)</li> <li>Travel agency staff (1) – availability (1)</li> <li>Other people (1) – personal experiences (1)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	6	B3.0 C4.0 D1.0
(c)	<ul> <li>Many European visitors arriving in Seoul will be travelling economy class on a long haul scheduled flight. Identify <i>four</i> in-flight services provided for the convenience of economy class passengers.</li> <li>Award one mark for each of four valid identifications such as: <ul> <li>Meals appropriate to journey time</li> <li>Free drinks</li> <li>Entertainment</li> <li>Pillows, blankets etc</li> <li>Child services</li> <li>Special needs etc</li> </ul> </li> <li>Credit all valid in-flight services.</li> </ul>	6	D1.0 D2.0
(d)	<ul> <li>Seoul has many rival stopover destinations for travel between Europe and Australia. In the table below, circle the <i>three</i> destinations that are important stopover destinations for passengers travelling to Australia from Europe.</li> <li>Award one mark for each of: <ul> <li>Dubai</li> <li>Hong Kong</li> <li>Singapore.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	4	D4.0
(e)	Not all passengers passing through Seoul will have a stopover. These passengers are described as being <i>in transit</i> . Discuss the range of services that major international airports provide for passengers who are <i>in transit</i> . The concept of the transit lounge may not be familiar to all candidates but we can accept all <b>air-side</b> facilities and services. However, expect more than just duty free for the higher marks. Use level of response criteria Level 1 (1–2 marks) will be descriptive of air-side products, services & facilities.	6	D4.0
	Level 2 (3–4 marks) will analyse the usefulness of 2 or more identifiable facilities to the transiting passenger Level 3 (5–6 marks) will offer evaluative comment about 2 or more valid services and thus come to a conclusion about the provision offered.		